The New-York Times.

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NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1865.

PRICE FOUR CENTS.

From the Home Journal.

NEW MUSICAL INSTRUMENT FOR THE DRAWING-ROOM.

The piano-forte, which has had almost exclusive favor as a drawing-room instrument, is finding a rival in the cabinet organ, recently introduced, and which is receiving much favor in musical circles.

An instrument which should be capable, in a good degree, of producing the admirable effects of the large pipe-organ, of adding to them in important respects, and yet which should not exceed the possibilities of private houses as to space, expense, etc., has long been a desideratum with musical connoisseurs, and its production an object of the ambition of manufacturers. We have become so accustomed to the piano-forte as the sole interpreter of all classes of instrumental music in our homes; and it so admirable in its office, in many respects, that it is not realized that, in large classes of music, it labors under a great disadvantage from its inability to produce *sustained tones*. Yet, for the interpretation of many compositions, these are actually essential. From the instant a piano key is struck the tone rapidly decreases, until it is lost entirely. In no way can it be long continued or made to increase, instead of diminishing; and the repetition of tones to which the performer is compelled to resort, in place of their prolongation, is, after all, unsatisfactory in its results. This peculiarity of the tones of the piano-forte is undoubtedly excellent, as a single effect, conducing to the gracefulness and spirit of its utterances and its capacity for expression, but it is by no means the only desirable effect, and the impossibility of escaping it produces a certain sameness and monotony, and greatly circumscribes the capabilities of the instrument.

The various orchestral and band instruments, and the human voice, especially, avoid this sameness of the piano-forte, and are capable of sustained tones, with greater variety in *crescendo* and *diminuendo* effects; but not one of them, singly, can produce harmony as well as melody. Here, then, they are far behind the piano in usefulness. Where a number of them can be used together, as in an orchestra, choir, or even quartette of voices, or instruments, harmony as well as melody is possible, with every variety of musical effect. Hence it is for such combinations that most of the best musical compositions have been written, and they cannot be adequately rendered by any instrument not capable of sustained tones. But those of us who are less than princes cannot keep, at our private command, bands of musicians to minister to our musical pleasure at will, and thus the need of some one instrument which shall combine the capabilities of many; which shall add to the capacity of the piano that of the organ, and, under the hands of a single performer, better render our most valuable music than the piano can possibly do, on account of the peculiarities mentioned.

Pipe organs are out of the question, from the large space they must necessarily occupy, in order to contain reasonable compass and variety, as well as from their great cost. In a pipe-organ, if it be properly balanced and well furnished in its lower as well as upper tones, a pipe sixteen feet long and several inches in diameter is requisite to produce the single lowest tone. From this size, the pipes gradually decrease in size, as the tones to be produced are higher; but, as in a single full stop, there must be sixty-one pipes, and as a reasonably satisfactory pipe-organ must contain several stops, it is obvious that a large amount of space must be occupied by such an instrument—not to mention the expense involved in its construction. For private houses, therefore, to save space and expense, it has been customary and even necessary, to omit the heavier stops, requiring these large pipes; and so disproportioned, ill-balanced instruments have been the result, without, after all, attaining sufficient compactness and economy to render them generally available.

This insuperable difficulty, with some minor ones, has prevented the pipe organs from becoming popular as parlor-instruments.

For a long time it has appeared probable to those who were cognizant of such matters, that if the desired instrument, which should be a miniature of the great pipe organ, or an epitome of the orchestra, were ever produced, it must be by the improvement and development of some form of instrument in which the tones were produced by *reeds*. These occupy little space, are readily controlled, and do not involve any great expense. Hence, much time and ingenuity have been given to experiments in this direction. The chief difficulty to be overcome was not trifling; being nothing less than poor, unattractive quality of tone. The term "reedy tones," had become almost a proverbial expression of condemnation. And then there were other shortcomings scarcely less important.

It is not our purpose to attempt any allusion even, to the innumerable experiments which have been made in the course of many years to overcome this radical defect, as well as the other deficiencies in reed instruments. Their success has been various, and not always encouraging, though progress was made from time to time, the result of which the public had in the shape of melodeons, harmoniums and reed organs of various names. It is only within a few years, however, that reed instruments have attained such a degree of excellence as to merit or receive much attention from musical *connoisseurs*. But within these few years such material progress has been made by the well-known manufacturers, Messrs. Mason & Hamlin, of Boston, as to place the instruments made by them on a higher level, and to decide the question that the piano-forte is no longer to hold the only prominent place as a household instrument. These manufacturers have worked out the secret of producing tones of the best quality—tones of surpassing purity and richness—from reeds, and have otherwise brought the instruments, for which they have adopted the appropriate name, "Cabinet Organs," to such a degree of excellence, that they are exciting much interest in musical circles, and are already becoming the *fashion* with those who are on the alert for musical novelties of real merit. Without doubt, in these Cabinet Organs we have the long-sought instrument of sustained tones, which is hereafter to divide with the piano-forte the musical honors of the drawing-room.

The attractions of these new instruments are their really beautiful tones, which are capable of being sustained indefinitely, and which have considerable variety in character, while the performer has their degree of loudness always easily at command; so that he can, at will, produce what are technically termed *organ tones, crescendos, diminuendos*, etc. Here, then, are met the principal requirements of the long-needed instrument possessing the capacity which the piano lacks. Almost all sacred music, as well as the majority of transcriptions from the operas and various orchestral compositions, find better interpretation in the Cabinet Organ than they before had from any single instrument. As compared with large pipe-organs, these new instruments are, of course, lacking in power and grandeur. On the other hand, they have much more vivacity of utterance, and need not shrink from comparison as to quality of tones.

The size of the Cabinet Organs averages not half that of the piano-forte, while the shape affords opportunity for elegant designs in exterior finish, of which its makers have availed themselves with much good taste.

Having in so many respects compared or contrasted this new instrument with the piano-forte, let us guard against being understood that it is likely, in any way, to displace the latter instrument. We rather adopt Mr. Gottschalk's view, that the "Cabinet Organ is an admirable complement to the piano-forte, being a better interpreter of many delightful compositions, and so enlarging the field of home music."

EUROPEAN NEWS.

Two Days Later by the Africa at Halifax.

OUR DEMANDS ON ENGLAND.

The Adams-Russell Correspondence the Leading Topic of Discussion in Europe.

COMMENTS OF THE LONDON PRESS

The Course of Lord Russell Commended and Sustained.

Official Statement in Regard to the Proposed Commission.

Action of the Atlantic Telegraph Company.

Continuance of the Fenian Excitement.

GENERAL CONTINENTAL NEWS.

HALIFAX, Thursday, Oct. 26.

The steamship *Africa*, Capt. ANDERSON, from Liverpool at 3:30 o'clock on the afternoon of the 4th, via Queenstown on the 15th inst., arrived here at 7:30 o'clock this morning. Her dates are two days later than those already received.

The *Africa* has thirty passengers for this port, and one hundred and nine for Boston.

The steamship *Erin*, from New-York, arrived at Liverpool on the afternoon of the 13th inst.

The steamship *Damascus*, from Quebec, arrived at Liverpool on the 14th inst.

The steamship *Australasian*, from New-York, arrived off Crookhaven at 7 o'clock on the morning of the 14th inst.

The *Africa* reports: Had head winds and a heavy sea the entire passage. Oct. 16, lat. 51 deg., long. 12 deg., passed the steamship *City of Cork*, for Liverpool; Oct. 19, lat. 50 deg., long. 31 deg., passed an Inman steamer bound East.

Among the *Africa's* passengers from Halifax are Judge JACKSON, United States Consul, and lady; Dr. McKAY and lady, and Hon. ARTHUR GORDON, Lieutenant-Governor of New-Brunswick, and lady.

NEW-YORK, Friday, Oct. 27.

The steamer *City of New-York* arrived at this port last night.

AMERICAN TOPICS.

OUR CLAIMS ON ENGLAND.

The English papers generally have articles on the correspondence between Mr. ADAMS, the American Minister, and Earl RUSSELL, just published, and regard it as most important.

IMPORTANCE OF THE DISCUSSION.

The London *Times* says that it is the most important discussion in reference to the rights and duties of neutrals that has been carried on for many years between the representatives of two great maritime Powers.

The *Times* can hardly doubt that Earl RUSSELL's proposal for a commission will ultimately be accepted as the most satisfactory method of adjusting the outstanding claims between the two nations. No foreign sovereign nor State could have entered into all the details of each specific claim and counter claim, for it must not be forgotten that we too have long bills against the United States for damages incurred by British subjects during the war. Still less could we have consented, as Earl RUSSELL points out, to submit the *bona fides* of our government or the legal competency of our law officers to the judgment of any foreign government. The best, if not the only, solution of the difficulty, therefore, was that suggested by Earl RUSSELL, and we earnestly hope it will be the means for the termination of a controversy which but for the forbearance shown by both parties would certainly have led to a rupture between Great Britain and the United States. The candid and friendly tone of argument so elaborately conducted by Earl RUSSELL and Minister ADAMS justifies this expectation.

ENGLAND'S CAUSES OF COMPLAINT.

The *Times* winds up its article by pointing to the Fenian movement in America, as threatening a breach of the foreign enlistment act, and says that this helps us to look at such proceedings from an American point of view, and will help our critics to look at them from our point of view. In the meantime, let us agree to differ amicably, and not allow a transient feeling of jealousy or resentment to prejudice the permanent settlement of a question in which all the maritime nations are equally concerned.

The *Times*, in another article, contends that if England chooses to be angry or inconsiderate, she would have greater reason to complain of America's position as a neutral in the Fenian movement, than ever America has had in regard to England's attitude toward the South, inasmuch as the Fenian plot was formed in America by American citizens, although the conspirators may have been mostly of Irish extraction. The *Times*, however, admits that the American Government has acted, in regard to the movements of the Fenians, with all honorable openness, notwithstanding the secret fillibustering plots of its citizens.

SOMEWHAT BELLIGERENT.

The *Daily News* says: "It is clear that the discussion of the question is exhausted. The British Minister has distinctly declared that the question is:

"Have Her Majesty's Government acted with good faith and honesty?' and if this be so the public will agree with our Foreign Minister that it cannot be entertained or referred to any potentate or body whatever."

The *Daily News* continues: "If it be absolutely necessary to British honor and dignity that the claims be met by a simple negative, Parliament and the people must maintain that position." It hopes, however, that the good sense of modern statesmen may before long find a solution for difficulties which may be serious but surely are not insuperable.

THE PROPOSED COMMISSION.

The *Times* of the 14th inst. contains the following official statement:

"In order to guard against any misunderstanding, we are requested to restate that the proposal of Earl RUSSELL to the American Government was conveyed in the following words:

'Her Majesty's Government are ready to consent to the appointment of a commission, to which shall be referred all the claims arising during the late civil war which the two powers shall agree to refer to the commissioners.'

These concluding words limit the subject of reference, since it would be inconsistent with the position taken up by Her Majesty's Government, and with the arguments which induced it to decline arbitration, to decide the claims for losses by the *Alabama* and other vessels of the same character, to be brought before the commission for decision. It must be understood, therefore, that if any such commission were agreed on, these cases would be excluded from its jurisdiction."

The *Morning Post* thinks that Earl RUSSELL's proposition to the American Government will most probably be accepted.

APPROVAL OF LORD RUSSELL'S COURSE.

The London *Herald* congratulates Earl RUSSELL upon the tone and spirit of his dispatches to the American Minister.

UNITED STATES STOCKS AND BONDS.

MEETING OF BONDHOLDERS.

The holders of bonds, stocks and shares of the various States comprising the United States of North America, whereon the coupons, interest or dividends are now in arrear, arising from the late war and other causes, held a meeting at the London Tavern on the 10th inst., to take into consideration the position of these securities, and to appoint a committee to represent and protect the common interest. The meeting was well attended. Mr. E. HASLEWOOD presided, and the notice convening the meeting having been read,

The Chairman apologised for the absence of his brother, Mr. LEWIS H. HASLEWOOD, whose name was appended to the notice convening the meeting, and which, he said, was caused by domestic affliction. He went on to say that they had been requested to attend there that day to take into consideration their position, and to adopt such steps as they thought advisable. The number of their friends who were constantly inquiring what was going to be done by those States which were in arrear forced upon their attention the absolute necessity which existed for finding some channel by which the bondholders might make themselves authoritatively heard, and hence this public meeting. There was another object also in view in calling them together. It was felt that a great benefit would accrue to the States by giving them a nucleus through which the Legislatures might obtain a knowledge of the wishes of the bondholders, and carry on negotiations for such satisfactory arrangements as would restore to them their former credit and position. That the meeting might form some idea of the amount of the indebtedness of some of these States the following particulars had been collected: South Carolina, £700,000; Missouri, £5,000,000; Tennessee, £800,000; ditto guarnteed, £3,300,000; North Carolina, £1,800,000; Georgia, £600,000; Arkansas, £600,000; Virginia, £11,200,000; Louisiana, £1,100,000. Total, £25,000,000. To these figures must be added at least £2,000,000 to represent the debts of the cities, counties, railroads, banks, and other corporate bodies; but it did not include the bonds of Mississippi, which with the arrears now amounted to £4,000,000, which must be settled some day. Neither did it include any variety of indebtedness arising out of the war. The list only represented those debts which for more than a quarter of a century had been in existence. The total amount of these arrears could not be less than £4,000,000 sterling. The aggregate debt of these States was not less than £25,000,000 sterling, and experience had shown that the longer the settlements of the debts of States which had become embarrassed was delayed, the greater difficulties the authorities found in resuming their former enviable position, and the worse the terms offered to the bondholders, and the slower the return of the public credit. On these debts for nearly thirty years the dividends had been paid with an amount of regularity that had never known the slightest suspicion of default. The money had been borrowed for public purposes, had been wisely and judiciously expended, the public works were reproductive, they existed still, and though in many instances they had been injured by the war, yet the injury was not to so great an extent but that a few months would restore them to their original position. In reviewing their position, the bondholders must not allow any desponding feeling to arise that the change from slaves into freedmen would in any way lower the ability of the States to pay the interest on those debts; they must not suppose that a second Jamaica would arise in the States. There was a marvelous difference between them. In the West India Islands the owners were absentees, who only regarded their properties as being the means from which they could draw large incomes. The owners cared only for their rights, and disregarded their duties. Here the case was as dissimilar as possible. The owner was in the midst of his people, and whether they were slaves or free, they were the same faces, bound together by mutual dependence, and each requiring the other for the joint progress of both. The Americans were not a nation to encourage sloth, and had no intention in freeing the negro to permit him to become an idol, or less productive than heretofore. [Hear, hear.] There were other points to which he would draw their attention as giving ground for hope. Formerly labor was derogatory in the South, and in consequence there was a large class too proud to work who were consumers but not producers, who were of no advantage to the body politic. This class would hereafter either fill a more important position, or be superseded by a more energetic people from the North and from Europe. Another element of prosperity would be that the government national currency would permeate the cotton States, and fill the vacancy arising from the withdrawal of the insecure bank notes issued by the numerous so-called banks; this currency, being equally valuable in every part of the Union, would stimulate production, trade and commerce to an enormous degree. Paper currency was a necessity in a new country. Another great point in their favor was the fact that a large portion of these debts was held in the States which had issued them; therefore their own people were interested in the resumption of the payment of the dividends. The basis of the committee's operations would be to fund all the arrears up to the present date, and if needful absolutely something more in advance, into a bonded debt bearing the same rate of interest as the original loans, but having the coupons payable in London, with such a sinking fund as should insure the payment of this new debt within twenty years. As a measure of justice, he ought to mention that this settlement emanated from a corporation in the States, and not from this side of the Atlantic. The corporations were found to be alive to their position, but as yet the individual indebted States had made no sign, and this was the reason why it was proposed that the bondholders here should take the initiative. In selecting a committee it was extremely desirable that the gentlemen nominated should have some specialty which particularly fitted them for the position; either the individual chosen should have the advantage of having personally been resident in the States, or that he should represent some larger and influential interest in those debts. In the majority of the names which he should submit to them those two specialities were combined.

For himself, he might mention that in his early years he resided upon or in the neighborhood of many of the spots which had become famous as the battlefields of the South. He concluded by introducing to the meeting Dr. BLACK, whom he described as an American gentleman, and who was deeply interested in these bonds.

Dr. BLACK made a few remarks on the resources and industrial prospects of the Southern States; after which the Chairman moved "That the following gentlemen do form a committee, with power to add to their number, to represent the holders of stock and bonds of the States and corporations of the United States, whereon the dividends are now in arrear: L. H. Haslewood, W. Scholefield, M. P., Edward Haslewood, George Gowan and Dr. Black."

A bondholder remarked that he hoped every consideration would be allowed for the present state of the South. They were a high-minded and a noble race of people, and he thought that if their creditors only gave them time to put matters straight, they would pay, and that before long.

Dr. BLACK said, as a Southerner, he thanked the gentleman who had just spoken. He had always been a Union man, but he must say that the Southerners were a fine people, and that there was no meanness in their character. When the country was developed, and it was now being rapidly developed, he believed they would not only be able and willing, but anxious to meet every just claim upon them, and he trusted that the bondholders would show they were desirous of considering their interests, and that they would treat them with consideration and kindness. That course, he believed, would be to the interests of both parties. [Hear, hear.]

The resolution was then put, and unanimously agreed to.

The Chairman then moved, "That in consideration of the committee giving their time and attention to the prosecution of these claims, and undertaking the issue of the new bonds, a commission of one overdue coupon or dividend, being a half-year's interest, shall be given to them out of each settlement, to repay the expenses incurred, and remunerate them for their exertions and trouble."

In answer to questions from various bondholders,

The Chairman said the resolution referred to the whole capital, and as an illustration of the way in which it would work, a bondholder to the amount of £10,000 would, when the settlement was effected, have to give to the committee £250.

After some discussion, in the course of which one bondholder expressed an opinion that the proposed remuneration was too high, others, however, expressing a contrary opinion, the resolution was unanimously agreed to, and a vote of thanks having been given to the chairman, the meeting separated.

THE CONFEDERATE LOAN.

LETTER FROM MR. MASON.

To the Editor of the London Morning Herald.

SIR: My attention has been called to the annexed paragraph, taken from the NEW-YORK TIMES, of the 21st September ult.:

"THE SECRET HISTORY OF THE REBELLION.—We believe there is a bureau in Washington which contains the whole of the materials essential to a complete understanding of the interior workings of the machinery of the late Confederacy. It is doubtless from this bureau that we received the facts published two days ago respecting the allocation of the rebel cotton loan. Now we shall have to apply to the same source for a few more facts as to the distribution of Confederate favors in France. Mr. MASON's manipulation of the London press was a very clever thing in its way. But we warrant it was not half as clever as the prestidigitation of Mons. SLIDELL in Paris. The public appetite has been simply whetted by the small morsels of secret history already dealt out. Let us now have a fresh dish from the other side of the Channel, with the piquant sauce peculiar to the country."

The list of the names of English noblemen and gentlemen alleged to have been holders of the Confederate cotton loan first appeared in that paper of the 19th September, now before me, communicated, in a letter dated at Washington on the 18th. The paragraph I quote above intimates that the alleged list of bondholders was obtained from the "bureau" at Washington, lately established there as the depository of the public documents, &c., captured at the fall of the Confederate Government, and asserts by necessary implication that it was derived from materials furnished by me, and found among those documents. I desire to say through your columns that in no part of my correspondence with the Confederate Government, public or private, did I ever refer to or give the name of any holder of the Confederate loan, far less of the amount held by them. I could not have done it for the simple reason that I did not know it, nor should I have deemed it necessary to notice these absurd fabrications coming from the United States but for the apparent consequence given to them by some of the gentlemen to whom they referred. Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

J. M. MASON.

No. 24 Upper Seymour-street, Putnam-square, Oct. 7.

NOTE FROM MR. EWART.

Mr. WM. EWART, M. P., writes as follows: "Perceiving my name—though with a prefix and an address to which I am not entitled—recorded as a subscriber to the Confederate loan, I think it right to mention that I never had the slightest connection with the Confederate loan; having been, on the contrary, a warm supporter of the Northern government ever since it adopted the cause of negro emancipation. I trust that I may be allowed to make the same declaration on the part of my brother, Mr. JOSEPH EWART."

GENERAL NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

THE ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH.

At an extraordinary meeting of the stockholders of the Atlantic Telegraph Company, held in London on the 12th inst., the resolutions adopted at the meeting in August were rescinded, and it was unanimously resolved to increase the capital to two million sterling, by the creation of one hundred and sixty thousand new shares at £5 each, such shares having a preferential dividend of five per cent.

In the terms of this resolution the Board of Directors of the company forthwith issued a prospectus inviting subscriptions for one hundred and twenty thousand of the above new shares.

It was stated at the meeting that the cable on board the *Great Eastern*, and also the submerged portion, had lately been tested and found to be in perfect condition.

Unabated confidence was evinced in the prospects of the undertaking.

THE FENIANS.

The arrests of members of the Fenian Brotherhood, and their examination and commitment for trial, continued in Ireland.

Documents from America were largely mixed up in the proceedings against the Fenians.

A number of Fenians were awaiting trial, and this number was daily augmenting.

THE CHOLERA.

Numerous deaths from Asiatic cholera are reported at Epping, near London.

FRANCE.

The weekly returns of the Bank of France, show a decrease in cash of over thirty-three millions of francs.

The King and Queen of Portugal had arrived in Paris, and proceeded thence to Brussels.

The Paris Bourse was firm at 67f. 95c. for the Rentes.

ITALY.

A dispatch from Rome denies that any movement of the French troops has yet taken place. The Papal Minister of War, however, has received notification from the French Government, that the army of occupation will be concentrated at Rome, Civita Vecchia and Viterbo in January.

The Italian Minister of Finance has signed a contract for the establishment of a Bank of Italy, by an amalgamation of the banks of Sardinia and Tuscany.

It is reported that several of the German governments will shortly recognize the Kingdom of Italy.

A fire broke out at the Royal Arsenal, Naples, on the 13th inst., but it was subdued without much damage.

SPAIN.

The cholera is diminishing in Madrid. There were 85 deaths out of 370 cases on the 11th inst., and 50 deaths out of 268 attacks on the 12th. The number of cases on the 13th was 215.

INDIA.

A private telegram from Bombay, dated Oct. 2, reports cotton goods and yarns still advancing, and a later telegram from Calcutta, date not given, reports the market improving, but no material change in prices.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

The Funds are steady and rather firmer. The payment of dividends at the Bank of England commenced on the 13th inst., and exercised a favorable influence on the Money market, causing a decided increase in the supply.

The Bank of England's rate of discount remains at 7 ℔ cent. The demand for Money at the Bank was unimportant.

COMMERCIAL PER AFRICA.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, Oct. 14—A. M.

[The weekly Cotton Market was received by the *Hibernian*.]

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.

Messrs. RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co. and WAKEFIELD, NASH & Co. report: "Flour quiet and steady. Wheat inactive but firm. Corn inactive, with a decline of 3d.; Mixed 28s. 6d.@28s. 9d."

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.

Messrs. BOULT, ENGLISH & BRANDON, and BIGLAND, ATHYA & Co. report: "Beef quiet and steady. Pork firm; stock scarce. Bacon firm. Lard—the market is bare; quotations are 88s.@90s. Butter firm, with an upward tendency. Cheese firm and advancing in price. Tallow easier."

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.

Ashes steady. Sugar firmer, with an advance of 6d. Coffee steady. Rice firm. Linseed dull and declined 6d. Linseed Oil quiet. Hemp firm and advanced 4s. ℔ ton. Sperm Oil—Sales small at £119 ℔ ton. Resin dull. Spirits Turpentine quiet at 46s. Petroleum steady at 2s. 10d.@3s.

LONDON MARKETS (BARING.)

Breadstuffs quiet and steady. Iron firm. Sugar steady. Coffee steady. Tea active, with a heavy demand for America. Rice firm. Spirits Turpentine quiet at 45s. Petroleum steady at 3s. 2d. Sperm Oil nominal. Tallow firm at 47s. 9d.@48s.

PARIS, Sunday, Oct. 15.

The Bourse is flat: Rentes closed at 67f. 85c.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, Oct. 14—Evening.

COTTON—Sales to-day 25,000 bales, including 12,000 bales to speculators and exporters. The market closes buoyant at an advance of ¼d.@½d.

BREADSTUFFS—The market is quiet and steady.

PROVISIONS—The market is firm but quiet.

LONDON, Sunday, Oct. 14—Evening.

CONSOLS closed at 88⅞@89 for money.

AMERICAN STOCKS—United States 5-20s 67⅛@68; Erie Railroad, 51¾@58½; Illinois Central Railroad, 83¾@84.

BRUSSELS, Saturday, Oct. 14.

The National Bank of Belgium has advanced its rate of discount 5 ℔ cent.

MEXICAN AFFAIRS.

Juarez at El Paso—Mexican Emigration—Matamoras Besieged by Cortinas—Military Movements.

NEW-ORLEANS, Tuesday, Oct. 24.

Advices have been received through JUAREZ's official journal, from El Paso to the 16th of September, confirming the reports of the fixing the seat of government there; also a letter from one of his staff to a Mexican officer here, saying that JUAREZ is confident that the French will have to leave Mexico and let the people settle their own difficulties.

The *Estafette*, the official French organ in the City of Mexico, of a late date, has been received. It warmly encourages emigration to Mexico, especially from the southern districts. It details many highly advantageous inducements offered by the Imperial Government. The Southerners can bring their negroes as apprentices on the conditions prescribed by the Emperor.

The *Picayune's* Matamoras advices of the 19th says the city is besieged by CORTINAS and ESCOBEDO with 3,500 men. No serious assault has yet been made. All communication has been cut off except with Brownsville, whence provisions are drawn. Gen. VEGA is reported as besieging the imperial forces in Tampico.

The *Times'* Matamoras correspondent of the 18th says: The whole town is alarmed. ESCOBEDO, CORTINAS and CAGALES have 2,500 men and twelve cannon. The pickets were driven up and almost pursued into the town by CORTINAS. For five months there has been a repetition of these scenes. CORTINAS with a force estimated at from 3,000 to 5,000, keeps Matamoras so closely besieged that no one dares to stir an inch beyond the fortifications.

There is no communication with Bagdad except by the other side of the river, and none at all with Monterey and the interior. Gen. MEJIA has ordered all communication closed with Brownsville, and the chapparel has been leveled for artillery. MEJIA has about 1,700 men well armed and equipped, but lacks officers and gunners. The native population is decidedly in favor of the Liberals. It is believed the Liberal force is greatly exaggerated. It is hardly thought they will assault the town, but will probably besiege it and try to starve into submission or force the Imperialists into a pitched battle.

It is understood that the convoy so often driven back to Monterey has at last started with an escort of 1,000 French troops and 800 Imperialists. The convoy is reported at $2,000,000.

Trade is completely dead. Money is scarce and commands a large interest.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

MESSAGE OF GOV. PERRY.

Circumstances of his Appointment—His Views on the New State Constitution and Internal Improvements—The Test Oath for Members of Congress—He Opposes Repudiation of the State Debt.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Thursday, Oct. 26.

Gov. PERRY's message was read before the Legislature to-day.

He says, though his appointment was made several months after the other Provisional Governors, South Carolina now is as far advanced in reconstruction as any other State. By restoring those who were in civil office at the suspension of the civil government, he greatly expedited reconstruction.

The measure was objected to by the military authorities, but he was sustained by President JOHNSON, to whom will be assigned in history the glory of having reconstructed the broken, dismantled fragments of the republic without marring its civic beauties. He alludes to the new constitution as popular and democratic, inspiring the people with more zeal and energy in developing the talent and resources of the State, recommends the fostering of internal improvements, commerce and manufactures, and the encouragement of foreign immigration; also, that they shall not be dependent as heretofore on the Western States for horses, mules, cattle, hogs, bacon, lard, and beef, nor on the Northern States for furniture, agricultural implements and clothes, but should raise, grow and make everything for themselves. Now that slavery is abolished labor is made more honorable, more necessary.

Young men must become tradesmen, manufacturers, mechanics. Northern friends are invited to come. Immediate provision must be made for the protection by the government of freedmen. This is expected by the President and Congress, and will remove all pretext for military rule. The election of electors for President and Vice-President of the United States should be given to the people, and an early day fixed for the election of members of Congress. Should those elected be in Washington with their credentials when the clerk calls the roll, they cannot be excluded more than those from Massachusetts. No man in South Carolina can take the test oath without perjury, as it is not the policy of the President to enforce this, and believes that it is not the policy of Congress.

An election is necessary for two United States Senators, one for six years from the 3d of March last, the unexpired term to March, 1867. He recommends the issuing of State bonds and selling them to pay the State debt and avoid present taxation. The reorganization of the militia is urged, the Secretary of State at Washington having given assurances that as soon as the State Government is organized, all the troops will be withdrawn.

He recommends the reëstablishment of the South Carolina College on a universal system, and the reopening of the Citadel Academy for cadets. He opposes any act looking to the repudiation of the State debt. He recommends the exchange of public documents with all the sister States. He has been informed by the Postmaster-General that the mails will be carried over all railroads as soon as the department is assured of the responsibility of the agents. In conclusion he asks the people to look only to the future and not to the past.

FROM NEW-ORLEANS.

The Cotton Market—Gen. Canby on the Danger of Negro Insurrection—Affairs in Texas.

NEW-ORLEANS, Tuesday, Oct. 24.

Cotton quiet; sales 2,500 bales Middling at 53c.@54c. Sugar firm; Fair to fully Fair, 15⅛c.@17⅜c. Freights looking up; Cotton to New-York, 1⅛c.@2⅜c. Bank Checks to New-York, 2⅜ ℔ cent. discount.

In reply to a communication from Gov. WELLES in regard to a threatened negro insurrection in the northern part of the State, Gen. CANBY says he will order additional white troops to Shreveport; that already arrangements have been made to disabuse the negroes of any wrong impressions imposed upon them.

NEW-ORLEANS, Wednesday, Oct. 25.

There is a movement in Texas to organize a Fenian Brotherhood.

HOOD and LONGSTREET have left for Washington, the latter en route to St. Louis.

The steamship *Alabama*—the first steamer of the direct Liverpool line—brought 1,000 tons of merchandise. The vessels of this line coal at Havana.

Private letters from Western Texas say the Confederates who went to Mexico when the Trans-Mississippi Army surrendered, are returning, disgusted with the Mexicans and indignant at their treatment.

The Mississippi Legislature referred to the Judiciary Committee a bill to suspend for a limited term the collection of debts, and securing to creditors the interest thereon during their suspension.

Gen. FULLERTON, Commissioner of Freedmen in Louisiana, gives notice that negro orphans of proper age, in order to acquire industrious habits, be bound out as apprentices to good, responsible parties.

Prominent citizens of Nassau had arrived at Houston to consult with the officers of the Texas Central Railroad, which runs north toward Dallas, to extend to the Red River, there to connect with the railroad being built south from Kansas City, of which fifty miles are completed to connect with Galveston.

The distance is about 700 miles, of which 125 miles are built at the two extremities. The Directors of the Texas Central Railroad received the delegates cordially, and promised to do all in their power to aid the project.

No Deputy Collector has yet been appointed for Sabine.

An official Treasury notice of the establishment of the First National Bank at Galveston had been published.

The State constitution expressly forbids any one doing banking business in Texas under heavy penalties.

The friends of EX-GOV. ALLEN persist in running him for Governor against Gov. WELLES.

FROM VIRGINIA.

Repeal of Richmond City Ordinances Relating to Slaves—Hon. A. H. H. Stuart on the Test Oath.

BALTIMORE, Thursday, Oct. 26.

Richmond papers say that the City Council on Wednesday adopted an ordinance repealing at once all existing ordinances relating to negro slaves.

An effort is being made to induce Gov. PEIRPOINT to convene the recently elected Legislature on the 10th of November. Should this be done, it is supposed that United States Senators will be elected.

Hon. A. H. H. STUART, one of the successful candidates for Congress, says that the test oath is broad enough to exclude him from his seat; but that if he violated any law of the United States, or incurred any penalty during the rebellion, he has been exonerated from all consequences by the general amnesty of President LINCOLN, of which he availed himself on the 26th of May last, taking the prescribed oath, and therefore he will decline to take the test oath.

One juryman summoned in Richmond on Wednesday refused to take the oath to support the constitution of the United States and the restored Government of the Virginia, and was fined $5 by the Judge.

The Government of the United States is still furnishing food to a number of destitute families in Richmond, the average amount of rations distributed each day being from 3,000 to 4,000.

The troops stationed about Winchester are being rapidly withdrawn.

B. J. BARBOUR, Representative elect for the Third District of Virginia, is about to canvass New-Jersey in behalf of the Union ticket.

PANAMA.

Miscellaneous News.

From Our Own Correspondent.

PANAMA, Tuesday, Oct. 17, 1865.

Since May last, by the gun-boat *James Adger*, we have had no arrivals from Central and South America, and nothing of much moment has transpired on the Isthmus. The State is quiet, with the exception of the usual weekly "scares" got up in Panama of reported revolts and invasions, which we have become so accustomed to that we only laugh at them.

The steam-tug *More*, with Gen. OLARTE and his *conquistadores*, who were so fortunate as to whip CALANCHA and his party, on the Santa Maria River, is coming up the bay as I write, at 2 o'clock, P. M. Dr. MANUEL MORRO, CALANCHA's Secretary of State, reached Panama, yesterday, from his voluntary exile at Jamaica. He was not molested by the new government, but two or three persons of lesser note who came with him were thrown into prison.

Some sales of property of those who fled to New-York to escape the "forced contribution," were attempted yesterday, without much success. The house of Donna CAROLINA PEREZ, worth $15,000, was sold for $500, but the sale was declared unsatisfactory by the government, and annulled. Nobody in Panama would risk much on such titles as the new government would long be prepared to defend.

The United States sloop-of-war *Cyane* is the only American war vessel in this port. The gun-boat *James Adger* is at Aspinwall.

The ship *Lisbon*, from Philadelphia, with coals, and the Railroad Company's bark *Idaho*, from New-York, arrived at Aspinwall yesterday.

The steamer from California, to-day, brings $1,100,000 in gold for New-York, and only $200,000 for England.

Dr. MAXWELL, Fleet Surgeon of the Pacific Squadron, has been appointed temporary United States Consul at Panama.

Specie List per Steamship New-York from San Francisco.

Eugene Kelley & Co.		$201,400 00
A. Belmont & Co.		102,507 91
Walter Watson		210,964 87
Wells, Fargo & Co.		13,000 00
H. Cohen		22,090 00
Duncan, Sherman & Co.		87,580 00
Panama Railroad Company		39,641 58
Order		34,428 21
Lees & Waller		398,000 00
Total		$1,112,312 68

FROM ASPINWALL.

S. L. Isaacs & Ash	$1,500 00	
Parsons & Pettit	1,000 00	
Flint & Hall	3,500 00—	$6,000 00
Total		$1,118,312 68

FROM FORTRESS MONROE.

Auction Sale of Government Cattle—Large Fleet of Weather-bound Vessels.

FORTRESS MONROE, Tuesday, Oct. 24.

Sixty tons of coal were sent to Hatteras to-day for the propeller *C. C. Leary*.

Two hundred cattle belonging to government were sold at auction to-day at Hampton.

No company has been mustered out of the Third Pennsylvania Regiment, as reported. About 200, whose time had expired, have been honorably discharged.

An association has purchased 3,500 acres of good coal and mineral lands near Richmond, and have commenced to operate them.

FORTRESS MONROE, Wednesday, Oct. 25.

The brig *Unicorn*, Capt. THOMAS, from Surinam for Baltimore, with a cargo of sugar and molasses, is here wind bound.

Quite a fleet of sailing vessels have been obliged to put into this harbor, waiting for a favorable wind, which is now easterly.

The United States steamship *Rhode Island* arrived this morning from New-York. She is bound to Havana, to bring back the noted steamer *Stonewall*, which will be taken to Washington.

The double-turreted monitor *Tonawanda* left for Norfolk this afternoon.

The English bark *Wayfarer* arrived from New-York to-day, bound to Richmond for a cargo of flour.

Bankers and Brokers Again in Court.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, Oct. 26.

Francis A. Drexel and others *vs.* Barclay Harding, Collector, before Justices GRIER and CADWALADER. The bankers and brokers of Philadelphia applied to-day for an injunction against the collector, restraining him from collecting taxes for stocks, &c., sold on their own account. This is made in the face of the decision of Judge NELSON, denying an injunction to the New-York brokers. J. C. BULLITT, Esq. and Hon. W. K. MEREDITH for brokers. SAMUEL G. COURTNEY, Esq., of New-York, and CHARLES GRIFFIN, Esq., District Attorney, for the government. Motion for an injunction denied.

Snow in Maine.

BOSTON, Thursday, Oct. 26.

Eastern papers report that six inches of snow fell at Ashland, Aroostook County, Me., on Monday of last week, and that the snow in the woods thirty miles about is fifteen inches deep, loading and breaking down the trees. The lumber business this Winter will be quite brisk on the upper St. John and Aroostook Rivers.

Snow at Troy.

TROY, Friday, Oct. 27.

It is snowing now (12:35 A. M.) for the first time this season.

The Sanders Kidnapping Case.

TORONTO, C. W., Thursday, Oct. 26.

In the Sanders kidnapping case, the Judge strongly urged a conviction on the jury, who, unable to agree, have been locked up since Saturday, the Judge declaring he will keep them confined until they give a verdict.

LOCAL POLITICS.

Richmond County Politics.

The Democratic County Convention of Richmond County, held on the 25th inst., indorsed and approved the nomination of Hon. ROBERT CHRISTIE, as the Democratic candidate for Senator of the First District. The following county nominations were made:

Member of Assembly—Theodore Frean.
District Attorney—A. W. Winant.
Superintendent of Poor—Martin Ring.
Justice of Sessions—Thomas Garrett.
Coroner—James Larkin.

The Tenth Ward Union Club.

A meeting of the Tenth Ward Democratic Union Club will be held at No. 199 Allen-street, Friday evening, Oct. 27, at 7:30 o'clock P. M., by order of

JOHN A. L. McCAFFERY.

T. R. OAKES, Secretary, Pro tem.

Seventeenth Assembly District.

Republican Union nomination for Member of Assembly, Seventeenth District, Twelfth Ward, CHAS. E. JENKINS.

The Seventeenth Assembly District, Twelfth Ward, (Tammany Hall,) nominated unanimously, last evening, ROBERT B. BRADFORD.

Tammany Hall Nominations.

RALPH BOGERT was last evening nominated for the Assembly for the Fifth Assembly District.

Personal.

Among the passengers by the *City of New-York*, from Liverpool, are Mr. GRAU and twelve principal artists of the Italian opera, engaged for the United States and Havana.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

AMERICAN MISSIONARY SOCIETY.

Second Day's Proceedings—The Status of the Colored Brother Defined—He Must Vote and Testify, and Hold Property.

The nineteenth annual meeting of the American Missionary Society was continued yesterday at Plymouth Church Lecture-room, beginning at the early hour of 8 A. M. Prayers were in order until 9½ o'clock, by which time quite a pleasant little audience had assembled in the spacious hall, and the regular stated session was opened.

The minutes of Wednesday's proceedings were read and approved, after which Rev. Dr. GEO. WHIPPLE, the Corresponding Secretary, read a long but quite interesting letter from HORACE JAMES, the Superintendent of Contrabands in North Carolina. The animus of the letter was a wail over the feeling of the white men of the South toward the people of the North. Mr. JAMES is of the opinion that our Southern brethren hate us with a perfect hatred, and more now than ever before. He regards their toleration of negro schools as a simple compliment to the physical power and moral suasion of Federal bayonets. He thinks that when the troops are withdrawn, Yankee notions will be kicked out of the South and the negro again made a servile race. In the opinion of Capt. JAMES, emigration of Northern men is greatly needed, and is, in fact, the salvation of the country.

The colored element continuing to be the main topic of interest, Rev. Dr. WHIPPLE proceeded to read a letter from Rev. MANSFIELD FRENCH, of South Carolina, who has been for some time a member of Gen. SAXTON'S staff and the superintendent of colored people in that section of the country. Mr. FRENCH thinks that the two prime necessities of the colored brother at the South are lands and schools, after which they will get everything. He had, on the 24th of October, an interview with President JOHNSON, whereat he learned certain matters which justify him in saying that the freedmen have nothing to fear, but much to hope for from the President.

After some discussion upon the suggestions of these letters, the Business Committee presented the following

RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved, That in this, our annual gathering, we recognize with gratitude the mercies of our Heavenly Father, as shown to us in the health of our missionaries and teachers, in the success attending their labors, and in the favor He has given us among the people; and we reverently bow with submission to His will in the removal by death of our venerable President, Rev. DAVID THURSTON, of that noble Christian man and ardent friend of the slave, Mr. ARTHUR TAPPAN, of Mr. JOHN P. ELTON, one of our Vice-Presidents and a most liberal donor, one of the oldest officers of the association, and of nineteen others, our fellow-laborers as missionaries or life-members.

Resolved, That, as Christians and citizens of the republic, we acknowledge the over-ruling Providence of God in the events of this wonderful year with joy and thanksgiving for the right termination of the bloody civil war by the subjugation of rebellion and the emancipation of millions of slaves, and with resignation to that inscrutable Providence which has permitted the hand of the assassin to strike down the man of the age, ABRAHAM LINCOLN, the President of the nation and the emancipator of the slave.

Resolved, That the idea of emancipation which carries with it no protection of person and property, no advantage of the laws and institutions of the land—equal and impartial, is delusive and pernicious. In this age and in this nation there can be no meaning to liberty which leaves a man stripped of all civil rights, and free only as the beasts of the forest are free. Emancipation and liberty are but empty and mocking words if they do not convey the idea and rights of citizenship, and we protest against excluding men from the rights of citizenship, civil or political, on account of their color.

These and others of less importance were adopted after some discussion, in which Messrs. BEECHER, DUTTON, WHIPPLE and others participated. Mr. BEECHER made a characteristic address in which he stated that there was an impression abroad that men could be freed first and acquire the rights of a freedman afterward, while in his mind liberty and emancipation were relative terms meaning much more here than in any other nation. When, therefore, it is urged that the negroes had the right of acquiring property, of the ballot, of acting as witnesses, &c., they did not urge the giving but the verifying of his liberty.

Col. EATON, of the Freedmen's Bureau, made a telling speech, in which he paid the white people of the South many merited compliments. He does not believe that the entire population of the South are brutes or fiends; on the contrary, he is disposed to admit that they are of the human race human, and being sick of the old system, under which they did many things they should not have done, they are now ready to try and do better. He suggested that the whites belong to the condition of mankind, as well as the negroes; and thought that it might be well to encourage them a little. He made an eloquent appeal in behalf and eulogy of the dignity of labor, urging that when once the stain and stigma of slavery is removed from it, the land open to the emigration of all, the world will be sought by Irishmen, Englishmen, and men of every nation.

Rev. Mr. BROWN, of Newark, hoped the society would take some action in regard to the political status of the colored people, but withdrew an amendment offered, in favor of the following, which Rev. Dr. DUTTON proposed as an addition to the third resolution:

"And we protest against excluding citizens on account of the color of their skin from the privileges of citizens, either civil or political."

This was unanimously adopted.

A fourth resolution, as follows, was likewise adopted:

Resolved, That the National Government, by freeing the slaves, lays itself under the highest civil as well as moral obligation to protect them from the violence or wrongs that may be practiced upon them by their masters or others; to give them attainable access to the use of the soil; and to guarantee to them most fully all the rights implied in the use of lands abandoned by the rebel owners, including the produce of the cultivation of those lands.

The association then adjourned until the afternoon, when the service of the Lord's Supper was administered.

Prison Association of New-York.

The Executive Committee of the Prison Association held their stated monthly meeting at their office, No. 38 Bible House, on Wednesday evening, Prof. THEODORE W. DWIGHT in the chair. This was the first meeting since June, and the reports covered a period of four months.

Very interesting and encouraging reports were submitted by the Committees on Detention and Discharged Convicts, through the General Agent, Mr. ABRAHAM BEAL. In the detention department of the society's work, Mr. BEAL reported, as the result of his labors for the last four months, 2,100 persons in the detention prisons of New-York and Brooklyn visited and counseled; 371 complaints carefully examined; 105 complaints discontinued, on his recommendation, as groundless, frivolous, or the result of passion or revenge; and 100 persons discharged, through his interposition, by the various criminal courts. Mr. BEAL has labored, during the months covered by the aforementioned report, with his usual industry and fidelity, not so much to save the inmates of our prisons from the penalties of their transgressions, as to influence them by all proper motives to repent, reform, and lead a better life; and these earnest and faithful labors are often crowned with success, numbers being thereby either prevented from entering on a career of crime, or turned back and saved after having entered upon it.

Mr. BEAL reported 481 discharged convicts and other prisoners helped, less or more, pecuniarily, during the last four months, care being always taken that none but deserving cases should be thus relieved; 68 aided by supplying them with one or more garments; and 48 by providing them with work and places. During the above period, the agent has had from 15 to 25 daily calls at his office by persons discharged from our State prisons, penitentiaries, county jails, criminal courts, &c., asking pecuniary assistance; the greater part of which applications had to be rejected as unworthy. Numbers, however, were happily of a different character. Of these latter, not a few were persons returned from the war, who had in former years been inmates of our State and detention prisons, who came to thank the association for favors bestowed upon them in their days of darkness. Many of them, in evidence of their reformation, exhibited their bank-books, their greenbacks, or letters from parents or other destitute relatives acknowledging various sums received by them. One striking feature of the history of these persons is that, almost to a man, they have kept their promise not to touch, taste or handle a drop of intoxicating liquor. Their reformation and present prosperity are mainly to be attributed to this fact.

Prof. THEO. W. DWIGHT and Rev. Dr. WINES, commissioners of the association, appointed to visit the several States of the Union, to examine their correctional and penal institutions, and to inquire into their prison systems and their administration of criminal justice, made a brief preliminary report, stating that they had nearly completed the work of visitation, and that they would, as soon as the great mass of materials in their possession could be digested and arranged, present their more full and detailed report.

Policeman Beaten in Columbia-street.

ANTE-MORTEM INVESTIGATION BY CORONER GOVER.

Patrolman HAMFORD CORBY, of the Tenth Ward, was clubbed and severely wounded on Wednesday afternoon, by JULIUS BRECHTMAN, keeper of a liquor-store at No. 22 Columbia-street, and yesterday Coroner GOVER thought proper to take his ante-mortem deposition at the New-York Hospital. CORBY deposed that he employed his day off duty in visiting with Officer GROSSMAN and others; that in the afternoon he had a glass of lager-bier in a confectionar's where GROSSMAN had once worked; that he went into BRECHTMAN'S to get a glass of water; that he had drunk no intoxicating liquor and was not drunk; that he suddenly received a blow on the head, for what he does not know; that he staggered and threw up his hands to save himself; that he had a pistol with which to protect himself, but did not discharge it in the liquor-store; that the three persons whom he encountered cried, "Kill the son of a b——;" that he did not kill him for anything he had done as an officer, &c. Mrs. BRIDGET BRECHTMAN, wife of the saloon-keeper, testified, substantially, that CORBY entered her husband's place very much under the influence of liquor; that BRECHTMAN would not accommodate him; that the officer thereupon assaulted her husband; that she interfered and CORBY drew a pistol and attempted to shoot her; that [illegible], a tenant of the house, [illegible] and aided BRECHTMAN in [illegible] CORBY out, and that in the struggle CORBY was struck on the head with a club. After [illegible] other testimony the jury found a verdict against BRECHTMAN, and Coroner GOVER required him to find $3,000 bail to await the result. It is not probable that CORBY'S wounds will prove mortal.

PRECAUTIONS AGAINST CHOLERA.

Important Action of the Commissioners of Health—New Quarantine Regulations to be Established.

A meeting of the Commissioners of Health was held yesterday, at which were present the Mayor, the City Inspector, the Presidents of the Boards of Aldermen and Councilmen, Dr. SAYRE, Dr. SWINBURNE, Dr. Murphy, Dr. Walser, and also, by special invitation, Mayor Cleveland, of Jersey City; Dr. Jones, Health Officer of Brooklyn; and Mr. Cobb, Quarantine Commissioner.

Mayor GUNTHER said the Commissioners had been called together for the purpose of adopting some measures to prevent the introduction of cholera, which was now making such havoc among the inhabitants of the cities of Europe.

Dr. SWINBURNE, Health Officer, said he had been urged by the Governor, and also by the Secretary of State, to take some action in the matter. It was necessary to have some place for the detention of passengers arriving here suffering from cholera. He had no doubt whatever that government would coöperate in any measures that might be taken for the prevention of the disease. There was little or no danger of its introduction during the cold weather, but when Spring arrived there was reason to apprehend it might be introduced. As for the Russian plague, it had been ascertained to be only an aggravated form of typhus fever.

The Mayor suggested that the Health Officer and Commissioners of Quarantine draw up a plan for preventing the introduction of cholera, and the Commissioners of Health would see that it was carried out.

Dr. SWINBURNE thought that the people of New-Jersey should coöperate with us, and apply for Sandy Hook as a place of detention for passengers arriving here suffering from cholera.

Dr. JONES, of Brooklyn, thought internal sanitary reforms of far more importance than quarantine regulations in keeping out the cholera, which was communicated by the atmosphere.

Dr. SWINBURNE said the Commissioners of Health should apply to the Legislature for powers similar to those possessed by the Board of Health in the abatement of nuisances.

City Inspector BOOLE said the Commissioners already had that power, and the only thing now necessary was stringent quarantine regulations.

Dr. SAYRE referred to a report on the cholera at Constantinople. He was of opinion that the cholera case lately reported in Brooklyn was not one of true cholera.

Dr. JONES agreed in this opinion.

Dr. SAYRE said he had lately attended a German Jew living in the Seventh-avenue, who at first was supposed to be afflicted with cholera. He found the man had eaten an immense quantity of sauer kraut, had afterward exposed himself imprudently, and had died of exhaustion. The case occurred in a very filthy neighborhood, but no similar cases had been reported there. It was therefore evidently not a case of cholera. Dr. SAYRE then read a report of Dr. MULHO, physician to the Prussian Embassy at Constantinople, on the cholera in that city. The report states that no case of cholera occurred in that city up to the 28th of June last, when the Turkish frigate *Mouchbirisourour* arrived from Alexandria with twelve cases of cholera on board. They were taken to the hospital, and shortly afterward the cholera broke out in the city. Every case could be traced to direct contact with these patients or with the vessel. Dr. SAYRE said that, in his opinion, founded upon this report, quarantine regulations were sufficient to prevent the introduction of cholera.

Dr. SWINBURNE said if fifty acres of land were obtained at Sandy Hook, and the people of New-Jersey would coöperate, cholera could be kept away from the city.

A member of the commission read the opinion of Dr. SNOW, of Hartford, as to the inefficiency of quarantine regulations in keeping out the cholera in 1832.

Dr. SAYRE said it was important for the public to be made aware of a few facts in regard to the cholera. It was a disease that always gave premonitions. It could be easily treated if taken in time. When a person was attacked with the symptoms of cholera, he should retire to bed, keep himself warm, and remain there for 48 hours, or until the symptoms had abated. Rest, warmth, composure of mind and the avoidance of excesses were the principal means by which the cholera may be avoided or cured.

After some further discussion, Mayor GUNTHER offered the following resolution, which was adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That Hon. ORESTES CLEVELAND, the Mayor of Jersey City; Dr. JONES, the Health Officer of Brooklyn; Dr. SWINBURNE, the Health Officer of the Port of New-York, and Dr. SAYRE, the Resident Physician of New-York, be appointed a committee to draft an application to the General Government to obtain a suitable site for the detention of cholera patients and passengers from vessels infected with cholera arriving at this port.

Mayor CLEVELAND, of Jersey City, spoke of the danger to the health of the inhabitants of Jersey City by the dumping of ashes mixed with garbage brought from New-York, within the limits of Jersey City.

City Inspector BOOLE said the ashes were dumped by the Central Railroad Company, of New-Jersey, who had a contract with this city to move the ashes and garbage for ten years free of expense to the city.

Mayor CLEVELAND said it had become an intolerable and most dangerous nuisance, and that an injunction against the company would be taken out.

The meeting then adjourned subject to the call of the chair.

NAVAL INTELLIGENCE.

The Naval Dock Race—The Winooski Gaining on the Algonquin—Protest of Mr. Dickerson to the Board of Experts.

At 11 A. M. yesterday our reporter visited the *Algonquin* and *Winooski*, and found the engines of each vessel working with their usual ease. The *Winooski* appeared to be gaining on her rival, while the *Algonquin* seemed to be getting tired. On examining the logs of both vessels, we found the counter of the *Winooski* to be 59,328; that of the *Algonquin*, 60,566—making 1,238 revolutions in favor of the latter vessel. It will be remembered that Mr. DICKERSON complained that the *Algonquin's* position at the dock was unfavorable to her, on account of the action of the tide. The Navy Department ordered the *Winooski* to take the place occupied by the *Algonquin*, and the *Algonquin* to go on the other side. It is believed that at the expiration of the present trial the vessels will change places and start on another 96-hour contest. This will be necessary to obtain a correct average of the working of both vessels.

At 2:10 o'clock the *Algonquin* stopped—her counter showing 63,232 revolutions. Mr. DICKERSON'S card probably gives the cause. At 3 o'clock the *Winooski's* counter showed 62,983. She was averaging 19 pounds' pressure of steam.

The *Winooski's* officers claim that they were gaining on the *Algonquin* at the rate of about 115 revolutions per hour for the two hours previous to the stopping.

Mr. DICKERSON handed our reporter the following copy of a note, which he sent to the Board of Experts at 10 o'clock A. M.:

NEW-YORK, Oct. 26—10 A. M.

Messrs. Danby, Fithian and Kellogg:

GENTLEMEN: When the trial of the *Winooski* and *Algonquin* began, it was understood that the throttle valves were to be kept wide open. At the last moment, before starting, Mr. DANBY pledged himself to me that the order should be carried out, and I therefore notified him that if the *Winooski* throttled during the trial, I should at once stop the *Algonquin*, to which he replied, that it was all right. I now find that for several hours you have been, and now are, running the engines of the *Winooski* throttled off, and that in order to conceal the fact from casual observation, you are using the stop valves for throttle valves, which is in direct violation of Mr. FORBES' contract and Mr. DANBY'S express promises to me, on which I relied, and without which I would not have started. Before performing my part of the promise by stopping the *Algonquin*, I now demand that the valves of the *Winooski* be opened again; if not, I shall stop the *Algonquin*, as understood when I began. I do this to raise the question whether Mr. FORBES has any rights which you are bound to respect, for it is obvious that if you disregard the contract and orders at your own pleasure, he has no rights. The *Winooski* has gained an advantage of more than half a turn a minute by reason of losing her buckets in a collision with a coal barge—a collision that was permitted to take place with a knowledge that it must strip off buckets, and so give a great advantage to the *Winooski*, and which might have been prevented by stopping the engine for a moment. And I will not consent to any further advantage being taken of Mr. FORBES. Respectfully, etc.,

(Signed.) E. N. DICKERSON.

LAW REPORTS.

Court Calendar—This Day.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—*Part I*—Short causes—Nos. 377, 2191, 2143, 1135, 2266, 2425½, 2814, 2644, 2824, 2639, 2617. *Part II*—Nos. 2173, 2474, 2475, 2484, 2486, 2498, 2496, 2500, 2506, 1175, 2332, 2510, 2514, 38, 2482, 2380, 2494, 2534, 2536, 2528. *Part III*—Adjourned for the term.

SUPERIOR COURT.—*Part I*—Calendar unchanged. *Part II*—Nos. 1926, 1292, 1768, 2036, 1782, 1766, 4510, 2046, 2052, 2054, 2060, 2062, 2064, 2066, 2068.

Application for Admission to the Bar by a late Rebel—The Oath of Allegiance too Strong for Him.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

Before Judge Nelson.

At the opening of the court this morning, Hon. Daniel S. Dickinson, United States District-Attorney, moved the court that Henry S. Foote, Ex-Senator of the defunct Confederacy, be admitted to the bar as counsellor of the Supreme Court of the United States, &c.

The motion was granted, and Mr. Foote stepped up to the clerk's desk to take the oath. The first oath requiring the applicant to support the Constitution of the United States and of the State of New-York, was taken without wincing, but the oath of allegiance was too stiff for the repentant sinner.

After listening attentively to its stringent requirements, Mr. Foote declared that his connection with the late rebel government, rendered it impossible that he should subscribe to such a oath, and he therefore left the court-room unsworn.

An Important Opinion of Presiding Justice Ingraham—The Writ of Habeas Corpus—In What Cases it is not the Proper Remedy.

SUPREME COURT—OCT. 26.

Before Hon. D. P. Ingraham, P. J.

The matter of the petition of Ann Doyle, to be discharged on a writ of *habeas corpus*. In this case—before reported—the court yesterday delivered the following

OPINION.

The prisoner is brought before me on *habeas corpus*, and her discharge is asked for on the ground that the commitment by the magistrate until she gave bail for her good behavior was unauthorized by law. I do not deem it necessary to place the decision of this matter on the ground that where the Judge has authority to require a party to give bonds for her good behavior, it necessarily includes the power to hold her in custody until such security is given. The contrary construction would render nugatory the whole provision of the statute which authorizes the magistrate to arrest and to require the security to be given. If, when the prisoner charged with disorderly conduct is brought before the Justice, and he finds her guilty and orders her to give the security, she can reply that she will not give the security, and may insist upon being discharged without it, the whole proceedings will be ridiculous. I cannot suppose there was any such course of proceeding contemplated; on the contrary, the prisoner, when brought before the Justice, is in custody; she is to be discharged from custody on giving security, and not before. It is immaterial whether such imprisonment is continued in the police-office before the Justice, or in the prison under a commitment from the Justice. At common law the magistrate had authority to arrest and require sureties for the peace or good behavior, and in case of not giving such security, the prisoner might be committed to prison until such security was furnished. (1 Hawks, P. C., c. 60, 5, 9.) And the Justice might in the first instance issue his warrant to the officer, directing him to cause the party to go before some Justice to find surety, and, if he shall refuse, convey him directly to prison. (Id., 5, 12.) This common law power is modified by the Revised Statutes, vol. 3, p. 992, s. 14, by providing that no security to keep the peace or to be of good behavior shall be required, nor shall any person be committed to prison for not giving the same, in any case, except such as are prescribed or authorized by statute. While this limits the common law right of the magistrate, and requires sureties of the peace for good behavior in any case before him at his discretion, to cases in which such authority is conferred by statute, I do not understand it in any way as depriving him of the common law authority to commit for not giving such security in cases so provided for. On the contrary the exception of cases provided for by statute, leaving the power to commit in such cases for not giving such security, remains in full force. The provisions of the R. S. 3d vol. p. 991, contained in sections 1 to 5, regulate the mode of taking sureties to keep the peace, and the 5th section provides, "in case of refusal to give sureties for the commitment of the person charged." The provisions of R. S. vol. 3, p. 903, make similar provisions in case of disorderly persons, and authorize the making of a record of the conviction of such disorderly persons in default of sureties, and the committal of the offender until such sureties be found. The act of 1833, ch. 11, p. 9 sect. 8, under which this party was arrested for disorderly conduct, authorized the magistrate to require her to give surety for her good behavior for a term not exceeding twelve months, and authorized him also in his discretion at any time to discharge the same. In addition to the powers conferred by this act, the Statute of 1859, chap. 491, page 1129, sec. 5, gave the Police Justices authority to impose a fine not exceeding $10, or to commit to the City Prison not exceeding ten days. This power to commit was not any limitation of the power connected with the taking of sureties for good behavior, but was the means for collecting the fine so to be imposed in addition to the surety for good behavior. But if there was any doubt as to the authority of the magistrate to commit a party who refuses to give the sureties for good behavior when required, in the case of disorderly conduct, it is removed by that provision which says that "any person committed to the common jail for not finding sureties for good behavior, may be discharged by two justices upon giving such security." (2 R. S., p. 904, sec. 6.) This clearly implies the right to commit. I have not been able to adopt the conclusion that the commitment by the magistrate in this case was beyond his powers, but that having the party charged in his custody, and having found on competent proof that she was guilty of disorderly conduct, that he had a right to require sureties for good behavior, and to continue the imprisonment until such sureties were found. The party is not without remedy, if she is unable to give the sureties. There are various provisions which authorize the discharge of the party from prison; but that mode is not by *habeas corpus*. The prisoner must be remanded and the writ discharged.

New Rules of Practice.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW-YORK.

Hon. Charles L. Benedict, District Judge.

The following rules in relation to making up the calendar, dispensing with the usual notice of trial and note of issue, have been adopted, viz.:

First—No note of issue shall be required to secure the placing of any cause upon the calendar for trial, nor shall a notice of trial be necessary to enable a party to move the trial of any cause when so placed thereon as hereafter provided.

Second—The clerk shall, on or before the Saturday previous to each stated term, make out a calendar for the ensuing term, on which he shall place, in the order of their respective issues, all causes then pending at issue, except as hereafter specified, giving upon each calendar the title of the cause, the date of issue, and the names of the proctors of record for the respective parties. Any party desiring a cause to be omitted from the calendar of any term may, on or before the Saturday previous to such term, file a consent in writing to that effect, signed by the proctors on both sides, and thereupon such cause will be omitted in making up the calendar for such term.

Third—It shall be the duty of the clerk, on or before such Saturday, to furnish to each proctor of record, in any cause so placed upon the calendar, a certificate showing that such cause has been placed upon the calendar for the ensuing term, and the number thereof upon such calendar; and he shall file in such cause proof of the service by mail or otherwise of such certificate as above required.

Fourth—Upon the call of any cause for trial, default may be moved upon proof of the service of the Clerk's certificate as above provided, or upon proof of the service of the usual notice of trial at least four days before the commencement of the term.

Fifth—The calendar will, except when otherwise specially ordered, be called on the first day of each term, when any cause may be set down to be called for trial and heard on any available day in term which may be agreed on by the respective proctors.

Sixth—In case of the failure of proctors to agree upon a day for the hearing, such day will be fixed by the court, unless the cause be then moved off the term.

Upon such call of the calendar, default may be moved in any cause not then set down for trial, or on motion postponed for the term.

The Ketchum Frauds—The Examination of Young Ketchum Postponed to the 8th November.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.—OCT. 26.

Before Justice Moncrief.

McVickar vs. Greenleaf et al.—Yesterday was the time appointed, by order of the court, for the examination of Ketchum the alleged forger, in the action above entitled. Hence there were present numerous counsel, reporters and spectators. The court has decided, as appears by the opinion of Justice Moncrief, published in the TIMES of the 26th inst., that pending his sentence in the Court of General Sessions he, Ketchum, could be examined in this action, *de bene esse*, in pursuance of the provisions of section 391 of the Code, provided it could be done after service of a verified copy of the plaintiff's complaint.

Immediately after the opening of the court yesterday, Mr. F. N. Bangs, counsel for the defendant Ketchum, said that at 7 o'clock on the previous evening a copy of the complaint was served upon him; that from the cursory examination that he had been able to give it, he felt satisfied that they would be compelled to demur to it, on the ground that there was another action pending between the same parties for the same causes; that if he was compelled to answer, he should have to set up a counter claim; and if they were to take the testimony of Ketchum at this stage of the proceedings, they would be, to a great extent, working at random. Moreover, counsel said, he was engaged in an argument in the General Term of the Common Pleas, and could not give the day to this examination. There was no immediate prospect of Ketchum's going to Sing Sing, and he could be examined a week hence as well as now.

Mr. Larocque, for plaintiff, said that their complaint was in the nature of a cross bill in equity, and that the demurrer which the gentleman talked about could not lie in this action, nor could there be any counter claim. He affirmed that he sympathized deeply with young Ketchum, his family and friends, in this great calamity, which had come upon them. Mr. Ketchum was as much sinned against as sinning, but that was no reason why he should not be examined, no reason why his client should not insist upon his rights, no reason why justice should not be fully and fairly meted out to the plaintiff. Defendant's counsel, he said, had no right to dictate when or how the sentence of the Court of General Sessions should be passed upon Ketchum, and he denied that he knew or had the right to know when, if ever, that individual would go to State Prison.

Mr. Bangs was willing to stipulate that Ketchum's evidence be taken at any time and read on the trial of the action, subject to all legal exceptions.

Mr. Larocque could not accept the terms of the stipulation.

Mr. Vanderpoel, counsel for Sheriff Kelly, who is one of the defendants, said that he should contend—and this he thought would relieve the gentleman from some of the embarrassments under which he seemed to be laboring—that under no circumstances could Ketchum's testimony be used on the trial as against his client. The Code allowed testimony of a *de bene esse* character only in cases where the proposed witness was ill, infirm, or about to leave the State. There was no pretence that Ketchum is sick or a cripple, and the opposing counsel insist that he is not about to go out of the State; at the most he would only go a few miles up the Hudson. Very clearly this case did not come within the provisions of the Code.

The court said he had already, in an opinion which was published in the morning papers, decided that the evidence could be taken, and that to argue that point now was out of place.

Ex-Judge Allen, another of the counsel who appears on behalf of the defendants, said that an appeal had been taken from the decision of the court, and that this appeal would be prosecuted with all possible dispatch, but it could not, in any event, be heard before the General Term until the first week of November. Counsel believed that he spoke advisedly when he said that Ketchum would not be sentenced within five or six weeks. He had conversed with the officials having the control of the matter, and he knew whereof he spoke. If it came to the point, Ketchum would, no doubt, refuse to be sworn, but he wished the court to understand that in such refusal, he, (Ketchum,) would not intend any disrespect to the court.

Mr. Larocque was astonished to hear such remarks fall from the lips of a gentleman who so recently had occupied a high position on the bench. The counsel was trying to shield a man for a proposed wilful contempt of court.

The Court—Never mind, Mr. Larocque; the court is able to sustain its dignity without aid. An appeal having been taken, and it appearing that there is no apprehension that Ketchum will be immediately sentenced, the whole matter will be adjourned until the 8th of November. In the meantime, if any of the counsel engaged in the case should become satisfied that he is about to be sentenced, notice is to be given to all the others.

Court of General Sessions.

Before Recorder Hoffman.

Ann Foley was tried for stealing $60 from a fireman named William Williams, residing at No. 71 Washington-street. The complainant went to the prisoner's room, having $60 or $70 in his pocket, where he remained four hours; was asleep, and on waking up missed his money; when he asked her where it was she told him to go to sleep again, but he got up and informed the landlord, who then locked the prisoner in the room and sent for an officer. On search being made the money was found in the bed between the mattresses, but the accused denied all knowledge of its position.

Guilty. Penitentiary one year.

Wm. Campbell was placed on trial, charged with having stolen a quarter pipe of French brandy, valued at $400, the property of Theodore Stehn.

The prisoner employed a carman to take the cask from in front of the Ocean Bank, corner of Fulton and Greenwich streets, to a grocery-store corner of Wooster and Oliver street, which he did, and on delivering it was paid by the grocer. The complainant is the only importer of the kind of article stolen, and the casks are marked with a half circle and the word "Cognac," and by this mark the stolen one was identified.

Guilty and remanded for sentence.

Henry Kats was tried for stealing, on the 21st of July, a box containing $600 worth of linen, from the sidewalk in front of No. 120 Duane-street.

A public carman was employed, the day aforesaid, to take the box in question from the sidewalk to No. 5 Chatham-square, but no evidence being produced to show that the prisoner was the one, a verdict of not guilty, was rendered.

PLEADED GUILTY.

James Jordan, of grand larceny, in having stolen eighty dollars worth of clothing from Edward W. Burdick, of No. 107 Wooster-street; State Prison three years. Charles Smith, of burglary in the third degree, in having entered on the 16th of October, the tailor's shop of Albert J. Dewey, and stolen therefrom eighty dollars worth of clothing; State Prison three years. Elizabeth Rouke, of an attempt at grand larceny, in having stolen on the 19th of October, articles amounting to $272, from Eliza M. A. Hamblin, of No. 67 Downing-street; remanded for sentence. Mary Brady, of petit larceny, in having stolen certain articles from Zachariah Simmons, of No. 12 East Sixteenth-street; remanded for sentence.

Mr. Graham's Connection with the Strong Case.

NEW-YORK, Thursday, Oct. 26, 1865.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

In your report of the proceedings in the Court of General Sessions yesterday, in the "Strong Abortion Case," (as it is called,) you make the District-Attorney state to the court, before the trial commenced, that I had been relied upon to try the case, and that my services were withdrawn from the prosecution in consequence of an engagement elsewhere—which would imply that I had retired from the prosecution at "the eleventh hour," and when it was too late to fill my place. I was in court when that gentleman spoke, and heard no such remarks. If I had heard them, I would necessarily have contradicted them.

I never heard, until about four weeks since, that the District-Attorney did not mean to try the indictment against Mr. Strong, himself. When the "lead" in the prosecution was tendered to me, I at once emphatically declined the duty, suggested that the Attorney-General be called in, and expressed a willingness to sit by during the trial, and assist, as I might be asked, without assuming the responsible management of the case.

When I went to court yesterday, I was prepared, with the approval of the Attorney-General, to move off the trial, on grounds, in my judgment, perfectly unanswerable. I stated to him that the prosecution were not ready; that he perfectly well knew it; that he ought to demand the postponement as the right of the people; and if refused, throw down the indictment, refuse to prosecute it, forbid a nol. pros., and retire from the matter. I stated the same thing to him the day before, and did not understand him to dissent, if he should be driven unprepared into the trial. Being overruled (not by him, however,) and knowing that the trial must be a farce, if forced on, my own self-respect constrained me not to witness it. The prosecution had merits, and the indictment was entitled to be fully tried. Yours, truly,

JOHN GRAHAM.

To Mr. Graham's note our reporter replies, that comparison with the notes of the official stenographer of the Court of Sessions, shows that the report of the Strong case in the TIMES, of the 26th, was perfectly correct in the particulars referred to by Mr. John Graham, and that Mr. Hall did make the statement complained of in almost the precise words of the report.

Court of Special Sessions.

Before Justices Kelly and Dowling.

The calendar yesterday was not as heavy as usual. Martin Hudson, a hotel thief, was convicted and sent to the Penitentiary for six months.... Michael Rooney, employed in the gas-house in the Sixteenth Ward, stole a pair of boots worth $9, while he had plenty of money in his pocket to pay for them....John Rodgers (colored) ran out of a tailor's store with a coat and was caught. Penitentiary four months....George Mortimer, a respectable looking young man, was convicted of an unnatural offence, committed in the World Building, on a man who gave his age as 17, but who looked nearer 24. He was remanded for sentence....Patrick McCusker entered the liquor-saloon of Edward Kelly, with 13 cents, and asked all hands to drink. Kelly didn't see it. A row ensued, and Cusker hit Kelly; Kelly hit back, and had the best of the personal damage, but the worst of it after they were defeated, as they threw bricks in through his window. Guilty. Fined $25....Wm. E. Allen, well known in sporting circles as Butt Allen, who was convicted at the last session of the court of keeping a disorderly house in Broadway, was sentenced to one month in the penitentiary and fined $50. This sentence of the court has created more excitement in the city among sporting men than any other case that has arisen in years.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—Oct. 26, 1865.

$2,000 U. S. 6s, '81....C.	106¾	100 Canton Co.........b30	40½
5,000 U. S. 6s, '67	119	100 do..........	[illegible]
5,000 U. S. 6s, 5-20s, C. Ex-Nov. Coup.	103¼	100 do..........3d call	[illegible]
10,000 U. S. 6s, 5-20s, C. New Issue, Ex-Nov. Coup.	101½	15 Del. & H. C. Co.	144
4,000 do..........2d call	101¾	100 Spring Moun. Coal	[illegible]
1,000 U. S. 5s, 10-40s, C.	92½	1200 Brunsw. Land Co.	[illegible]
1,000 Tr. Notes, 7-10s, First Series	99	1200 Erie Railroad	87¾
2,000 do...Sec. Ser.	[illegible]	100 do..........b10	87¾
10,000 do..........	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
3,000 do...3d Ser. S'l	[illegible]	2100 do..........	[illegible]
40,000 do..........	97¾	[illegible]	[illegible]
1,000 N.Y. St. 7s, Bounty Loan	[illegible]	[illegible] Erie R. Pref.	[illegible]
10,000 Tenn. 6s	[illegible]	200 Reading R.	[illegible]
2,000 North Car. 6s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible] do..........	[illegible]	[illegible] Mich. Cen. R.	[illegible]
5,000 Missouri 6s	[illegible]	[illegible] Mich. S. & N. I.	[illegible]
[illegible] do..........	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible] Pac. State 6s	[illegible]	[illegible] Clev. & Pitts. R.	[illegible]
10,000 Ohio & M. Cer.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1,000 N. Y. Cen. 6s	[illegible]	[illegible] Chi. & N. W. Pr.	[illegible]
1,000 Hud. Riv. 1st M.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1,000 Mich. So. L. G. Bs.	[illegible]	[illegible] Chi. & R. I.	[illegible]
2,000 At. & G. W. 1st M. Ohio Division	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
4,000 Chi. & Al. S. F. R.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible] Amer. Gold	[illegible]	[illegible] Clev. & Tol.	[illegible]
600 N. Y. Cen. R.	[illegible]	100 do..........3d call	[illegible]
200 do..........b30	[illegible]	100 Mil. & P. du C. R.	61
[illegible] do..........	[illegible]	100 do..........2d call	61¾
[illegible] do..........	[illegible]	70 P., F. W. & C.	97¾
1000 do..........	[illegible]	100 do..........	97½
400 do..........2d call	[illegible]	100 do..........	97¼
100 do..........b10	[illegible]	100 Alt. & T. H. Pr.	[illegible]
100 do..........b10	98¼	100 Alt. & T. H.	37

SECOND BOARD.

$20,000 U. S. 6s, '81, C.	[illegible]	3000 Erie Railroad	91¾
[illegible] Nov. Coup.	103	1100 do..........	91½
10,000 Tr. Notes, 7-30s, Second Series	97¾	100 do..........	91½
16,000 do..........	97¾	100 do..........s30	[illegible]
4,000 U. S. 6s, 1 Yr. Cer. New Issue	[illegible]	100 do..........s15	91
[illegible] do..........b10	[illegible]	100 do..........b15	91¼
10,000 O. & M. Cer.	27¾	1300 do..........2d call	91½
10,000 do..........	27¾	100 do..........s10	91¾
100 Canton Co.	40½	100 Mich. Cen. R.	112
200 Cum. Coal Pr.	[illegible]	100 Chi., Bur. & Q.	138
300 do..........3d call	[illegible]	100 Mil. & P. du C.	[illegible]
200 Quick. Min. Co.	49¾	100 P., Ft. W. & C.	[illegible]
200 Mariposa M. Co.	11	100 Mich. S. & N. I. R.	[illegible]
[illegible] Hud. Riv. R.	[illegible]	100 do..........	72½
400 N. Y. Cen.	97	100 do..........	72¾
300 do..........	97¼	500 do..........2d call	72¾
[illegible] do..........s10	97	150 Cleve. & Pitts.	[illegible]
700 do..........2d call	[illegible]	100 do..........	80
100 do..........b3	[illegible]	100 do..........s10	80½
100 Chi. & N. W.	31	200 do..........s10	80½
200 Ch. & N. W. Pr.	63¾	100 do..........s10	80¾
200 Cleve. & Tol.	[illegible]	100 do..........2d call	81
600 Chic. & R. I.....s3	107¼	1000 do..........	81¼

OPEN BOARD—9½ A. M.

$10,000 O. & M. Cer....b3	27¾	300 Cleve. & Pitts.	78¾
1100 Erie Railway	91¾	100 do..........	78¾
[illegible] do..........	[illegible]	100 do..........b3	78¾
[illegible] do..........s3	[illegible]	100 do..........	78¾
1100 do..........	[illegible]	100 do..........c	78¾
600 do..........	[illegible]	100 do..........c	78¾
1100 do..........	[illegible]	100 do..........	78¾
200 do..........	[illegible]	100 do..........b3	78¾
200 Reading R.........b3	[illegible]	100 do..........b3	78
700 do..........	114¾	1500 do..........	78¾
200 Mich. S. & N. I.	[illegible]	100 Cleve. & Tol	102½
400 do..........	[illegible]	100 Chic. & R. I.	107
100 do..........	71¾	100 Chi. & N. W. Pr....s3	63¾
100 do..........	71¾	100 Mil. & Pr. Du C.	61
[illegible]	[illegible]	500 Cumb. Coal.	43¾

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

$10,000 O. & M. Cer.	27¾	100 Cleve. & Pitts.	78¾
500 N. Y. Cen. R.	[illegible]	1200 do..........b3	78¾
400 do..........s3	[illegible]	100 do..........	78¾
400 do..........	[illegible]	100 do..........c	78¾
4100 Erie Railroad	[illegible]	700 do..........	[illegible]
300 do..........b3	[illegible]	1300 do..........c	[illegible]
900 do..........	[illegible]	100 do..........	[illegible]
1200 do..........	[illegible]	100 do..........s3	79¾
500 do..........	[illegible]	800 do..........	[illegible]
300 do..........s3	[illegible]	100 Chic. & R. I......b3	107¾
500 do..........b3	[illegible]	100 do..........	107¾
100 Hud. R. R......b3	[illegible]	100 Chic. & N. W.	[illegible]
200 Reading R.	114¾	100 do..........s3	30
200 do..........	114¾	100 do..........b3	30
200 do..........b3	114¾	100 Chic. & N.W.Pr.	63¾
300 Mich. S. & N. I.	71¾	100 do..........s3	63¾
100 do..........	71¾	100 do..........s3	63¾
400 do..........s3	71¾	100 P., F. W. & C.....b3	97¾
300 do..........	71½	100 Mil. & P. Du C.	60¾
100 Cum. Coal..........b3	[illegible]	100 do..........	61¾

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

100 N. Y. Central	97¾	100 Hud. Riv. R.	106¾
1200 Erie Railroad	[illegible]	100 do..........	106¾
400 do..........s3	[illegible]	100 Reading R.....s10	115
1000 do..........s3	[illegible]	100 do..........	115
900 do..........	[illegible]	300 Cleve. & Pitts.	[illegible]
500 do..........b3	[illegible]	200 do..........s3	[illegible]
300 do..........s3	[illegible]	1000 do..........	[illegible]
100 do..........	[illegible]	400 do..........b3	80¾
500 do..........	[illegible]	600 do..........	81
300 do..........b30	92¼	200 do..........	81
1500 do..........s60	[illegible]	100 do..........s30	80¾
700 do..........b3	[illegible]	300 Chic. & R. I.	107¾
200 M. So. & N. I.	[illegible]	100 do..........b3	107¾
2600 do..........	72¾	100 Chi. & N. W. Pr.s3	64
900 do..........	72¾	600 do..........	64¾
700 do..........	72¾	200 do..........s30	64
300 do..........	72¾	200 do..........	64
200 do..........s3	72¾	200 Mil. & Pr. Du C.	62½
300 do..........b3	72¾	100 Mariposa M. Co.	11¼
600 do..........s3	72¾		

THURSDAY, Oct. 26—P. M.

The funding of Legal-Tender Notes of the United States into 5-20 Bonds was closed at the Treasury Office this afternoon. It is understood that the sum of $50,000,000, as originally advertised by the Secretary, has been thus funded. The process, we have reason to believe, will not be renewed in any shape until after the approaching Congress shall have had time to act upon the funding and taxation measures, which will be recommended in the annual message of the President and the accompanying report of the Secretary of the Treasury.

The demand for Money continues generally active but not of a pressing nature upon the Stock Exchange, as will be noticed in the advance since yesterday on the Railway speculation, and the marked steadiness in Government securities. The Discount Brokers offer liberal terms to lenders on Merchant paper, and there is a continued pressure for Greenbacks and National Bank Notes to go South to facilitate the cotton movement. The Western orders for currency have fallen off, and we hear of signs of the movement turning this way again. Several of the large City Banks, recently transferred to the National organization, are having their new Bank Notes signed, rapidly, for circulation, and this will soon tend to relieve the demand for the South in the absence of Country National Notes which seem, for the moment, to have deserted the "financial centres" altogether.

The price of Gold weakens on the increasing supply in the open market. The California steamer to-day delivered $1,118,312, and the Treasury Office paid out $454,600 Gold Interest. The sales of the day were at 145¼@144⅞@145¼ per cent.

The later and rather lower quotations for United States 5-20s in England, received this forenoon, were scarcely felt on the market for Government Securities. There was a good demand for all descriptions, both at the Stock Exchange and from the large dealers on Wall-street. The Railway speculation bounded upward on Erie Shares 4@5 ℘ cent. since yesterday afternoon, and 6@7 ℘ cent. from the lowest sales of the week. An immense business was done in the Stock from 87¼ up to 92¼ ℘ cent., and without any acknowledged explanation of the cause of the sudden reversal of the market, though the suspicion was entertained, even as early as yesterday afternoon, that some of the great *Bears* had suddenly discovered good reasons for turning rampant Erie *Bulls*. The movement imparted much firmness to the other New-York and Western Roads, after the first call of the list at the regular Board. On that call a formidable demonstration was made against New-York Central, seller's option, 30 days, some 3,000 shares being put out on contract by a Broker, acting, as the supposition is, for one or more bold speculators in the Street, who were bearish on the Stock some months ago when it was selling at 90 or lower. The contracts this morning were made at 96@95¾. The cash stock subsequently rose to 97¾ ℘ cent., and the chances are that under the Erie excitement, it will go to the figures above par at which it was selling a week or ten days ago, say 101@103. The attack upon Central this morning was unexpected, as nothing of an adverse nature is known, or likely to be known of the financial condition (uniformly sound whether upon 8 or 6 ℘ cent. Dividends,) or current traffic of the road.

At 4 o'clock the following quotations were made as compared with Wednesday afternoon. The market for Governments and Border State Bonds left off firm, and the Railway Speculation under much excitement. The transactions in Erie continued on a very large scale, partly in liquidation of the *short* interest which the rise of 5 ℘ cent. to-day caught unusually extended. Pittsburgh also advanced 3 ℘ cent.:

	Wed.	Thurs.		Wed.	Thurs.
U. S. 10-40s	92¾	92¾	Northwest	30¼	30¾
U. S. 5-20s	103	103¼	N. West Pref.	63¾	64
U. S. 7-30s	97¾	97¾	Rock Island	107¼	107¾
N. Y. Central	97¾	97¾	Fort Wayne	97¼	97¾
Erie	87¾	91¾	Cumberland Coal	43½	43¾
Hudson	105½	106¾	Quicksilver	49	49¼
Reading	114¾	115	Mariposa	11	11¼
Mich. Southern	71	72¾	Canton	11	[illegible]
Illinois Central	134	133¾	Ohio Certificates	27½	27¾
Pittsburgh	77	79¾	American Gold	145¼	145¼

The following bids were made to-day for the City Bank Shares:

Merchants'	110	Metropolitan	115
Mechanics'	110	People's	110
America	130	Market	110
Phenix	99	Nassau	108
Tradesmen's	128	Shoe and Leather	101
Leather Manufact's	128	Corn Exchange	108
Commerce	106	St. Nicholas	98
Mechanics' Bkg. As.	98	Commonwealth	101
Bank of the Republic	106	Park	140
Bank of N. America	107	N.Y. National Exc. Bk.	120
Hanover	108	Central National	106
Irving	108	Fourth National	103

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1883	93¾	Mich. So. 7 ℘ c. 2ds	90
N. Y. Cen. 7s, 1876	101	N. Ind. Gosh. Line '68	92½
N. Y. Cen. 7s, con 1876	101	Alton & T. H. 2ds pref.	80
Erie 1sts, ex d., '68	102½	Alton & W. 1st M.	91
Erie 7s, 4th mort.	92½	Del. L. & W. 2d M.	100
Erie 7s, 5th mort.	92	Mil. & P. du C. 1st M.	102
Buf. N. Y. & E. 1st M. '77	96	Cleve. & Tol. S. Fund	95
Hud. R. 7s, 1st M. '69	102	Cleve. & P. 3d m.	85
Hud. R. 7s, 2d, S. F., '85	102½	Miss. & Mo. L. G. 1st M.	48
Harlem 3ds, '68	94	Marietta & C. 1st M.	88
Mich. C. new, 1sts, 8's, '82	119	Chic. & Mil. 1st M.	88
Chi., B. & Q. 8 ℘ c. 1sts	112½		

The United States Sub-Treasury receipts to-day were $9,442,195, including $260,000 from Customs; payments, $6,196,292; balance, this evening, $64,827,992.

The receipts of Breadstuffs at Chicago, Milwaukee, Toledo, Detroit and Cleveland for the weeks ending Oct. 14 and Oct. 21 were:

	Oct. 14.	Oct. 21.
Flour, bbls.	140,300	149,500
Wheat, bush.	1,494,800	1,363,500
Corn, bush.	981,500	744,100
Oats, bush.	430,900	332,500
Barley, bush.	210,800	83,200
Rye, bush.	87,000	68,300

And the shipments from Chicago, Milwaukee and Toledo for the weeks ending Oct. 14 and Oct. 21 were:

	Oct. 14.	Oct. 21.
Flour, bbls.	71,900	88,800
Wheat, bush.	1,121,000	1,176,800
Corn, bush.	643,000	1,129,800
Oats, bush.	420,800	447,600
Barley, bush.	3,100	5,600
Rye, bush.	46,300	118,300

The income of the Government from Internal Revenue thus far this week has averaged $948,873 a day, equal to a weekly aggregate of $5,692,038.

It is announced that considerably more than the $600,000 worth of the National Express Company's stock, allotted to New-York, was subscribed for in the two days immediately following the appearance of the card of the local Commissioners, inviting proposals for the stock. The subscription books of the Company, in this city, have consequently been closed. The Company has been organized under a charter from the Legislature of Virginia.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Thursday, Oct. 26, 1865.

Receipts of produce since our last: 78 bbls. Ashes, 19,901 bbls. Flour, 665 bbls. and 1,000 bags Corn Meal, 6,400 bushels Wheat, 30,098 bushels Corn, 36,223 bushels Oats, 56,640 bushels Barley, 625 bushels Malt, 270 pkgs. Provisions, and 463 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Are quiet, at previous quotations.

COFFEE—Has been in moderate request, and unchanged in price. We quote: Java, at 31c.@34c.; Rio, at 18½c.@21½c.; Maracaibo, at 22c.@25c.; Laguayra, at 21c.@24c.; St. Domingo, at 18½c.@19½c. ℘ lb., in gold.

COTTON—Has been in active demand at buoyant prices, Middling closing at 58½c.@60c. ℘ lb., on sales since our last of 6,500 bales. The receipts at this port thus far in the current week have averaged 4,134 bales a day, making 103,129 bales since the 1st inst., and 212,995 bales since the 1st of September.

DRY GOODS—The Dry Goods Exchange report to-day is as follows: Agents' prices.—Brown Cottons—Salmon Falls, A, 36½c.; C, 35c.; M, 34½c.; Medford, 35c.; Indian Orchard, W, 31c.; B B, 33c.; C, 36c. Bleached Cottons—Bartlett's, 31-inch, 36½c.; 33 inch, 39c.; 36-inch, 45c.; 45-inch, 52½c.; New-Market, H and A, 33c.@34½c.; Blackwater and Unionale, 30c.@40c. Prints—Cocheco, 31c.; American, 30c.; Sprague's, 32½c.; Richmond, 29c. Tickings—Harvester, 37½c.; Prescott, Extra, 70c.; Thorndike, 42c. Stripes—Harvester, 36½c. Denims—Provincetown, 50c.; Farriers, 55c. Corset Jeans—Bates N Market, Indian Orchard, 32½c. Canton Flannels—Salmon Falls, Extra, Bleached, 55c.; Cocheco B, 36½c. Cambrics—Portland and Federal, 23c.@24c. Cassimeres—Evans' Silk Mixed, $2. Delaines—Hamilton, Pacific and Manchester, 35c. Spool Cotton—Coats' and Clark's, $1 15; Willimantic, 95c. Hoop Skirts—Meyer Bro., Jx4, taps 1¼ inch, 20 to 44 springs, 50c. ℘ doz.; Meyer Bro. Corset—sCane, 10x54 whalebone, $14@$22 ℘ doz.; Duplex Eliptic, in. 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50 ℘ doz.; hoops, $1. The following dispatches have been bulletined in the Dry Goods Exchange to-day: Boston—Decided improvement in the trade. Market continues firm. Philadelphia—Market more active for both cotton and woolen goods, and prices firm. Cincinnati—Market somewhat more active; no change in prices. Louisville—Trade moderately active; prices brown goods and prints unchanged, buyers holding [illegible] in anticipation of a decline. Chicago—Heavy demand for cotton goods; increased activity in woolens, standard sheetings and prints, 1c. St. Louis—Business quiet; nothing of interest.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in limited demand to-day, at a partial reduction of 5c@10c. ℘ bbl., the market closing very heavily. Sales since our last 10,650 bbls., including inferior to choice Superfine State and Western, at $7 70@$8; very poor to choice Extra State at $8 05@$8 60, chiefly at $8 15@$8 35; round-hoop extra Ohio, inferior to good shipping brands, at $8 80@$9 ℘ bbl. We now quote:

Superior State and Western	$7 70	@$8 00
Extra State	8 05	@ 8 60
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	8 20	@12 50
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, ship'g brands	8 80	@ 9 00
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	9 05	@12 50
Extra Genesee	8 65	@12 50
Poor to very choice extra Missouri	8 80	@16 00

Southern Flour is in very moderate demand at drooping prices. Sales since our last at $9 65@$10 95 for poor to good, and $11@$16 25 for good to very choice extra brands, ℘ bbl. Canadian Flour is declining. Sales 400 bbls. Extra, at $8 15@$12 50 ℘ bbl. Rye Flour continues inactive, including Superfine at $7 50@$8 75 ℘ bbl. Corn Meal is in limited demand at $4 60 for Western, $4 70@$4 85 for Jersey, and $5 for Brandywine, ℘ bbl. Sales 370 bbls.

GRAIN—Wheat opened rather more firmly, but closed heavily, in the absence of any considerable inquiry, either for home use or shipment. Sales since last of 37,500 bushels, including White Western on private terms; Chicago Spring and Milwaukee Club at $1 75@$1 80; Amber State at $2 35 ℘ bushel. Corn has been less abundant and has been in good demand at an advance of 1c.@2c. ℘ bushel. Sales since our last 121,000 bushels, at 75c.@86c. for damaged and unsound, and 87c.@89c. for sound mixed Western, and 92c.@95c. for Yellow Western, ℘ bushel. Western Oats have been in limited request at 55c.@56c. for sound, and 48c.@52c. for unsound; State at 55c. ℘ bushel. Barley has been in fair demand at steady rates; sales 27,000 bushels, including Canada West, at $1 25@$1 26; Canada East, at $1 07 for poor, and State $1 10 ℘ bushel. Barley Malt rules dull at $1 60@$1 65. Rye is in demand at $1 15@$1 18, but is generally held much higher, and is consequently very quiet.

HAY—North River bale is in fair demand and firm, at 80c.@90c. for poor to choice, ℘ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Have been more sought after, at 30c.@60c. for new, and 10c.@40c. for one-year old, ℘ lb.

HIDES—Have been quiet, but held pretty firmly.

LATHS—Have been in fair demand and buoyant in price.

MOLASSES—Has been lightly dealt in at former quotations.

NAVAL STORES—Have attracted less attention, including Spirits Turpentine at $1 10@$1 15 ℘ gallon; Crude Turpentine at $6 75@$7 25; and Rosin at $7 25@$22 50 ℘ 280 lbs.

OILS—Have been inactive at former prices, including Crude Whale at $1 65@$1 70; Bleached do. at $1 83@$1 88; Crude Sperm at $2 32@$2 35; Unbleached do. at $2 50@$2 55; Lard Oil at $2 35@$2 45; Linseed Oil at $1 41@$1 42 ℘ gallon.

PETROLEUM—Is in limited demand and quite heavy at 36c.@37c. for Crude; 58c.@60c. for Refined, in bond; 75c.@78c. for do., free, ℘ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been moderately inquired for to-day, closing heavily. Sales since our last 4,300 bbls. in lots at $34@$34 25, closing at $34 cash, for Mess; $29 for Prime Mess; $30 nominally for Prime, ℘ bbl. Sales were also reported of 3,250 bbls. Mess, seller and buyer's options, November and December delivery, part at $34@$34 50 ℘ bbl. Cut Meats are inactive at 16½c.@17½c. for Shoulders, and 20½@23½c. for Hams; Bacon rules dull and heavy. Lard continues inactive and heavy; sales 850 tcs. and bbls., part last evening, at 24c.@28½c. for common to choice, ℘ lb. Beef is in moderate demand, at $14@$17 for Extra Mess, and $11@$14 for Plain Mess; sales have been reported of 800 bbls. Tierces Beef continues unaltered. Beef Hams are scarce and wanted. Butter is in more request at 40c.@55c. for poor to prime, and 55c.@65c. for fancy State, and 30c.@42c. for Western ℘ lb. Cheese is in demand for home use at 14c.@19c., for poor to very choice, ℘ lb. The week's business in Butter and Cheese, Messrs. STARIN & FLOYD notice thus:

The receipts of Butter during the past week have been [illegible] average for the season, the bulk of which is State dairies, Western continuing in very small supply. The demand for good to fine State dairies has continued very active during the entire week at full prices, the majority of which has been taken for California and the South. Low grades of Western and State have been dull and heavy, the demand being for the better qualities of Butter. Canada continues to arrive in small invoices, and command a ready sale at 35c.@40c. Orange and Sussex County Pail Butter are in small receipt, and receivers have again advanced the price to 55c. ℘ lb. for selections. Our advices from the dairy districts show that dairymen still continue to hold their goods at prices generally above this market, while many dealers are forced to submit to terms, in order to obtain a temporary supply. Also a speculation in Butter has lately been originated by certain [illegible] on the presumed short crop. But if prices are much further advanced, the consumption of the article may be so much reduced that even an acknowledged short crop may prove a heavy surplus. The market closes with great firmness and activity at our quotations. Grease Butter is out of market:

Orange and Sussex—fresh pails, ℘ lb.	[illegible]	@[illegible]
Pennsylvania and River—fresh pails, ℘ lb.	[illegible]	@[illegible]
Half-firkin tubs, State—first quality, ℘ lb.	[illegible]	@[illegible]
Half-firkin tubs, State—second quality, ℘ lb.	[illegible]	@[illegible]
Orange and Sussex Dairies—firkins, ℘ lb.	[illegible]	@[illegible]
New-York State Dairies—firkins—extra, ℘ lb.	[illegible]	@[illegible]
N. Y. State Dairies—firkins, good to fine, ℘ lb.	[illegible]	@[illegible]
N. Y. State Dairies—Welsh tubs—extra, ℘ lb.	[illegible]	@[illegible]
N. Y. S. Dairies—Welsh tubs, good to fine, ℘ lb.	[illegible]	@[illegible]
Ordinary State—Welsh tubs, ℘ lb.	[illegible]	@[illegible]
Pennsylvania Dairies—firkins, good to fine, ℘ lb.	[illegible]	@[illegible]
Western Reserve—firkins, ℘ lb.	[illegible]	@[illegible]
Michigan and Indiana—firkins—fair to good, ℘ lb.	[illegible]	@[illegible]
Ill. and Wisconsin—firkins—fair to good, ℘ lb.	[illegible]	@[illegible]
Common Western—firkins, ℘ lb.	[illegible]	@[illegible]

The receipts of Cheese have been heavier during the past week and a good fair stock is now on the market. The demand for export continues quite limited, owing to prevailing high prices. The demand for the several Southern markets continues active at full prices. Local demand is now largely increased for fine qualities of stock. We note an advance of half cent ℘ pound in the rates for factories. The market closes with firmness at our quotations, but it is well here to note that prices are sustained only by the lack of sound judgment in the managers of the factories, who are sacrificing the valua-

[illegible] port trade in the hope of extorting higher prices by withholding their goods from market. We quote:

[illegible] Dairies—first quality	[illegible]@15
[illegible] Dairies—second quality	[illegible]@13
Fancy Dairies—first quality	17½@18
Farm Dairies—second quality	15 @17
[illegible]	15 @16
Orange County—[illegible] skimmed	15 @18

RICE—Has been inactive at former prices.

TALLOW—Sales since our last, 24,000 lbs., at 14½c.@14¾c.; and 28,000 lbs. Grease at 15c.@16½c. ₩ lb.

WHISKY—Sales since our last have been confined to small lots, at $2 33@$2 35 ₩ gallon. Market dull, buyers being reluctant to pay asking prices.

FREIGHTS—Light engagements were reported to-day, chiefly for Liverpool, whither there were shipped 1,000 bales cotton at 5-16d. by sailing vessel and ⅞d. by steamer, ₩ lb.; and 14,000 bushels Corn on private terms.

TO LET.

TO LET—FURNISHED, FOR ONE OR TWO years, the residence of Edward E. Mitchell, at Flushing, L. I., one mile from the railroad depot; the house is built with two-story extension, four rooms on first floor, and twelve bed-rooms, furnished throughout; spacious carriage-house and stables, six acres of ground, comprising a lawn with magnificent shade trees; fine garden and fruit trees in great abundance. The situation is one of the most attractive in this vicinity, and combines every advantage that can be desired in a Winter and Summer residence. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., or JAMES B. PARSONS, No. 79 Cedar-st.

TO LET—A TWO-STORY BUILDING, COVERING nine lots of ground, with a front on three streets, and a railroad running from the dock to and through it, admirably suited for storage or manufacturing purposes. Call on C. KELSEY, Union Stores, or No. 19 Strong-place, South Brooklyn. Also, a small one-story and basement building, with two lots.

FURNISHED OFFICE TO RENT.—A large and handsomely furnished office to rent, on third floor, fronting on Broadway, nearly opposite Trinity Church; desk room or a portion of the office will be rented, with bedroom attached. For particulars apply to J. P. BROUNER & CO., No. 34 Reade-st.

TO LET AT ASTORIA, OR FOR SALE.—Two miles from the landing, with or without fourteen acres of land, stables, &c., a large house with nine rooms; will let very low for the Winter, or lease on moderate terms. Also a small cottage to rent in the village. Apply to JOSIAH BLACKWELL, in the village.

AN EXTRA WIDE AND ELEGANT UNfurnished house to rent to a private family only; on a side street near 5th-av.; rent for one, two or three years, $5,000 per annum. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LEASE—FURNISHED, ON MURRAY HILL, for five years, first-class four-story basement house, below 39th-st., near Madison-av., well and fully furnished, to a satisfactory tenant for $3,500 per year. Address HOUSE, Box No. 985 New-York Post-office.

TO LET—A VERY CONVENIENT COACH-house, suitable for four horses, in West 15th-st., from Nov. 1 to May 1, 1866, at $100 per month. Inquire of JO. W. DENHAM, 8th-av. and 16th-st., from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.

SPLENDID COUNTRY SEAT TO LET.—Furnished, at a bargain, opposite West Point; 16 rooms, stables, barns, 25 acres tillable; ten minutes from depot; two hours from town. Apply to A. HENDERSON, No. 107 Fulton-st.

TO LET OR LEASE—PARTLY FURNISHED or not, a fine place at Rye, five miles from depot. Inquire of Mrs. McBRAIR, on the premises, or J. PATERSON, corner of 38th-st. and Broadway.

TO LET—FURNISHED, FOR SIX MONTHS, A three-story modern brick house, beautiful location, between Gates and Fulton avs., Brooklyn. Rent, $135 per month. Address B., Box 4,299 New-York Post-office.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—FIFTEEN MINutes from the ferry, a portion of a private dwelling, suitable for housekeeping; $50 a month. Address H. F., Box No. 141 *Times* Office.

TO RENT—FURNISHED, A FIRST-CLASS AND completely furnished house, to a private family only. Inquire at No. 94 Maiden-lane, between 12 and 3 P. M.

TO LET—NEAR 5TH-AV., FURNISHED, AN elegant extra wide, four-story house in perfect order; full lot. CHEVALLIER & CO., No. 61 Cedar-st.

TO LET—THE PRIVATE BRICK STABLE NO. 57 West 20th-st.; commodious and beautifully situated. Apply on the premises.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—A FOUR-STORY HOUSE, COMfortably furnished in bedrooms as well as parlor, in some good location not above 50th-st.; rent not to exceed $300 a month. Address, stating location, terms, &c., G., Box No. 5,406 New-York Post-office.

A CLERGYMAN DESIRES A SMALL furnished room, with gas and fire, without board, in a house with modern improvements, between 14th and 34th sts. and 3d and 6th avs. Address, stating terms, &c., CHURCHMAN, Box No. 107 *Times* Office.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A MEDIUM sized, first-class brown-stone house, price $12,000 to $15,000, above 20th-st., between 3d and 8th avs.; to be vacated 1st of May next. Address H. B., Box No. 150 *Times* Office.

WANTED—FROM 1ST OF MAY, A FURNISHED country residence, on Washington Heights, suitable for a gentleman's family; accommodation required for eight servants. Address Box No. 1,471 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—A LARGE DOUBLE HOUSE, AND farm of 100 acres, within two hours of New-York; situation must be healthy; give details and price. Address L. H., Box No. 5,456 New-York Post-office.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING.—A FURNISHED FRONT ROOM ON the second floor, and one or two bedrooms, with board, may be had, with a private family, in Williamsburgh, within five minutes' walk of Roosevelt-st. ferry. Apply at No. 125 South 9th-st.

BOARDING—PLEASANT ROOMS ON PARLOR floor, neatly furnished; also, entire second floor; rooms for single gentlemen; dinner at 6. 34 West 29th-st.

BOARD WANTED—FOR A GENTLEMAN, wife and daughter (three adults) in a respectable private family or where there are but few boarders; require two bedrooms and a parlor. Address Box No. 1,301, Post-office.

A PRIVATE TABLE AND ELEGANT suite of unfurnished rooms can be had by a party wishing a strictly first-class home, willing to pay liberally. Address, with name, O. P. E., Box 165 *Times* Office.

AT NO. 106 EAST TWENTY-FIRST-ST., Gramercy Park, a suite of furnished rooms, with board, suitable for a gentleman and wife; house and location desirable; single rooms, top floor.

A FURNISHED SUITE OF ROOMS, WITH or without private table, to let at No. 248 4th-av., opposite Dr. Bellows' Church. References given and required.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL LET WITH board, elegantly and comfortably furnished parlors and bedrooms en suite; those who seek for comfort will find it at No. 110 East 17th-st., near Stuyvesant-square.

186 3D-AV., TWO ROOMS ADJOINING with board, for a small family or a party of single gentlemen; location desirable; one small room.

TO RENT—A FURNISHED ROOM, TO ONE OR two gentlemen, or would take an invalid to board. Inquire at No. 53 West 32d-st.

HOTELS.

LANGHAM HOTEL, PORTLAND-PLACE.—This commodious hotel, the largest in London, is now open; it is situated on the most open and healthy site in the West End, with all modern improvements. Suites of apartments, salle à manger 100 by 40 feet, elegant ladies' room, a spacious sitting and writing room, etc. Within a short drive of all the railway termini. For terms to secure accommodation, address the manager. C. SCHUMANN.

DRY GOODS.

LADIES

PAPER COLLARS

& CUFFS.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

WARD 387 B'WAY N.Y.

AT GAYNOR'S

NEW FRENCH BALMORAL

SKIRTS.

New Black Silk Quilted

SKIRTS.

NEW FRENCH CORSETS,

for Ladies and Misses.

NEW AND ELEGANT GOODS

at reasonable prices.

Having just returned from Paris, we offer our Fall importations at wholesale and retail.

GAYNOR, Importer and Manufacturer,

No. 765 Broadway.

CARPETING, FLOOR OIL-CLOTHS, &c.

SMITH & LOUNSBERRY,

No. 456 BROADWAY, near Grand-st., have now on hand a full assortment of ENGLISH VELVET, TAPESTRY and BRUSSELS CARPETING; also, THREE-PLY and INGRAIN CARPETS, DRUGGETS, and all other articles pertaining to the Carpet trade, which they are selling at IMPORTED and MANUFACTURERS' PRICES for CASH.

BEADS BEADS!! BEADS!!!

AND FANCY GOODS.

M. P. BROWN, Importer,

No. 186 Pearl-st., New-Yo

AT ELGER'S, NEW FALL GOODS, SELECTED by himself in Europe; the largest, cheapest, and most varied assortment in the city. Ladies' and gents' jet chains, pins, bracelets, buckles, ear-rings, &c.; pearl, jet, and fancy buttons; also, steel and gilt goods, English scissors, pen-knives, combs and brushes, portmonnaies, hair nets and waterfalls; also, a full line of best English small wares.

N. B.—JOUVIN'S, and other celebrated kid gloves, at low prices; undressed kids, new colors, only 90c.

W. J. ELGER,

Importer of Hosiery, Gloves, and Fancy Goods,

Nos. 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st.

CHARLOTTE G. SMITH, HAVING JUST RETURNED FROM PARIS, HAS AN ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF FRENCH CLOAKS FOR FALL AND WINTER WEAR, ALSO, OPERA, CARRIAGE AND RECEPTION CLOAKS, WHICH, FOR STYLE AND RICHNESS, DEFY COMPETITION IN EUROPE OR AMERICA. No. 1,142 Broadway, one door above 26th-st., N. Y. City.

FURS.—A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF FRESH FUR, and sold at small profit. Furs cleaned, repaired and altered in the best style, at PHILLIPS' old stand, No. 286 Bleecker-st.

RAW SILK.—20 BALES CANTON REREELED straw braid, 25 cases Canton, for sale by ARCHER & BULL, No. 177 Water-st.

FOR SALE.

HOUSES FOR SALE,

with early possession,

BY HOMER MORGAN,

No. 2 Pine-st.

5th-av., near 10th-st., 25 feet wide	$85,000
5th-av., above 23d-st., corner house	65,000
5th-av., near 30th-st.	60,000
5th-av., near 29th-st., with stable	100,000
5th-av., near 39th-st., with furniture	90,000
5th-av., near 31st-st., with furniture and extra lot	85,000
5th-av., corner 26th-st., extra lot and stable	65,000
5th-av., corner, with extra lot, and stable and furniture	125,000
5th-av., corner, with 3 lots, stable and furniture	120,000
5th-av., new house and extra lot	100,000
Madison-av., with stable and furniture	160,000
Madison-av., corner, with 4 lots, stable, &c	150,000
Madison-av., corner, below 38th-st	46,000
Madison-av., corner, above 38th-st., elegantly painted and decorated	50,000
West 17th-st., with stable and 2 lots	65,000
West 18th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., first-class	30,000
West 20th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., first-class, and furniture	68,000
West 21st-st., between 5th and 6th avs., first-class, and furniture	35,000
West 22d-st., between 5th and 6th avs., first-class, and furniture	55,000
West 23d-st., between 5th and 6th avs., first-class	38,000
West 24th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., first-class	40,000
West 27th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., with furniture	45,000
West 28th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., with furniture	60,000
East 29th-st., near Lexington-av., possession May 1	8,500
East 30th-st., near 5th-av., first-class, with furniture	37,000
West 32d-st., near 5th-av., first-class	50,000
West 33d-st., near 5th-av., English basement	20,000
West 34th-st., near 5th-av., very good, with furniture	75,000
West 35th-st., near 5th-av., with stable	45,000
West 36th-st., near 5th-av., with furniture	60,000
West 37th-st., near 5th-av., with back building	55,000
West 38th-st., near 5th-av., with back building	56,000
East 39th-st., near 4th-av., first-class	30,000
West 39th-st., with furniture	27,000
West 42d-st., English basement	8,750
East 40th-st., with furniture	35,000
East 41st-st., near 5th-av	38,000
East 42d-st., near 5th-av	20,000
West 44th-st., near Broadway	20,000
West 45th-st., near 6th-av	22,000
West 46th-st., near 5th-av., with furniture	45,000
West 47th-st., near 5th-av., with furniture	41,000
West 48th-st., near 6th-av	19,000
West 49th-st., near 7th-av	12,000
West 49th-st., near 6th-av., new	26,000
East 50th-st., near 2d-av	15,000
East 52d-st., near 3d-av., frame cottage	7,000
West 52d-st., between 5th and 6th avs., new	25,000
East 53d-st., near 2d-av	20,000
East 54th-st., near Lexington-av	14,000
East 55th-st., near 1st-av	6,500
East 57th-st., near Lexington-av., new	13,000
East 60th-st., near Lexington-av., new	18,000
East 60th-st., corner Lexington-av., new	50,000
East 78th-st., near 3d-av	8,000
East 82d-st., near 3d-av	7,000
East 85th-st., between 3d and 4th avs., with 2 lots	15,000
East 93d-st., between 3d and 4th avs., new	10,000
129th-st., near 5th-av., with stable and grounds	30,000

FOR SALE—A VERY VALUABLE FARM ON the east bank of the Hudson River, opposite Catskill, and half a mile from Oak Hill Station, containing about 200 acres, in a good state of cultivation. The buildings are new and substantial. It is well wooded and watered, and there are various kinds of fruit on the place. It is one of the most desirable situations on the Hudson, extending half a mile on the river, with some of the finest scenery between New-York and Albany. Also, a very fine farm of 100 acres, on Claverack Creek, three miles from Hudson, under good cultivation. Apply to S. L. MAGOUN, Hudson, N. Y., or JOHN E. GILLETTE, No. 419 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.

FOR SALE.—A BROWN-STONE, HIGH-STOOP house, of extra width, completely furnished, and frescoed throughout in the richest manner. The house is 25x55, with lot of half the block, and is near 5th-av., and convenient to all lines of stages and cars. The house has large parlors, two dining-rooms, and is furnished perfectly, including carpets, costly mirrors, gas-fixtures, with carved rosewood parlor, dining-room and bedroom furniture. This is one of the most complete houses now offered, and is the property of a gentleman leaving the city. Possession will be given immediately if desired. Price $[illegible]. For permits, &c., apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST FARMS IN Dutchess County, situated in New-Hackensack, on Wappinger's Creek, just five miles southeast of Poughkeepsie, on the stage road, containing over [illegible] acres, thoroughly watered and well fenced, several orchards and varieties of fruit, sufficient wood, and no land not tillable; outbuildings in complete order; large double dwelling, nearly new; handsome lawn, with trees, shrubbery, and a lake with fish. Inquire of F. B. FISKE, No. 38 Broadway; MORGAN L. MOTT, Hone House, N. Y.; or on the premises, of HENRY D. HAYT.

FOR SALE—THE MANSION HOUSE AND grounds, late the residence of Mrs. Eliza Barrow, in Jersey City, comprising 14 lots, well shaded with elm and other trees, and fronting 175 feet on Wayne and Mercer sts., and 200 feet on Barrow-st. The house is substantial and well built of wood, filled in with brick, 44 feet by 52 feet, with 12 feet portico in front, and 8 feet [illegible] in rear. There is also a greenhouse and two-story dwelling house upon the premises. Immediate possession can be given.

Apply to HOMER MORGAN, in Pine-st., No. 3 Metropolitan Bank Building, or WILLIAM P. POWERS, No. 106 Broadway.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT AND WELL-BUILT four-story, brown-stone, English basement dwelling-house, with all the modern improvements, and located in one of the most pleasant streets in South Brooklyn; possession given about the middle of November; also, four first-class building lots, 25x133, on south side of 1st-place, between Clinton and Court sts. Apply to PHILANDER SHAW, office Phenix Fire Insurance Company, No. 139 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE—OR WILL BE LET FURNISHED, until first of April next, the homestead residence of the late Aaron Peck, East Orange, N. J.; location very healthy, and very convenient to railroads, both horse and steam; house contains thirteen rooms and modern conveniences, with attractive surroundings; attached to the premises are commodious outbuildings, carriage-house, stables, etc., etc. For particulars, apply to T. C. HOUGHTON, opposite, or to CYRUS PECK, No. 102 Broadway, N. Y.

VALUABLE BROADWAY AND BLEECKER-ST. PROPERTY.—The undersigned, by direction of the heirs, offer at private sale the valuable property situate on the southwest corner Broadway and Bleecker-st., extending through to and fronting on Mercer-st., being 25 feet on Broadway and Mercer-st., by 200 feet on Bleecker-st. MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

A FURNISHED HOUSE FOR SALE OR RENT—No. 82 Lexington-av., near 27th-st.; three-story and basement, high stoop, neatly fitted up and furnished by the owner for his own use, all in good order; will be sold or rented, with or without horses and carriage. For permit to see the premises, apply in person to JOHN FOLEY, No. 189 Broadway, from 10 to 3 o'clock.

A FIRST-CLASS COUNTRY RESIDENCE for sale, one hour from City Hall, at Orange, New-Jersey; price $40,000; and a rustic cottage and ten acres of land on Orange Mountain, $25,000. Also, elegant building lots in Llewellyn Park, of five acres each, for sale low. Apply to T. B. MERRICK & SON, No. 70 William-st., N. Y., and L. S. HASKELL, Library Building, Orange, N. J.

EIGHT FIRST-CLASS BROWN-STONE HOUSES FOR SALE—On the south side of 49th-st., commencing about 100 feet west of 6th-av. These houses are built in the best manner and most modern style, with every convenience, and will be ready for occupation by 1st December; 21 feet 6 inches wide, four-story brown-stone, French roofs. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE CENTRAL PARK LOTS, ON THE 5th and 8th avs.

Also, lots on the streets adjacent to the Park.

Also, lots on the 6th and 7th avs., above the Park.

Also, lots on the principal streets and avenues above and below the Park.

For particulars apply to

ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A THREE-STORY HIGH-STOOP brick house and lot on 34th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., will be sold with or without the furniture, with immediate possession. Price $16,000, or with furniture complete, $20,000. For permits and particulars apply to ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—ON FULTON-av., a good brick store, with nice dwelling apartments of five large rooms, five bedrooms and seven closets; possession 1st of November; water and gas. Terms to suit. Inquire on the premises, Fulton-av., 5 doors west of Grand-av.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 49 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE—POSSESSION GIVEN IMMEDIately, a handsome suburban residence at Elizabeth, N. J., 40 minutes from New-York, eight minutes' walk from depot; house 28 feet by 60, lot 65 by 200; facing a fine park in a fine neighborhood; price $7,000. Inquire of DREW & FRENCH, No. 180 Reade-st.

FOR SALE—A VERY FINE BUILDING SITE, in whole or part, in town of Greenburgh, with fine view of Hudson River, containing 80 acres, at $500 per acre. A low price in comparison. Address M. K. COUZENS, Surveyor, Yonkers, N. Y.

FOR SALE—WITH POSSESSION, BROWN-stone front three-story high-stoop house and lot, No. 155 Lexington-av.; newly fitted up. Inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE—A THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE in 24th-st., near Broadway, with possession 1st May next. Price $18,000. Apply to

HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, an elegant house on 5th-av., in the vicinity of 14th-st., 34 feet wide and about 90 feet deep. Price, $160,000. Also two more, of extra size and ground, with stable. Price, $125,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—WITH FURNITURE AND IMMEDIATE possession, the first-class four-story brown-stone high-stoop house, No. 69 East 34th-st., between 4th and Lexington avs. Apply to

HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

WANTED—A GOOD HOUSE OR FARM IN EXchange for Brooklyn lots and cash; also a good house, three story and basement, brick, No. 401 Pacific-st., Brooklyn, price $6,500. Apply to D. W. BROWN, No. 117 Maiden-lane, New-York.

HOUSE FOR SALE.—ONE OR MORE NEAT new houses, with nice court-yard and modern improvements, in East 41st-st., near the East river. Price $7,000. Apply at No. 23 Nassau-st., Room No. 20, after 10 o'clock.

FOR SALE.—THE FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY brown-stone front house and lot, No. 187 Lexington-av.; immediate possession given. Apply to MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE—AT THE LOW PRICE OF $5,000, dwelling-house, barn and 18 acres of ground pleasantly located at Plainfield, New-Jersey. Apply to A. JOURNEAY, No. 6 Pine-st.

SPLENDID FARM ON THE RARITAN River.—85 acres choice land; fine view, sailing, fishing, pleasant surroundings; also 55 acres on same river, finely located; sell low. JAQUES, No. 40 Dey-st.

FOR SALE—ON BROADWAY, OPPOSITE THE park, a first-class piece of property, with possession 1st of May next; price $150,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FARM WANTED ON LEASE—WITH OR without a contract to buy; if well stocked preferred. Address FRS. GARDNER, Box No. 3,919 New-York Post-office.

FOR SALE—A LONG LEASE OF VALUABLE property on Broadway, opposite the Park. Apply to MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

KENTLEDGE AND PIG IRON FOR BALlast for sale in lots to suit purchasers, by WM. D. ANDREWS & BRO., No. 414 Water-st., New-York.

AUCTION SALES.

CLOSING SALES OF GOVERNMENT HORSES AND MULES.

QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 25, 1865.

Will be sold at public auction, during the month of October, to the highest bidder, at the time and places named below, viz.:

NEW-YORK.

New-York City, TUESDAY of each week—100 horses each day.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Philadelphia, THURSDAY of each week—100 horses each day.

Philadelphia, SATURDAY of each week—100 mules each day.

Harrisburgh, TUESDAY of each week—100 mules each day.

Harrisburgh, THURSDAY of each week—150 horses each day.

Reading, TUESDAY, Oct. 3—150 horses.

Greensburgh, FRIDAY, Oct. 13—150 horses.

Lancaster, THURSDAY, Oct. 19—150 horses.

Pittsburgh, THURSDAY, Oct. 26—150 horses.

Allentown, TUESDAY, Oct. 31—150 horses.

DELAWARE.

Wilmington, TUESDAY of each week—100 horses each day.

Wilmington, FRIDAY of each week—100 mules each day.

MISSOURI.

St. Louis, Oct. 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9 and 10—150 mules each day.

St. Louis, Oct. 11, 12, 13 and 14—150 horses each day.

St. Louis, Oct. 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 30 and 31—150 mules each day.

GIESBORO, D. C.

TUESDAY and THURSDAY of each week—100 horses each day.

No sales of mules will take place at WASHINGTON, D. C.

The animals to be sold in October are superior to any heretofore offered to the public. The majority of them are sound and serviceable.

It is expected that at this series of sales all the surplus government animals will be disposed of. Buyers should, therefore, avail themselves of this last opportunity to purchase.

Animals will be sold singly.

Sales to commence at 10 A. M.

Terms—Cash, in United States currency.

JAMES A. EKIN,

Brevet Brigadier-General, in charge First Division Q. G. O.

FINAL SALE OF GOVERNMENT HORSES AND MULES.

QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 24, 1865.

Will be sold at public auction, during the month of November, to the highest bidder, at the time and places named below, viz:

NEW-YORK.

New-York City—TUESDAY of each week, 100 HORSES each day.

New-York City—THURSDAY of each week, 100 MULES each day.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Philadelphia, Penn.—THURSDAY, Nov. 2, 9, 16 and 23, 100 HORSES each day.

Philadelphia, Penn.—SATURDAY of each week, 100 MULES each day.

Harrisburgh, Penn.—TUESDAY of each week, 100 MULES each day.

Harrisburgh, Penn.—THURSDAY, Nov. 2, 9, 16 and 23, 100 HORSES each day.

Mechanicsburgh, Penn.—TUESDAY, Nov. 7, 100 HORSES.

Allentown, Penn.—WEDNESDAY, Nov. 10, 100 HORSES.

Pottsville, Penn.—FRIDAY, Nov. 12, 100 HORSES.

Chester, Delaware County, Penn.—WEDNESDAY, Nov. 22, 100 HORSES.

Titusville, Penn.—THURSDAY, Nov. 16, 100 HORSES.

Titusville, Penn.—THURSDAY, Nov. 30, 100 HORSES.

Titusville, Penn.—THURSDAY and FRIDAY, Nov. 23 and 24, 100 MULES each day.

DELAWARE.

Wilmington, Del.—TUESDAY of each week, 100 HORSES each day.

Wilmington, Del.—FRIDAY of each week, 100 MULES each day.

MARYLAND.

Baltimore, Md.—WEDNESDAY, Nov. 15, 100 HORSES.

Baltimore, Md.—WEDNESDAY, Nov. 22, 100 HORSES.

GIESBORO, D. C.

TUESDAYS and THURSDAYS of each week, 100 HORSES each day.

NO SALES OF MULES WILL TAKE PLACE AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

At this series of sales, all the government animals will be disposed of. Buyers should, therefore, avail themselves of this last opportunity to purchase.

For sales of public animals in the West, see official Western papers.

Animals will be sold singly.

Sales to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.

Terms—Cash in United States currency.

By order of the Quartermaster-General.

JAMES A. EKIN,

Brevet Brigadier-General, in charge

First Division, Q. M. G. O.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL SALE.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.

By virtue of order of sale to me directed, by the Honorable District Court of the United States for the Southern District of Florida, I will sell at PUBLIC AUCTION,

On FRIDAY, Nov. 3, 1865,

at 12 o'clock M.,

THE PRIZE STEAMER

WREN,

HER TACKLE, APPAREL, &c.,

AS SHE NOW LIES,

AT ATLANTIC DOCK, BROOKLYN.

For cards to examine, apply at the office of BENNER & BROWN, No. 113 Wall-st.

GEO. D. ALLEN,

United States Marshal So. Dist. Florida.

J. H. DRAPER, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES COTTON SALE.

JOHN H. DRAPER & CO.

will sell on FRIDAY, Nov. 3, 1865, at 1 o'clock P. M., at the

Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway,

by order of Simeon Draper, U. S. Cotton Agent,

2,600 BALES MOBILE COTTON.

The above cotton has been classed and sampled by G. W. Amory, and may be seen in bale at the Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn, and by sample at the office of the auctioneer, No. 36 Pine-st., two days before the sale.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.

MAGNIFICENT SALE OF

REAL BRONZE AND MARBLE CLOCKS,

BRONZE GROUPES AND STATUETTES,

SEVRES AND FRENCH CHINA VASES,

SUPERB CUT GLASSWARE,

PARIAN AND BISQUE STATUETTES,

SUPERB TOILET SETS,

and a large variety of elegant French goods, just arrived, to be sold at auction on THIS DAY, at the salesroom, NO. 60 LIBERTY-ST., at 11 o'clock A. M.

LADIES are particularly invited to examine them. Sale positive.

RAILROAD CARS AT AUCTION.

UNITED STATES MILITARY RAILROADS,
OFFICE OF ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 10, 1865.

I will sell at public auction, on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 8, at one (1) P. M., near the depot of the New-York Central Railroad, in Buffalo, N.Y., ten (10) new Eight-wheeled Box Freight Cars, five (5) foot guage.

Terms—cash, in government bonds.

H. L. ROBINSON,

Bvt. Col. and A. G. M.

RICHARD WALTERS, Auctioneer.

MARSHAL SALE.

LIQUOR-STORE.

RICHARD WALTERS, Auctioneer, will sell THIS DAY, (Friday,) at 11 o'clock, at northwest corner Houston and Mott streets, the stock and fixtures of liquor-store. JOHN S. STEWART, Marshal.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

H. H. LEEDS & MINER WILL SELL by auction, on the EVENINGS of THURSDAY, 26th, and FRIDAY, 27th inst., at 7½ o'clock each evening, at the old DUSSELDORF GALLERY, No. 548 Broadway:

LARGE SALE OF HIGH-CLASS OIL-PAINTINGS AND WATER COLORS OF THE ENGLISH, FRENCH, DUSSELDORF AND AMERICAN SCHOOLS.

Among many other great artists are the following:

E. Leutze,	F. E. Church,	Lilly M. Spencer,
C. Schussele,	Bisuvelt,	Pyne,
Thos. Cole,	W. H. Beard,	George Inness,
Thos. Doughty,	Moran,	Sommers,
James M. Hart,	G. H. Boughton,	G. H. Hall,
Gignoux,		B. F. Tryon & Co.

ENGLISH.

C. Stanfield, R. A.,	Turner, R. A.,	Fitz Patrick, R. A.,
Cooper, R. A.,	Poole, R. A.,	Cobbett,
D. Roberts, R. A.,	G. Harvey, R. A.,	Phillip, R. A.,
G. B. Oneil,	Hallyar,	E. C. Bowles,
Boddington,	Ansdale,	Meadows,
C. Shayer, signed,	Bromley,	Etty and others.

EUROPEAN SCHOOL.

Muller,	Le Jeune,	Picard,
Bruner,	Le Poit,	Seignac,
Becar,	Victor Dupre,	Duverger.

With other high-class pictures. They will be on exhibition as above one week, and two evenings before the sale.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, Oct. 19, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, under the direction of MOSES TAYLOR, EDWARD BEMENT and PHILO C. CALHOUN, assignees of Morris Ketchum, the lot of land on the northwest corner of 5th-av. and 38th-st., being 25 feet 9 inches front on the avenue, and 100 feet deep on 38th-st., together with the adjoining lot on 38th-st., being 17 feet front on the street and 48 feet 9 inches deep, with the first-class four-story brown-stone front house thereon, being 25 feet 9 inches on the avenue and 117 feet deep on 38th-st. The house is wainscotted, with black walnut, from the first story to the attic, and is in every respect a first-class dwelling. Also the lot with the two-story brick building used as a stable on the northerly side of 39th-st., 120 feet west of Madison-av., 24 feet in width by 98 feet 9 inches in depth. The stable is complete in every respect, containing stalls for six horses, cow, &c. The upper part is fitted up for a dwelling for a coachman and his family. Also the lot of land with the four-story English-basement house thereon on the northerly side of West 38th-st., 407 feet 6 inches westerly from the northwesterly corner of 5th-av. and West 38th-st., and known as No. 31 West 38th-st., being 18 feet 9 inches in width by 98 feet 9 inches in depth.

These three parcels are believed to be free from all incumbrances except a life estate of Mary Munroe, in the 38th-st. property, and the inchoate right of dower of Mrs. Margaret Ketchum in all three parcels; which incumbrance, if not provided for before the day of sale, the purchaser must arrange for or take the premises subject to. Terms, 10 per cent., and the auctioneer's fee on the day of sale, and the remainder in cash, at No. 40 Exchange-place, (the office of the assignees,) on Nov. 20, at 12 M., at which time and place the usual Trustee's deed will be given. The furniture, which is all adapted to the house, now in the premises, corner of 5th-av. and 38th-st., may be taken by the purchaser at an appraisal, or if not so taken, it will be sold at the house on some day between Oct. 19 and Nov. 20, of which notice will be given hereafter. For cards of admission to the houses, which can be seen on Tuesdays and Fridays, from 11 to 1 o'clock, apply to the auctioneers, No. 5½ Pine-st.

The sale of the above described property is adjourned to the 8th day of November next, at same time and place.

GEORGE COOK, Auctioneer—Office No. 91 Liberty-st.

VERY ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, carriages, wagons, robes, bells, &c., by GEORGE COOK, on MONDAY, Oct. 30, at 10 o'clock, at the elegant house No. 15 East 36th-st., between 5th and Madison avs., viz: superb solid rosewood parlor suites, in brocatel, moquet and reps, rosewood chamber suites, dining-room and library furniture, superb velvet carpets, mirrors, bronzes, curtains, and the entire furniture; also two superb carriages and harness, two wagons and harness, robes, bells, one horse and all the stable fixtures, with which the sale will commence. Catalogues now ready at the office of the auctioneer.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF 80 VALUABLE lots, by order of Ellen M. Murray, executrix and Bernard McCafferty, executor, of the estate of Peter Murray, deceased.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS, & CO., will sell at auction on TUESDAY, Nov. 14, 1865, at 12 o'clock M., at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, about 80 valuable lots, situated on 11th-av., 76th, 77th, 78th and 92d sts., between the 9th and 11th avs. 70 per cent. can remain on bond and mortgage for five or ten years.

Further particulars hereafter.

AUCTION SALES.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT STEAMERS.

DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 21, 1865.

Will be sold at Baltimore, Md., under direction of Capt. C. B. Beach, A. Q. M., on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 1, 1865, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Government Wharf, south side of Basin, the government vessels hereinafter named and described, viz.:

The DIAMOND, side-wheel steamer of 489 tons, iron hull, length on deck, 186 feet; beam, 29 feet; depth of hold, 8 feet; draft, 6 feet; has two oscillating engines; diameter of cylinder, 40 inches; stroke of piston, 44 inches; two boilers, two masts, with fore and aft sails, and well found in anchors, chains, &c., &c.

This vessel has saloon and state-room accommodations and makes about 15 miles per hour.

The WINNISSIMMET, double-end side-wheel ferry-boat of 365 tons, iron hull; length on deck, 150 feet; beam, 25 feet; over all, 54 feet; depth of hold, 15 feet; draft, 8 feet; has one low-pressure beam engine; diameter of cylinder, 36 inches; stroke of piston, 8 feet. Boiler and engine in good running order, and vessel well supplied in her general outfits.

The CURLEW, side-wheel, double-end ferry-boat, of 343 tons, wooden hull; length on deck, 136 feet; beam, 28 feet; depth of hold, 9 feet 6 inches; draft, 7 feet. Has one beam engine; diameter of cylinder, 32 inches; stroke of piston, 9 feet.

This steamer was thoroughly repaired and supplied with a new boiler in 1864, and is a staunch vessel, being well supplied with anchors, chains, &c., &c.

The EASTERN STATE, screw steamer of 440 tons, white oak hull, copper and iron fastened; length on deck, 164 feet; beam, 24 feet; depth of lower hold, 9¼ feet; between decks, 6 feet; draft, 10 feet 6 inches; capacity of cargo, 2,500 barrels; has two direct-acting low-pressure engines; diameter of cylinder, 30 inches; stroke of piston, 26 inches; one flue boiler.

This vessel has been recently metalled, is in excellent repair and well found in all her outfits. She is staunch and well suited for sea service.

The JOHN FARRON, side-wheel steamer of 314 tons, wooden hull; length on deck, 150 feet; beam, 26 feet; over all, 49 feet; depth of hold, 8 feet; draft, 4 feet; has one low-pressure beam engine; diameter of cylinder, 36 inches; stroke of piston, 8 feet, and is well found in anchors, chains and general outfits.

Terms cash, in government funds, on day of sale.

G. W. BRADLEY,

Colonel and Chief Quartermaster

Middle Military Department.

BENJ. F. THEALL, Auctioneer,
(late salesman with E. H. Ludlow & Co.)
Salesroom No. 28 Liberty-st., near Nassau.

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIER AND MANTEL MIRRORS, CARPETS, CHINA AND GLASS, SILVERWARE, &c., &c.

THEALL & CURTIS will sell at auction TO-MORROW, (Saturday,) Oct. 28, 1865, at 10½ o'clock, at their SALESROOM, NO. 28 LIBERTY-ST.,

between Nassau and William sts.:

The entire contents of a private residence at Williams' Bridge, removed for convenience of sale, viz.: Rosewood, walnut and mahogany sofas, chairs and arm-chairs, marble-top tables, card and fancy tables, etageres, bookcases, elegant carved oak cabinet, walnut and mahogany French bedsteads, dressing-bureaus, washstands, enameled bedroom suites, paillasses, straw, husk and hair mattresses, bolsters and pillows, blankets, sheets, reps, lace curtains, easy chairs, lounges, Brussels and ingrain carpets, matting, china, glass, &c. Also, one French plate mantel mirror, one French plate pier mirror, silver-plated tea sets, casters, table ware, &c., together with an assortment of kitchen utensils. Catalogues early on morning of sale.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL sell by auction, on FRIDAY, Oct. 27, 1865, at 11 o'clock A. M., at E. Luff's Hotel, corner of 110th-st. and 6th-av., (Harlem-lane,) immediately opposite to the upper entrance of the Central Park. Large and important sale of thorough-bred trotting stock, Devon cattle, Suffolk swine, &c., from Messrs. A. B. Conger, J. B. Monnot, The Jay Farm, Katonah, and other parties, among which will be found some of the finest blooded stock in the country, consisting of mares, geldings, fillies and colts, thorough-bred and trotting, the get of Bayard, Patchen, Majorlow, Logan, Mango, and others. Devon cattle, thorough-breds from imported stock, the get imported by Frank Quartly, Washington, Fordham, and others. Swine, superior Suffolk, from Col. Morris and Mr. Stickney, of Boston, importation. They will be ready for exhibition, as above, on the afternoon of Thursday, 26th inst., day before sale. N. B.—Parties desiring to offer at auction horses, wagons, &c., at this sale, will please make early application to the Auctioneers, at once, as [illegible]. Catalogues are now ready at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 23 Liberty-st.

ALSO—Bay gelding Utopian, 5 years old, by Lexington; dam [illegible].

Bay mare Primrose, by Rysdyk.

Stallion Sultan, chestnut, by Trustee, dam Henry Clay; mare 15 hands 1 inch high.

Stallion, Emperor, chestnut, by Trustee; 16 hands high.

Three William Tell colts, 4, 5 and 6 years old.

A brown Abdallah mare, stylish and fast, 6 years old, sound and kind in all harness, 15½ hands high.

Black Hawk colt, 4 years old 15½ hands high, sound and kind in all harness.

White mare, 8 years old, 14½ hands high, sound and kind in all harness; a superior saddle animal.

A pair of bay Carriage Horses, 16 hands high, 8 years old, stylish and good travelers; kind in all harness.

Sorrel filly, 3 years old, by imported Pantaloon, out of fast trotting mare, 15 hands high.

A pair of Morgan black Carriage Horses, 15 hands 1 inch high, 7 and 8 years old, kind and gentle in all harness and saddle, long tails, fair drivers; can trot in 3½ minutes.

A light top wagon, built by Daly, nearly new; 225 pounds.

A no-top ¾ seat wagon, built by Goodwin; 125 pounds.

A set of single covered harness.

A pair of West India ponies, small, about 12 hands high, broken and gentle in all harness.

A four-seat pony wagon.

A set of pony harness.

Devon bull General Grant, sire Huron, 604, dam Pansay, 1,527; took first premium New-York State Fair, Utica, 1863.

ST. NICHOLAS.

Bay stallion, 15 hands 3 inches, 8 years old, by imp. Trustee; dam Abdalla mare, 9 years old; dam Bashaw; broke to harness.

MAY FLOWER.

Roan brood mare, 15 hands 2 inches, 7 years old, by Orelio, full brother to Logan, dam Messenger; mare broke to harness; has a Jupiter filly by side.

SADDLE MARE.

A bay mare, 15 hands high, 7 years old; believed to be sound and gentle in all harness; quite spirited and stylish; an excellent saddle beast for a lady.

PAIR OF ROAD HORSES.

A pair of road horses, one bay and one sorrel, 15 hands, 4 and 5 years old, warranted sound and kind in all harness, and good saddle horses; perfectly gentle.

BAY HORSE.

A bay horse, 6 years old, 15 hands 1 inch; very stylish, sound and kind in all harness and saddle.

BROWN HORSE.

A brown horse, 15½ hands, 7 years old, sound and kind in all harness and saddle.

BAY COLT.

A bay colt, 15 hands, 5 years old, quite fast, sound and kind in double harness and saddle.

STALLION.

Black stallion, 4 years old, about 15 hands, by imp. Knight of St. George, out of Addie Tavis, by imp. Albion.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

MINER & SOMERVILLE WILL SELL at auction, FRIDAY, Oct. 28, at their salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., household furniture, comprising Brussels and ingrain carpets, enameled cottage suites, extension tables, mahogany and black walnut bookcases, sofas, lounges, mahogany chairs and tete-a-tetes, curled hair, straw, and husk mattresses, paillasses, feather beds, blankets, quilts, sheets, table linen, dining sets, easy chairs, oak library suite, chandeliers, marble groups and figures, rosewood piano-forte, rosewood triolodeons, &c., together with crockery and glass ware, kitchen utensils, &c., &c.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE WATER-FRONT PROPERTY IN BROOKLYN AT PUBLIC AUCTION.—BURDETT, JONES & CO. will sell at public auction, on TUESDAY, Oct. 31, 1865, at 12 o'clock, on the premises, (by order of the trustees,) Atlantic Marine Railway Company, all that valuable property belonging to the Atlantic Marine Railway Company, situated at Red Hook Point, Brooklyn, consisting of about 150 feet water front by 745 feet deep. The depth of water at this pier is sufficient to float ships of the largest class. For further particulars inquire of F. Z. TUCKER, on the premises, or at the office of BENNER & BROWN, No. 113 Wall-st.

LEWIS E. WOOD, Auctioneer.

LEWIS E. WOOD WILL SELL, THIS DAY, at 2 o'clock P. M., to close an estate, executor's sale of 60 choice building lots, (corner and inside,) at Claremont, South Bergen, 1½ miles from Cortland, Liberty and Desbrosses streets ferries by horse and dummy cars every ten minutes; in the midst of elegant improvements, schools and churches of all denominations; secure your home within 25 minutes of the City Hall, New-York; light taxation; terms easy.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.

SATURDAY, OCT. 28, AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M., at No. — 21st-st., third house east of 3d-av., South Brooklyn, walnut parlor suite, in green figured damask; handsome oiled walnut chamber suite, Brussels carpet and oil-cloth, extension table, crockery and kitchen furniture, in good order.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT under and by virtue of a certain instrument of indenture, dated the sixth day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, made and entered into between EDWARD K. COLLINS, JAMES BROWN, ELISHA RIGGS, WILLIAM S. WETMORE and STEWART BROWN, of the first part; PROSPER M. WETMORE, of the second part, and the United States of America, by JOHN Y. MASON, Secretary of the Navy of the United States, of the third part, and for the purpose of obtaining repayment of the sum of one hundred and fifteen thousand and five hundred dollars, being the amount of the outstanding balance of advances due, unpaid and unrefunded to the United States, with interest thereon from the twentieth day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, I will on the first day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, at 12 o'clock at noon, sell at the Merchants' Exchange, at the City of New-York, at public auction, for cash, the steamship *Atlantic*, her tackle, apparel, &c.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.

New-York, April 19, 1858.

The above sale having been postponed from time to time to this date, it is hereby again postponed until THURSDAY, October twenty, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, at twelve o'clock at noon.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.

New-York, May 31, 1864.

The above sale is postponed till WEDNESDAY, November thirty, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, at the same hour and place.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.

New-York, October 20, 1864.

The above sale is postponed till THURSDAY, January twenty-six, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, at the same hour and place.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.

New-York, November 30, 1864.

The above sale is postponed till THURSDAY, March twenty-three, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, at the same hour and place.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.

New-York, January 26, 1865.

The above sale is postponed till WEDNESDAY, April twenty-six, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, at the same hour and place.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.

New-York, March 23, 1865.

The above sale is postponed till WEDNESDAY, May twenty-four, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, at the same hour and place.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.

New-York, April 26, 1865.

The above sale is postponed till Wednesday, June 28, 1865, at the same hour and place.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.

New-York, May 24, 1865.

The above sale is postponed till WEDNESDAY, August 23, 1865, at the same hour and place.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.

New-York, June 28, 1865.

The above sale is postponed till THURSDAY, October twenty-six, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, at the same hour and place.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.

New-York, Aug. 23, 1865.

The above sale is postponed till THURSDAY, December twenty-eight, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, at the same hour and place.

PROSPER M. WETMORE, Trustee.

New-York, October 26, 1865. oc27-lawtod28

AUCTION SALES.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER, Auctioneers.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL SELL at auction, on SATURDAY, Oct. 28, at 10½ o'clock, at the salesroom, No. 23 Liberty-st.:

Household furniture, consisting of Brussels and ingrain carpets, carved rosewood suites in crimson, figured brocatel, carved rosewood mirror-back etagere, carved rosewood marble-top centre table, mahogany suites, lace window curtains, gilt cornices, tables, mahogany marble-top dressing bureaus, mahogany sofas and lounges in delaine, &c.; also, at 10½ o'clock, by order of the Proprietors of St. Nicholas Hotel, about fifty packages of unclaimed baggage sold to pay charges.

Also, a set of six [illegible] plated dish covers.

At 12 o'clock, a set of single harness, &c.

At 10½ o'clock.

A large and valuable assortment of household furniture, removed for convenience of sale, a large stock of beds, pillows, linen sheets, counterpanes, pillow-cases, fine hair mattresses, chairs, tables, mirrors, pictures, trucks, wheelbarrows, lanterns, crockery, glass and plated ware, cooking utensils, a large lot of Brussels and ingrain carpets, all nearly new and made for a first-class steamer.

INSTRUCTION.

COLUMBIA GRAMMAR SCHOOL—NOS. 237 and 239 4th-av. Rev. Dr. GEORGE W. BACON, LL.B., Principal; Dr. RICHARD S. BACON, LL.B., Vice-Principal, with nine assistant instructors. Three departments—Classical, Commercial and Preparatory. All the advantages of the institution, including modern languages, gymnasium and military drill, are open to every pupil, without extra charge. Pupils coming from a distance will be received into the families of the instructors. Catalogues containing full particulars at the book-stores and School.

MRS. AND MISS STEERS'

French and English boarding and day school for young ladies, No. 58 West 11th-st., will reopen THURSDAY, Sept. 21. The class for boys under ten will reopen at No. 68, and will be enlarged by request.

Classes in elocution with Mrs. Vandenhoff, and in languages by Professors, commence Oct. 15.

DR. DWIGHT'S SCHOOL IS AT NO. 1,144 Broadway, near 26th-st. The following parents have sons in it, and have had for two years past: William M. Evarts, Rev. Dr. E. H. Chapin, Wm. A. Booth, Judge D. P. Ingraham, Joseph Nason, E. T. Tefft, Z. Ely, Rev. Dr. D. B. Coe, S. L. Mitchell, D. Perkins.

GARDNER INSTITUTE.—ENGLISH and French boarding and day school for young ladies, No. 15 East 28th-st. (bet. Madison and 5th avs.) will reopen Sept. 19. C. H. GARDNER, Principal.

MR. JAMES H. TYNG'S

SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

In reopening his school at No. 907 Broadway, Mr. Tyng would offer the following suggestions:

The number of pupils received will under no circumstances exceed twenty.

Each of these will be taught in all the usual studies by Mr. Tyng himself.

French (daily lessons) will be taught by a very competent professor.

Most of the lessons will be studied, as well as recited, in school, and few given to be learned at home.

Thorough elementary instruction will be especially aimed at.

The school-room, with its surroundings, is very convenient, and secure from all hurtful exposures.

The school year begins in September, and ends by the 1st of July. The daily sessions are from 8½ to 2 o'clock.

No pupil is received for less time than through the year.

TERMS—For all branches of instruction, including books, stationery, and all incidentals, $200 a year, payable half yearly in advance, viz., on entering and on the 1st of February.

To carry out this plan and make it effectual to the best results, Mr. T. devotes his entire attention, with whatever ability many years of experience may have given. On this point, however, he begs leave to refer to the following gentlemen, who have formerly obliged him with their confidence.

REFERENCES.

Messrs. Jacob Leroy,	Edward Willis,
[illegible],	Warren Hastings,
Wm. Redmond,	George Duer,
B. F. Dawson,	W. T. Hooker,
Leonard Spencer,	John L. Rodgers,

And other parents.

Edward A. Leroy,	Gardner Hopkins,
Thos. Lawrence,	John Babcock,
T. Astley Atkins,	Wm. E. Shepard,
M. A. Tyng,	H. C. Hooker,
Frederick Thompson,	Henry Morgan,
George W. Wilson,	Benjamin Gaul,
Henry Redmond,	Thomas Willis,
J. Bowers Lee,	Benj. Dawson, M. D.,
James Duer,	F. H. Atkins, M. D.,

And other former pupils.

MRS. SYLVANUS REED'S

French and English Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 11 West 38th-st., will reopen on the 20th September.

References: Bishop Potter, Bishop Kip, Rev. W. B. Sprague, D. D., Hon. M. Fillmore, Major-Gen. Dix, Hon. W. Hunt, Rev. Morgan Dix, D. D., Henry A. Smythe, Esq., Edwin Hoyt, Esq., Hon. Erastus Corning, &c.

SEWARD INSTITUTE

FOR BOYS,

Florida, Orange County, N. Y.

Hon. WM. H. SEWARD, President.

The Winter session of this institution will open Oct. 17. Number of boarders limited to thirty. Terms, per session of 21 weeks, $100. Catalogues containing full particulars may be had at No. 17 Ann-st., or at the institute.

T. G. SCHRIVER, A. M., Principal.

MISS KENNEDY'S

French and English School for Young Ladies, No. 41 West 16th-st., New-York. Miss KENNEDY receives a limited number of boarding pupils, and has still a few vacancies. The young ladies are under her own constant supervision, and have every facility for acquiring a thorough and accomplished education.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

FRENCH CLASSES

BY PROF. TH. DE L'OUEST,

For Ladies only, in the daytime,

From 4 to 6 P. M.

Apply at the desk.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

YONKERS MILITARY INSTITUTE,

16 miles above New-York, on the Hudson.

Get circulars of W. H. Arthur & Co., No. 39 Nassau-st., New-York, or of BENJAMIN MASON, Yonkers, N. Y.

MRS. FITZ-HENRI'S

English and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, No. 40 Irving-place, will reopen on WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 20.

TOWNSEND'S COMMERCIAL ACADMEY

No. 260 Bowery, below Houston-st.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING for ladies and gentlemen.

PRIVATE INSTRUCTION in all the English branches.

MR. VAN NORMAN'S

English and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies, No. 5 West 38th-st., two doors from 5th-av., Murray Hill, New-York.

R. P. JENKS'

School will reopen at No. 1,132 Broadway, three doors above 26th-st., on MONDAY, Sept. 11.

ELOCUTION AND VOCAL CULTURE.

PROF. J. E. FROBISHER.

Address No. 122 East 16th-st.

A GREAT REDUCTION FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY.—GOLDSMITH'S Penmanship, Bookkeeping, &c., No. 798 Broadway.—NOTICE.—Pupils will be received prior to Nov. 1, for the term commencing on that day, at a reduction of nearly one-half. Particulars in circulars.

JOHN MAC MULLEN'S CLASSICAL, French, English and Primary School, No. 900 Broadway, corner of 20th-st., was reopened on THURSDAY, Sept. 14. Circulars at the bookstore of Mitchell & Seixas, No. 911 Broadway, and at Corwin's, No. 900 Broadway.

THE ENGLISH, FRENCH AND CLASSICAL School of Dr. F. BERTHET and B. BRAMAN, will open Sept. 18, at No. 220 Broadway. There is a gymnasium. For circulars apply at Lockwood's, No. 411 Broadway.

MR. LEGGETT'S CLASSICAL, FRENCH, German and English School, with Gymnasium, No. 1,214 Broadway, one door below 30th-st., reopens MONDAY, Sept. 11. Circulars at the school; Lockwood's, No. 411, and Sereo's, No. 838 Broadway.

IRVING INSTITUTE—TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A boarding school for boys. The fifty-sixth semi-annual session will commence WEDNESDAY, Nov. 1. For circulars apply to the principal,

D. S. ROWE, A. M.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, No. 126 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal, on Washington Square, (Classical, Mathematical, Foreign Languages, Commercial and Primary,) GEO. W. CLARKE, A. M., Rector.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL OF THE UNIVERSITY, opposite Washington-square.

PRIMARY, COMMERCIAL, CLASSICAL.

Prepares for college, business, West Point.

PROF. WATSON'S PRIVATE MUSICAL ACADEMY.—Piano, violin, guitar, singing and harmony lessons. Address No. 543 Broadway, or call at Academy, No. 645 6th-av.

125TH-ST. AND 5TH-AV.—COLONNADE House reopened Sept. 19. Professors of eminence employed in the various departments. Stages in attendance for young ladies at a distance.

SELECT FAMILY BOARDING SCHOOL, at Bay Side House, 39th-st., Brooklyn. French and Spanish spoken in the school. Principal, Prof. GEO. TREGENT.

ALL THE ENGLISH BRANCHES taught thoroughly; five years' experience; best of reference from prominent individuals; terms, $1 an hour. Address H., Box No. 185 *Times* Office.

MR. TYNG'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS, NO. 907 Broadway. Number limited to twenty. Most lessons learned in school. Circulars obtained as above.

E. A. GIBBENS' CLASSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS, No. 54 West 32d-st., corner of Broadway.

MISS SCHENKBERG DESIRES TO fill a few vacancies in her class of young ladies, which will open Sept. 21, at No. 109 (old No. 6) West 41st-st.

MILITARY BOARDING-SCHOOL, WHITE Plains, N. Y., one hour's ride from the city, by Harlem Railroad. Principal, O. R. WILLIS, A. M.

A FAMILY SCHOOL FOR TWELVE boys, in Morris, Conn. For particulars and reference address as above. SAMUEL M. ENSIGN.

THE MISSES MEIKLEHAM, NO. 151 West 26th-st., will open a school for young children Sept. 18.

THE MISSES ROGERS' ENGLISH AND FRENCH SCHOOL for Young Ladies and Misses, No. 236 West 20th-st., will reopen on TUESDAY, Sept. 12.

MISS SARAH SEDGWICK'S SCHOOL for boys will open Sept. 18, at No. 65 West 34th-st., one door west of Broadway. Residence 66 East 17th-st.

MRS. BROWN'S ENGLISH AND FRENCH School for Young Ladies and Children, No. 71 West 23d-st., will reopen on TUESDAY, Sept. 19.

MILITARY ACADEMY, TARRYTOWN, ON THE HUDSON.—For circulars, apply to the Superintendent, Gen. M. J. LOCKWOOD.

THE MISSES BUCKNALL'S ENGLISH AND French boarding and day school, No. 3 West 37th-st., second door from 5th-av., will reopen Sept. 18, 1865.

AN OXFORD, M. A., DESIRES A FEW pupils. Address [illegible], No. [illegible] West [illegible]-st.

INSTRUCTION.

CHARLIER FRENCH INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG GENTLEMEN—Nos. 48 and 50 East 24th-st., will reopen on TUESDAY, Sept. 19. Boarding and day school. Boys prepared for college, business, West Point and the navy school. French is the language used at large, and is taught, spoken without interfering with other studies. The prospectus contains the names of the pupils and their parents during the past ten years. A primary department for young boys over seven.

Prof. ELIE CHARLIER, Director.

MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL,

No. 938 Broadway, northwest corner of 21st-st., now open.

Pupils prepared for School of Mines and Colleges.

MR. GEO. C. ANTHON'S

CLASSICAL FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL,

with primary department and gymnasium.

No. 212 5th-av., corner 26th-st.

Open from 8½ A. M. to 2½ o'clock P. M.

THE RUTGERS FEMALE INSTITUTE,

NOS. 487, 489, 491 FIFTH-AVENUE, NEW-YORK,

will reopen WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20.

H. M. PIERCE, President.

M. W. LYON'S

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.

Nos. 161 5th-av. and 937 Broadway, corner of 22d-st., reopens Sept. 13. The large increase of pupils necessitated its removal. The rooms now occupied have lofty ceilings, are all upon the same floor and heated by steam. For spaciousness, light, ventilation, ease of access and of supervision, indeed for all school purposes, they cannot well be surpassed. Parents are invited to call. Several names of last year's patrons follow as reference:

H. M. Alexander,	Wm. E. Dodge,	Robert Schell,
John Auchincloss,	Henry Day,	John Sherwood,
A. M. Allerton,	Geo. De Forest,	W. L. Skidmore,
Chas. G. Beckett,	Edward Dwight,	Cyrus J. Smith,
John S. Boyd,	O. D. F. Grant,	Jesse Stokes,
Wm. A. Butler,	Oliver Harriman,	Chas. N. Talbot,
Benj. F. Butler,	Enoch Ketcham,	John C. Tucker,
Alb. W. Canfield,	Alex. Knox,	H. C. Van Vorst,
L. B. Cannon,	Calvin E. Knox,	Ralph Wells,
John E. Cecil,	Lewis Roberts,	John C. Work,
Kenny Couillard,	D. S. Schanck,	Thos. S. Young.

TEACHERS.

AT HOME, OR AS RESIDENT OR VISITING GOVERNESS—Higher and lower English branches thoroughly; mathematics, higher order of reading, composition and literature; piano, singing, drawing; seven years' experience; highest testimonials from prominent individuals. Miss WILLIAMS, private boarding-house, No. 1,147 Broadway.

WANTED—A POSITION BY A LADY OF REspectability and education, in a widower's family, as governess for children and superintendent of household affairs; has the best recommendations to offer. Address (to-day) Mrs. E. M. ELLSFORD, Station D.

A LADY IS DESIROUS OF OBTAINING A situation as visiting governess. Parents wishing their children to have the instruction of an experienced teacher, will have satisfactory reference. Address A. B., Box No. 137 *Times* Office.

A GERMAN LADY, WITH THE BEST references, desires a morning or occasional engagement; she teaches the English, German, music and French on moderate terms. Address E. ESTEN, Box No. 116 *Times* Office.

A TEACHER WANTED.—A LADY QUALIfied to teach thoroughly English, Latin and mathematics. Call at No. 77 East 14th-st., on Oct. 26 and 27.

ANNIVERSARIES.

JOHN-STREET M. E. CHURCH.—THE ninety-seventh anniversary of the dedication of this church will take place on SUNDAY, Oct. 29, when the following services will be held: At 9 o'clock A. M., Love Feast; 10½ o'clock, preaching by Bishop JANES; 2 o'clock, reunion of former pastors and old members; 3 o'clock P. M., general prayer-meeting; 7½ o'clock, sermon by Rev. D. W. BARTINE, of Philadelphia. Former pastors and members are cordially invited to unite in all or at least a part of these services.

MISCELLANEOUS.

REYNOLDS' TURBINE

WATER WHEELS

These celebrated water-saving and powerful wheels, of every capacity, promptly furnished for milling, manufacturing, mining, boring, pumping, &c., &c. A large assortment in stock. Wheels and machinery constructed for mule carriage into the mountains. Streams gauged and plans made. TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, Hydraulic Engineers, No. 170 Broadway, New-York.

FINE FLOWERING ROOTS.

A full assortment of CHOICE DUTCH BULBS, suitable for garden or glass, just received and for sale cheap, at

JOS. SMITH'S seed-store,

No. 65 Liberty-st.

A. THEODORE MOITH'S

CHEMICAL WRITING FLUID,

Warranted equal to Arnold's.

Samples, style and prices can be seen, and orders filled at Messrs. HALL & BLAUVELT'S,

No. 20 Cortlandt-st., New-York.

THE SOUL.—QUESTION OF IMMORTALITY, Foreseeing and Foreknowing—What is Life? In November number PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL. 20 cents. $2 a year.

CLEANLINESS!—A STOVE MOST BRILLIANTly polished in two minutes for less than one farthing. W. G. NIXEY'S celebrated registered black lead. A new domestic discovery. Cannot be wasted.

The advantages of this elegant chemical preparation are great saving of time, cleanliness of application, smallness of quantity required, and the prevention of waste, dust, and its destructive consequences. Further, it ultimately produces a pure metallic coating of a high degree of brilliancy and durability, reflecting both light and heat.

(See specimen on the sides of each block.)

Sold everywhere, in solid blocks, 1d., 2d. 4d. and 1s. Works, No. 12 Soho-square, London. Agents wanted.

OUR LEADING GENERALS—PORTRAIT, Character and Biography of Major-Gen. JAMES S. NEGLEY; Father of Grace Darling; Henry Stiff; Earl Shaftesbury; The Sea Bear, in November number PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL, 20 cents, or $2 a year.

MARBLE MANTELS.—THE BEST PLACE in the city to purchase Marble Mantels of the latest designs at very low prices, is at A. KLABER'S Marble Works, No. 109 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., N. Y. Mantels put up in the country. Cut this out.

FOR ADOPTION.—THE WIDOW OF AN American soldier, because of her poverty, desires to adopt her babe, a healthy male child, four weeks old. Inquire for Mrs. KING, No. 196 East 12th-st., in the basement.

FREE TRADE vs. A TARIFF.—BOTH sides of the question, by distinguished writers, in the November number PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL. 20 cents. $2 a year.

EIGHT CENTS AND UPWARD PER pound paid cash for old books, newspapers and pamphlets; 11 cents for white rags, 3 to 5 cents for mixed rags. J. H. WALKER & CO., No. 22 Spruce-st.

SYRUP.—STUART'S EXTRA SYRUP, ALSO low-priced syrup, in barrels, for sale at the office of the Refinery, No. 169 Chambers-st.

WHITE AND COLORED COTTON WASTE for machinery and packing, for sale low, by W. W. TAULMAN, No. 76 William-st.

GARTHSHERRIE, GLENGARNOCK AND Summerlee pig iron for sale, in lots to suit purchasers, by WM. D. ANDREWS & BRO., No. 414 Water-st.

FURNITURE.

FINE ROSEWOOD PARLOR FURNITURE.

Patent rosewood bedsteads, patent rosewood bureaus, (the handling of a number of keys avoided, one lock controlling four drawers.) Also, rosewood, black walnut, and oak library, dining-room and chamber furniture, at SPRINGMEYER BROS., (late J. H. Belter & Co.,) No. 722 Broadway, (established 1844,) opposite the New-York Hotel. Factory 3d-av., corner of 76th-st.

ESTABLISHED 1836.

An extensive assortment of parlor, chamber and dining-room furniture, in every variety and style. All goods warranted.

WM. H. LEE, No. 199 Fulton-st.

ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE, MATTRESSES, Bedding, Looking-Glasses, &c., cheapest at SNEDEN & CAMPBELL'S, No. 263 Bowery, between Stanton and Houston sts. Call—save money. Goods warranted and delivered free. Extension tables cheap.

BEDROOM ENAMELED FURNITURE of warranted manufacture; also, solid chestnut and walnut chamber suites, plain and ornamental, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 365 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established 1848.

ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE.—The best assortment of enameled furniture, in all colors and styles, walnut and chestnut, plain and ornamental, in suites, wholesale and retail. Also, mattresses and paillasses. WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st.

SCHOOL FURNITURE.—TEACHERS' DESKS and chairs, tables, bank and office desks, &c., lecture-room and school settees. All other kinds of school material. ROBT. PATON, No. 24 Grove-st.

LOST AND FOUND.

$75 LOST ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON, 21ST inst., at the Philharmonic Rehearsal, or on the way to 5th-av. and 20th-st., a lady's blue enameled GOLD WATCH, with brilliants and sheaf of wheat in centre, and medallion on reverse side. A Etruscan chatelaine and seal, with initial B. was attached to watch. A liberal reward will be paid for its delivery at McIntire's drug-store, Broadway, corner of 18th-st.

LOST—CERTIFICATES FOR 100 SHARES FIRST National Petroleum Stock, 50 shares Florence and Keyport Land Stock, standing in name of JOHN D. WAUGH. All persons are cautioned against purchasing these certificates.

JOHN D. WAUGH, No. 19 Wall-st.

$10 REWARD.—LOST, A SMALL SIZE BLACK AND TAN DOG; answers to the name of "Jip." The above reward will be paid by leaving him at No. 220 East 21st-st., or sending word where he may be found.

DENTISTRY.

SAVE MONEY AND AVOID PAIN.—DR. WAIT, Sr., corner of 4th-av. and 21st-st., EXTRACTS TEETH under fresh NITROUS GAS at 50 cents each. Teeth filled and inserted on the best terms.

1,000 TESTIMONIALS.—TEETH POSItively extracted without pain with nitrous oxide gas. Cheaper, better or handsomer teeth are no made than at Dr. VAN VLECK'S, No. 175 6th-av.

NOSES—THEIR SIGNIFICANCE, MORAL PHIlosophy, Dictionary of Phrenology and Physiognomy, 11 cuts. Instincts of Animals, Sunshine, Cosmogony, Tobacco, in the November number of the PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL, 20 cents, or $2 a year.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, OCT. 27, 1865.

Amusements this Evening.

BARNUM'S NEW MUSEUM—Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway—MAMMOTH FAT WOMEN, NOVA SCOTIA GIANT GIRL, THE CIRCASSIAN FAMILY, W. B. HARRISON, THE COMIC EXTEMPORANEOUS SINGER. Afternoon at 3—VICTORINE. Evening at 7½—MAZEPPA.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—CRISPINO E LA COMARE.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—VOL-AU-VENT—THE MILLER—NYMPHS AND THE BUTTERFLY—THE WHITES AND THE BROWNS.

WALLACK'S—THE NEEDFUL.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—THE STREETS OF NEW-YORK.

BROADWAY THEATRE—SAM.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE—MONEY AND MISERY—BUCCANEER'S FLAG AND THE SECRET.

WINTER GARDEN—THE TICKET-OF-LEAVE MAN.

FOX'S OLD BOWERY THEATRE—LIFE FOR LIFE—RAOUL; OR THE MAGIC STAR.

WOOD'S MINSTRELS—ETHIOPIAN SONGS, DANCES, &C.—THE MANAGER'S TRIUMPH.

BRYANT'S MINSTRELS—LES MISERABLES—DEAF IN A HORN—WEARING OF THE GREEN—STREETS OF NEW-YORK.

AMERICAN THEATRE—No. 444 BROADWAY—GRAND ENTERTAINMENT.

THE HIPPOTHEATRON—NEW-YORK CIRCUS.

BROADWAY ATHENEUM—Between Fourth and Eighth streets—GRAND DIORAMA OF EUROPEAN SCENES.

DODWORTH HALL—No. 806 Broadway—TOM, THE BLIND NEGRO BOY PIANIST.

STEREOSCOPTICON SCHOOL OF ART—Corner of Grand and Crosby streets—EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS.

THE POLITICAL CANVASS.

List of Union Meetings in the State of New-York.

FRIDAY, OCT. 27.

CANANDAIGUA—Gov. A. W. RANDALL.
HOMER—Hon. B. F. BRUCE.
OLEAN—Hon. THOMAS G. ALVORD.
MAYVILLE—Hon. G. A. GROW.
LOCKPORT—Hon. C. C. WOODMAN.
SALEM—Gen. JOHN H. MARTINDALE.
BOONVILLE—PATRICK CORBETT.
TROY—Gen. S. F. CAREY, Gen. FRANCIS C. BARLOW.
NORTH BAY, Oneida County—GEORGE L. MAYNARD Esq.
ROCHESTER—Hon. HENRY R. SELDEN, Hon. CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW.
MOHAWK—Hon. BUTLER G. NOBLE.

SATURDAY, OCT. 28.

KINGSTON—Hon. BUTLER G. NOBLE.
BROADALBIN—Gen. S. F. CARY.
WELLSVILLE—Hon. G. A. GROW.
CLAVERACK—Hon. W. K. PECK.
SCHENECTADY—Gen. JOHN H. MARTINDALE, PATRICK CORBETT, Esq.
TABERGH—GEORGE L. MAYNARD, Esq.

MONDAY, OCT. 30.

NIAGARA FALLS—Hon. C. C. WOODMAN.
PORT JEFFERSON—Hon. CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW.
NEWARK—Hon. THOMAS G. ALVORD.
WATERTOWN—Hon. BUTLER G. NOBLE.
NIAGARA FALLS—Hon. C. C. WOODMAN.
PORT JEFFERSON—Hon. CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW.
CANAAN FOUR CORNERS—Hon. W. K. PECK.
CORNING—Hon. G. A. GROW.
SARATOGA SPRINGS—Gen. S. F. CAREY.
RHINEBECK—Hon. HENRY WILSON.
BALDWINSVILLE—Hon. B. F. BRUCE.
WATERVILLE—GEORGE L. MAYNARD, Esq.
PIERREPONT—Gen. E. A. MERRITT, Hon. A. X. PARKER.
ORISKANY—PATRICK CORBETT, Esq.

TUESDAY, OCT. 31.

CANTON—Hon. BUTLER G. NOBLE.
ALBION—Hon. C. C. WOODMAN.
MORRISANIA—Hon. CHAUNCEY M DEPEW.
GLENS FALLS—Hon. W. K. PECK.
HUDSON—Gen. S. F. CAREY.
GENESEO—Gen. JOHN H. MARTINDALE.
ILION—GEORGE L. MAYNARD, Esq.
RUSSELL—Gen. E. A. MERRITT, Hon. A. X. PARKER.
ONEIDA—Hon. HENRY WILSON.
WEEDSPORT—PATRICK CORBETT, Esq.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 1.

OGDENSBURGH—Hon. BUTLER G. NOBLE.
ALBANY—Gen. JUDSON L. KILPATRICK, (evening,) Gen. JOHN L. SWIFT.
CORTLAND—Hon. HENRY WILSON.
AUBURN—Gen. S. F. CAREY.
POUGHKEEPSIE—Gen. JUDSON L. KILPATRICK, (afternoon,) Gen. B. F. BRUCE, Hon. C. M. DEPEW.
GENEVA—Hon. C. C. WOODMAN.
LIMA—Gen. JOHN H. MARTINDALE.
CAZENOVIA—PATRICK CORBETT, Esq.
UTICA—Hon. HENRY J. RAYMOND, Gen. FRANCIS C. BARLOW.
EDWARDS—Gen. E. A. MERRITT, Hon. A. X. PARKER.
COPAKE FLATS—WILLIAM H. BURLEIGH, Esq.
LYONS—Hon. THOMAS G. ALVORD.

THURSDAY, NOV. 2.

MALONE—Hon. BUTLER G. NOBLE.
OSWEGO—Gen. S. F. CAREY.
SKANEATELES—Hon. C. C. WOODMAN.
NIAGARA FALLS—Gen. JOHN H. MARTINDALE.
GOUVERNEUR—Hon. A. X. PARKER, Gen. E. A. MERRITT.
BATAVIA—Hon. THOMAS G. ALVORD.
FONDA—Hon. HENRY WILSON.
FAYETTEVILLE—Rev. B. J. IVES.

FRIDAY, NOV. 3.

PLATTSBURGH—Hon. BUTLER G. NOBLE.
JOHNSTOWN—Hon. HENRY WILSON.
ROCHESTER—Hon. THOMAS G. ALVORD, Hon. C. C. WOODMAN, Gen. J. H. MARTINDALE.
OWEGO—PATRICK CORBETT, Esq.
DEKALB VILLAGE—Hon. A. X. PARKER, Gen. E. A. MERRITT.
JOHNSTOWN, Columbia County—WILLIAM H. BURLEIGH, Esq.
SYRACUSE—Gen. S. F. CAREY.

SATURDAY, NOV. 4.

TROY—Hon. BUTLER G. NOBLE.
ITHACA—Gen. S. F. CAREY.
LITTLE FALLS—Hon. HENRY WILSON.
ELMIRA—PATRICK CORBETT, Esq.
CANANDAIGUA—Gen. JOHN H. MARTINDALE.
MORLEY—Gen. E. A. MERRITT, Hon. A. X. PARKER.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

GENERAL NEWS.

A Washington dispatch to the Philadelphia *Ledger* says: "The notice issued by the State Department, some time since, calling for the presentation of claims against foreign governments has been quite freely responded to, and Mr. SEWARD will no doubt give these matters his attention soon after his return. This notice was made public before Earl RUSSELL had pointedly refused to entertain Mr. ADAMS' proposition for a settlement, but the latter fact will not, it is believed, deter Mr. SEWARD from making up a complete list of all just claims and presenting His Lordship with the bill in full. In no event, however, is an unpleasant result feared. The fact that the finances abroad were not at all influenced by the publication of the correspondence, shows that Lombard and Threadneedle streets at least, were perfectly calm over the matter, and that all the 'apprehensions' of a break in the friendly relations of the two governments were confined to the editorial sanctums of the London journals. The impression here to-day is that the commission suggested by Earl RUSSELL will be accepted, and that all the questions in dispute arising out of the war, on both sides, will be referred to that body for adjustment.

In Philadelphia, on Wednesday afternoon, while Mr. PERRY, United States Consul to Tunis, was dining in company with the members of the Embassy from that kingdom, his room at the Continental was entered and his trunk forced open and robbed of a quantity of foreign gold and silver coins, both ancient and modern. The pieces taken included forty English sovereigns, three French Napoleons, an ancient Carthagenian gold coin, worth $12, an ancient Arabian gold coin, about seventy-five ancient Roman and Carthagenian silver pieces, and nearly a thousand antique copper coins. The thief had not been discovered up to a late hour Wednesday night.

Dr. GEORGE HILLGAERTNER, well known among the Germans of the United States, died in St. Louis a few days since. He was born in Frankenthal, District of Rheinpfalz, Bavaria, received an accomplished education, practised law, took an active part in the revolution of 1848, and on its failure emigrated via Switzerland and London to America, arriving in this country in 1852.

The number of workmen in the Boston Navy-yard at the last pay-day, last week, was 3,828. The amount paid them was $247,370 57. The total expenditures of the whole yard for September were $303,853 17.

Hon. AARON HAYDEN, of Eastport, Penn., one of the ablest lawyers in Maine, died of apoplexy on the 22d. He was 52 years of age, and was for many years prominent in political affairs.

The Tunis Ambassadors arrived at Washington yesterday evening, accompanied by Secretary SEWARD. The distinguished visitors are the guests of the government.

An examination has proved that eight hundred houses in Petersburgh have been struck by shells during the fighting before that place.

The Montgomery *Mail*, of Oct. 20, announces the arrival there of JOHN A. CAMPBELL, late rebel Secretary of War, en route to his home in Alabama.

Housekeepers in Boston are terrified by the rush of servant girls to the factories.

The coal-dealers in Newport, R. I., on Monday last reduced the price of coal $1 per ton.

FROM EUROPE.

The steamer *Africa*, with dates to the 15th instant, arrived at Halifax yesterday. The steamers *Hansa* and *City of New-York*, with dates to the 12th, arrived at this port, the former yesterday forenoon, the latter at an early hour this morning. The Adams-Russell correspondence continued to be the chief topic of discussion in the papers. Lord RUSSELL's course in refusing to submit the question of damages for injuries inflicted on our commerce to arbitration is fully approved and sustained by the English press, though none of the papers appear to adopt an offensive tone toward the United States. The Atlantic Telegraph Company have resolved to increase their capital to two millions sterling. Arrest of Fenians still continue. A dispatch from Rome denies that any movement of the French troops has yet taken place. It is reported that several of the German Governments will soon recognize the Kingdom of Italy. The cholera is diminishing in Madrid.

LOCAL NEWS.

The American Bible Union held their second and concluding session yesterday. The principal business transacted was the adoption of committee reports, especially that relating to the issue of the new and revised edition of the New Testament. Sir MORTON PETO visited the meeting and made a short address. Addresses were also made on the condition of the Church by Dr. SMITH, of New-Jersey, and Dr. CALDICOTT, of Canada. The evening was devoted to the delivery of two addresses by Rev. Drs. EATON and HENDERSON in defence of the new edition and the proposed alliance.

Mrs. C. F. WINDLE addressed a small but appreciative audience, last evening, in Clinton Hall, upon the subject of the Fenian movement. The lady, who is a pleasant speaker, paid a glowing tribute to DANIEL O'CONNELL, drew an elaborate and glowing picture of Ireland disenthralled, and said this is not the hour to fawn or crouch as suppliants for Ireland's rights. The speaker had full faith in the success of this final movement for Ireland's liberation, but she omitted to tell her hearers how the work is to be done.

At a special meeting of the Commissioners of Health yesterday, a committee was appointed to draft an application to the government for a suitable site for the detention of cholera patients and passengers from vessels infected with cholera arriving at this port. The medical gentlemen present at the meeting gave it as their opinion that there was no reason to apprehend the breaking out of cholera during the Winter, but that it was necessary to take precautions against its introduction in the Spring.

Presiding-Justice INGRAHAM, of the Supreme Court, yesterday delivered an opinion in the matter of the application of ANN DOYLE to be discharged on a writ of *habeas corpus*. The points of law involved are considered important, inasmuch as there have been recently several conflicting decisions on the same subject. The court decided that a *habeas corpus* was not the proper remedy to be pursued, and hence discharged the writ and remanded the prisoner.

The examination of KETCHUM, the alleged defaulter, which was set down to take place yesterday in the Superior Court, Special Term, has been adjourned to the 8th day of November next. In the meantime, if any one of the half dozen counsel engaged in the suit should become satisfied that KETCHUM is about to be sentenced to the State Prison, notice thereof is to be given to all the others.

LEVI L. FARWELL, the alleged murderer of HARRIET WELLES, of Washington, was arrested by Detective Officers ELDER and MCCORD, in West Broadway, yesterday afternoon. Inspector LEONARD held him at Police Headquarters last night, awaiting the arrival of Detective Officer CLARVOE, of Washington. The murder was committed on Monday morning last.

The American Christian Commission held their adjourned meeting yesterday morning. They appointed Rev. W. E. BOARDMAN Recording Secretary, and requested him to act as temporary Corresponding Secretary. The Executive Committee was also appointed, and the location of the central office was fixed at New-York.

HANFORD CORBY, the Tenth Ward policeman who was clubbed by JULIUS BRECHTMAN, of No. 22 Columbia-street, made affidavit before Coroner GOVER, yesterday, and BRECHTMAN was held to bail in $3,000. A statement of the case was made in yesterday morning's TIMES.

WILLIAM ALLEN, familiarly known among the thieves as "Butt" ALLEN, keeper of the "Occidental," a disreputable Broadway saloon, was sentenced by Justices DOWLING and KELLY, yesterday, to two months' imprisonment in the Penitentiary and to pay $50 fine.

The Money market was again active yesterday, but the Railway speculation advanced rapidly, and Government Stocks were firm. Gold sold down to 144⅞, but recovered to 145⅜@145½ per cent., late in the day. Exchange, 108¾@109 on London, for gold.

Produce and Merchandise were quite irregular in price and lightly dealt in, save in the instances of Cotton and Corn, which were firmer and more sought after. The Freight engagements were limited.

Our Relations with England—The Unwarrantable Pretensions of the British Government.

The *World* is undoubtedly quite right in assuming that "our government has no present intention to interrupt amicable relations with England." It has no intention to do so now, nor at any future time, unless the obstinate and arrogant refusal of the British Government either to redress the wrongs we have suffered at her hands, or to submit the questions in dispute to a fair and just arbitration, should leave us no alternative. There is every reason why we should be on friendly terms with Great Britain, and the single consideration of the terrible evils which would follow an interruption of friendly relations between the two countries, is weighty enough to forbid the thought of such an event except in the last resort.

But it is a great mistake for the British Government to suppose that we can permit it to dismiss our claims so summarily as Earl RUSSELL affects to do in his correspondence with Mr. ADAMS, published at length in the TIMES of yesterday. It may suit his purpose to say that England is the guardian of her own honor, and that she cannot allow to be called in question her good faith in the discharge of her obligations to a friendly power; and he may think that this so far disposes of the whole subject as to warrant him in refusing, in advance of being asked, to submit the question to a fair and friendly arbitration. But he must not be surprised if Mr. SEWARD declines to accept this decision as conclusive. If it actually expresses the fixed and final purpose of the British Government, it is impossible that friendly relations should continue between the two countries. Our government asserts, and our people believe, that we have suffered injuries at the hands of the British Government, utterly wanton in their character, such as no nation of sufficient power to make itself respected ever yet submitted to, and such as England herself would have resented and redressed, at whatever hazard and to the last extremity. What quality in the American character, or in the temper of the American nation, has Earl RUSSELL detected, which warrants him in believing that we shall be tamer under insults, or more disposed to acquiesce in the infliction of injuries, than England herself would be in a similar contingency?

England, in enacting her neutrality laws, acknowledged the obligation not to aid, nor permit her subjects to aid, the enemies of a friendly power. That obligation she failed, in our case, to enforce. Her laws were not executed; and even when professing that they were inadequate, she repelled as insulting our intimation that she should amend them. Not content with this, she lent the most active and effective aid to the rebels in waging the war for our destruction. Before they had a vessel of any kind at sea, before they had a seaport on the face of the earth, before they dreamed of a navy, before even the British Government had any knowledge that we had blockaded their coasts, or that war had commenced, they recognized them as entitled to all the rights and immunities of a belligerent power, on the land and on the ocean. And the immediate result of this acknowledgment was that the rebels adopted a new plan of hostility, of which, as Mr. ADAMS remarks, the basis and the centre were in English ports and on English soil. English architects built them vessels, English capital armed and sent them to sea. The British Government, by its recognition, backed by British capital and British cunning, created for the rebel service a navy of privateers, and sent them out to prey with impunity on American commerce, and the result has been that American commerce has been forced to take shelter under the British flag, and has been substantially swept from the face of the ocean.

We know very well that the true reason for this "precipitate and unprecedented" conduct lies in the conviction of the British government and people that it was impossible for the United States to quell the rebellion. They did not believe we could possibly succeed, and "the wish was father to the thought." They looked upon the Southern Confederacy as a fixed fact, they cared comparatively little, therefore, what exceptions "the *late* United States" might take to their proceedings. Perhaps they had a right to act—but they took the hazards, with the advantages, of such a line of conduct. They did not go into it blindly. They were warned at every step. Over and over again, to the disgust of England and perhaps to the wearisomeness of our own people, did Mr. SEWARD protest and remonstrate against their conduct as alike unfriendly to us and unjust to themselves, and as certain to involve them in disastrous complication hereafter. To all this they were deaf and defiant. Throughout all the war they gave to the rebel privateers shelter and protection, and even after the war was over, the rebel armies surrendered, every member of their government a prisoner, and all their privateers sunk or captured with one exception, they gave to that one—preying without shadow of warrant upon the peaceful whalers of the North Pacific—impunity from pursuit for twenty-four hours after departure from any British port.

No nation less arrogant than England would dream for a moment of being allowed to dismiss all responsibility for such wrongs by a haughty assertion that her honor and good faith must not be brought into question. Her honor and good faith are not involved unless she chooses to drag them into the arena. It is not a question of good faith or bad, but of right and wrong. Was her conduct in accordance with international law? Was it consistent with her obligations to a friendly power? Was it a fulfillment of the duties of a neutral nation? If it was, very well; she has nothing then to answer for. If it was not, then she is responsible for the consequences of her own wrongful acts, whether they were committed in good faith or not. *And to that responsibility Great Britain in this case will be held.* She has never been asked to submit the decision of these questions to arbitration, *nor will she be.* The United States Government understands the requirements of international law, and the reciprocal relations and duties of neutrals and belligerents, quite as well as England does, and she will be quite as tenacious and as peremptory in enforcing upon others conformity to their requirements. She may not be as peremptory in asserting the infallibility of her own understanding of them,—but neither will she be any more easily daunted or deterred from resisting arrogant assumptions on the part of others.

Earl RUSSELL has intimated his willingness to submit to a commission the decision of such questions in dispute as the two governments might agree to submit. It is possible that among these questions may be that of responsibility for damages caused by the rebel privateers which were fitted out and sent into service against our commerce by the "precipitate and unprecedented" action of the British Government, and the active aid of British subjects given in contempt or evasion of British laws. That point, we take it for granted, our government will take means at once to ascertain,—as the necessary preliminary to any reply to the proposition of Earl RUSSELL. Upon his Lordship's reply to this inquiry will depend, to a very great degree, the future relations of England and the United States.

WENDELL PHILLIPS ON VICTORY.—The more accomplished of the modern quacks have found it profitable to resort to cabalistic phrases in advertising their wares. Some of them startle the expectant public with the coinage of a word presumably derived from Grecian mythology. Others resort to some mathematical or algebraic expression, and mutilate it into a form suitable to their purpose. And yet another class, of less originality, seize upon current slang, and render it subservient to the embellishment of their scarcely marketable commodities. Mr. WENDELL PHILLIPS announced himself as belonging to the latter class, when he drew together a company of listeners at the Cooper Institute on Wednesday evening, by placarding the dead walls of the city with his handbills, in which he declared "the South victorious." The South has been declared victorious, over and over again, by the poor Richmond editors; by the people who manufactured the Chicago platform; by the London *Times*, its money editor and its Liverpool correspondent, SPENCE; by Sir HENRY DE HOGTOWN and the subscribers to the Southern cotton loan; by LAIRD, the ram-builder; and by JOHN MITCHEL, of the New-York *Daily News*. And having regard to all these authorities, Mr. W. PHILLIPS comes hither by express from Boston, heralding his approach with the announcement that what these touters of the defunct Confederacy, these ram-builders and cotton speculators had declared a fact, *was true.* Nothing to this arrant pretender and quack that the cause of loyalty, honor and freedom had triumphed in the death of tens of thousands of the best and bravest men of the nation! He must advertise his wares, and proclaim, in the language of the sworn enemies of the republic, the triumph of treason.

We do not know that there is any necessity for reasoning with Mr. PHILLIPS on this or any other matter. He has a convenient fashion of denying at leisure what he utters in haste. It is part of his trade to do so. And it is altogether likely that he may repudiate the placards which announce his lectures, as he has repudiated equally obnoxious sentiments connected with his name.

The State Comptroller.

The most important office to be chosen at the coming election is the State Comptroller. And the present financial condition of the State, and the necessity of watching with incessant vigilance every thing relating to its debt and expenditure, render it more than ever important that the incumbent of the office should be the very best man to be found in the State.

We do not hesitate to say that, in every respect, in ability, experience and fidelity to the public welfare, Mr. HILLHOUSE is far superior to his competitor. Mr. ROBINSON enjoys a reputation which is rather the result of zealous partisanship on the part of his political friends than of anything he has ever done to deserve it. The main thing he has ever done to earn a reputation for honesty, has been to denounce everybody else as dishonest. He has never shown any special ability in any public capacity, nor has he left anything, in the way of documents, speeches or the record of debates, to give him distinction in any of the public positions he has happened to fill. As Comptroller he has not saved the funds of the State from plunder, nor has he even sought to protect the millions contributed by the people as bounties during the war, from robbery and waste. Indeed the simple fact that he has given but a portion of his time to his public duties, the rest being spent in New-York in the prosecution of his private interests, shows conclusively how little sense of responsibility he brings to his high position. There never before has been a Comptroller who did not find all his time and his utmost diligence, required for the faithful performance of the duties of his office.

Mr. HILLHOUSE is a lawyer, a man of unwearied industry, faithful and conscientious in the discharge of every public trust, and incapable of giving time, due to the public, to the prosecution of private business and the promotion of his personal profit. As a State Senator he has left on record documents and speeches, on various topics of public concern, which in cogency of reasoning and force of statement, have never been surpassed. As Adjutant-General under Gov. MORGAN, he discharged the vast labors of that most important department with an industry, ability, fidelity and efficiency that have seldom been equaled. It would have been impossible for the Union convention to have selected a candidate for this high trust, more worthy in every way, of public confidence and support.

The best interests of the State, its credit, the economical administration of its finances, and its general prosperity, will be promoted by his election.

Absorption of the New Five-Twenty Loan.

Fifty million dollars of Treasury and compound interest notes, and certificates of indebtedness, have been converted into five-twenty six per cent. gold-bearing bonds, under the funding proposals of Sept. 29, from the Department at Washington. This fact was announced yesterday, accompanied by an authoritative statement to the effect that no further opportunity to convert legal tender notes into interest-bearing bonds would be available to the public, prior to the meeting of the next Congress. The promptness with which the people exchanged their greenbacks for gold-bonds, under the first funding appeal of the Secretary of the Treasury, clearly demonstrates the undiminished partiality of all classes of capitalists for our national securities.

The fifty million loan now distributed has been taken up, by conversion, at the rate of about fifteen millions a week. At such a "rate of exchange," all of the plain legal tenders, Treasury and compound interest notes, fractional currency, and certificates of indebtedness, outstanding at the beginning of the current month of October, would be funded in less than a year. Under judicious legislative action, this desirable result can be reached within the specified period. The funding of the floating obligations of the government will inevitably lead to the speedy "resumption of specie payments."

INTERNAL REVENUE OF THE GOVERNMENT.—The income of the government from internal revenue is again on the increase. Thus far in the current week it has averaged close on to a million a day, or equal to nearly six millions a week. Since the commencement of the current fiscal year, July 1, the National Treasury has received from this prolific source about one hundred and fourteen million dollars, or a weekly average of nearly seven million dollars, equal to an aggregate of over three hundred and sixty millions a year. The revenue which the government is assured of, from direct taxation, in the current fiscal year, will enable it to defray its expenses, reduce its indebtedness, strengthen its credit in the money market, and prepare the way for the prompt restoration of the national finances to a specie basis, in conformity with the mature policy and steady aim of Secretary MCCULLOCH.

LIQUIDATION OF THE NATIONAL DEBT.—According to the official figures, the national indebtedness was reduced nearly thirteen million dollars in September, or at the rate of one hundred and fifty-six millions a year. Such an energetic process of liquidation would result in the discharge of all the national pecuniary obligations in about twenty years. Rapidly, however, as the public debt is diminished, the interest charge will, of course, fall off. Economy in this important item must lessen materially the national expenses and accelerate the liquidating process. Hence it may be safely assumed that before the long six per cents (now having sixteen years to run) shall have matured, government will have paid off all other claims upon it, and made adequate provision for the prompt cash redemption of the 1881 bonds, "on presentation by the holders."

THE WHOLE TRUTH.—Mr. VAN BUREN recently took the liberty of making public part of a private conversation held by him with Mr. DEPEW, Secretary of State. Mr. DEPEW has now taken the liberty of completing the narration. It will be found worth reading.

Mr. VAN BUREN's indorsement of Gen. BARLOW, as having made a very "remarkable record for extraordinary personal courage and brilliant achievement," and his denunciations of Gov. SEYMOUR and JOHN B. HASKIN, are particularly emphatic. JOHN must either be more cautious in his walk and conversation, or less ready to report what others say in private intercourse.

Personal.

Mr. THURLOW WEED yesterday asserted, in the *Times*, that Comptroller ROBINSON had offered to shake hands with him. Mr. ROBINSON authorizes the *World* this morning to "deny explicitly that he has ever offered his hand to the 'King of the Lobby' since he has witnessed the corrupt and debasing influence of that body upon the legislation of the State."—*Evening Post.*

Well, this *is* rather "personal," and under the circumstances, as perfidious as "personal."

Last year the *Evening Post* assailed me personally and wantonly. In repelling that assault, I arraigned the managers of that journal for gross official misconduct, and for being used regularly, during the session of the Legislature, for "lobby" purposes.

When Mr. LINCOLN was elected, the *Evening Post* claimed its share of "spoils." One of its proprietors was appointed "Navy Agent" *because* he was thus connected with an influential journal. After the *Evening Post* went out of its way to assail me, I broke some of its glass windows. The "Navy Agent," charged with criminal acts, was removed from office, arrested and indicted. The warfare thus provoked grew too hot for my assailants, and I was appealed to for a cessation of hostilities, to which I assented.

The other proprietors of the *Post* pledged themselves, in their journal, to establish the innocence of their associate. In due time the trial came off, *and the Navy Agent was not convicted,* though CALEB CUSHING was brought here to prosecute him.

I must be strongly provoked to reopen this shameful chapter of official dishonesty. If, however, the *Evening Post* chooses to continue its "Personal" warfare, it shall certainly be gratified. In the meantime, as the legislative season approaches, the *Post* evidently aims to conceal its own "lobby" agent by the usual dodge. That agent will, doubtless, proceed to Albany, and "use" the *Post* as heretofore, in favor or against bills in regard to which he has "been seen."

The mistake of KOHNSTAMM (who is now at Sing Sing) was in not connecting himself with the "*Evening Post*" before commencing his depredations upon the government. T. W.

WILLIAM H. SEWARD.

Mr. Seward and His Diplomacy—His Services to the Country and His Position in History.

THE BEECHES, Monday, Oct. 23, 1865.

When I read the beautiful speech of Mr. SEWARD, at Auburn, and the tribute which he paid to his associates in public life, I could not help asking: "Who shall perform the office for him?" Perhaps some one will say with truth—"History will do for him what the living orator has done for others." Yet it is well, while we stand upon a great battle-field, and rejoice in a glorious victory achieved, that we should give just praise to the actors who survive. As for the dead—

> "They die never: It is they who saved us."

I have known the public career of Mr. SEWARD so thoroughly, that I would fain give my testimony to his merits, however humble it may be. It has one value. All praise from me is extorted praise—extorted by the demands of justice. I concede nothing to office, to power or greatness, beyond what the Jewish law requires—not to speak ill of the rulers of my people. And yet, I fear, that being most of my life in opposition to the powers that be, I have spoken more ill than good of them. If so, I have the sad consolation of knowing it was well deserved.

JOHN QUINCY ADAMS, the purest and noblest statesman of our times, was yet on the stage of active public life when Mr. SEWARD came forward. Mr. SEWARD probably learned his political principles of Mr. ADAMS. Like Mr. ADAMS, he was an Anti-Mason, a Whig, a Republican, and always most thoroughly anti-slavery. Whatever changes parties may have undergone, it cannot be said of Mr. SEWARD or of Mr. CHASE, that they have ever departed in the least from a firm, consistent and uncompromising opposition to the great barbarism of our times and country. In this they manifested as much sagacity as they did humanity. If we were to be a Republican people, it was necessary that slavery should be abolished. If we were to be a Christian people, it was necessary that we should denounce and destroy this remnant of ancient Paganism. If we were to be a great people, it was necessary that the eternal truths of justice and freedom should be the solid foundations of a government which is to endure while human virtue is capable of sustaining human institutions. Alas! must we believe that the permanence of political structures is made impossible by the certainty of political corruption?

Mr. SEWARD came into political life in one transition of parties, and has lived to see another. He came into the Assembly of New-York, I think, about the time when the era of good feelings had passed away; when Gen. JACKSON, seduced from his original ideas by his flattered vanity, threw himself into the arms of the Van Burens, Taneys, Kendalls and that faction, which were henceforth to obscure his well-won glory by the shadows of selfish and corrupt politics. It was fortunate for Mr. SEWARD that his destiny led him in opposition to that party, which, while it governed the country for the next twenty years, in spite of the great abilities of WEBSTER, and CLAY and CALHOUN, contained, nevertheless, the elements of decay and dissolution. Nothing is permanent which is not founded on principle. Parties, and even constitutions themselves, must give way before the potent sway of principles which are elementary in human progress. Either his destiny, or his sagacity, caused Mr. SEWARD to see this early in his political career. Hence his whole public life has been distinguished by a manly, a generous support of whatever contributed to the extension of liberal principles, and the promotion of the general welfare. He is one of the very few public men with whom I have always agreed. When DANIEL WEBSTER made his 7th of March speech, I bade farewell to him as a political leader. When Mr. SEWARD announced the "irrepressible conflict," I knew it was the mere statement of a fact; but I respected the man who could fairly state that fact in the presence of that great majority who had swayed with despotism the politics of this country, and in the South had led to the stake and the gibbet many an unremembered martyr. There has been, and is, an attempt to throw upon Mr. SEWARD, Mr. CHASE, Mr. SUMNER, and others, the responsibility of causing the rebellion, because, as public men, they denied the right and resisted the encroachments of slavery. But such persons forget there is an American people. Suppose these gentlemen had been silent—would the tens of thousands of unconquerable anti-slavery men have found no leaders? Would they cease to oppose and denounce slavery because this or that public man did not lead? No. This is a mere delusion. If Mr. SEWARD or Mr. CHASE had uttered the voice of DANIEL WEBSTER they would have shared his fate. They would be remembered as those who might have nobly led, but did ignobly fall. I thank God the storm was not delayed, but that, in His merciful pleasure, He has led His people safely through the Red Sea of blood and barbarism.

The most eventful period of Mr. SEWARD's public life is just closing,—it is the period of his diplomacy. It was a very critical period, for we had not only to preserve peace with England, but with France. He had to do this, with the whole public opinion of those countries, and for a year or two with the appearance of adverse armies, against us. Whatever may be said in those pleasant mutual admiration gatherings in which Englishmen meet to suggest favor to their railroad investments, and Americans to suggest an advance of money, it is certain that the English nation frowned upon us with darkened brows, and the Emperor NAPOLEON sought, with the stealth and the cunning of a catamount, to spring upon us at the first opportunity. I almost wish he had. But, whatever merit may be earned in preventing such a result, I am convinced, is largely due to Mr. SEWARD. He has an amiable and thoughtful temperament. Suppose it had been the contrary. Suppose some irritable and hasty man had been Secretary of State. The chances would have been ten to one against the preservation of peace. I have read some parts of Mr. SEWARD's foreign correspondence, and I am struck with the dignity, courtesy, and yet frankness, with which it has been conducted; and I am glad to believe that we shall lose nothing by a comparison in this respect with any nation of the earth. A new question is now discussed by Mr. ADAMS and Lord RUSSELL. It matters little to us—though much to justice—how it is settled. If England obtains her principle—woe! woe! woe! hereafter to her commerce and her power. We may safely trust Mr. SEWARD in a path where he has already conducted us with so much dignity and prudence.

A VETERAN OBSERVER.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The successful opera, "Crispino e la Comare," will be repeated here to-night for the third time.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.—An extraordinary bill is offered here to-night for the benefit of "Young America." Every species of performance is on the bill—which will be found elsewhere—from a farce to a fairy spectacle. We hope that this remarkable artist will be rewarded with an overflowing house.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.—If Mr. CRAVEN's new five-act play, or comedy, of the "Needful"—produced here last night—is not quite so broad as it is long, it possesses the merit, at least, of being utterly unpretentious and thoroughly amusing. The story is completely domestic, and the language is seldom intentionally brilliant. Indeed, the latter is sometimes marred by the iteration of stage gags—colloquial "raws" that are touched up every few moments, and tell in the long run, being nevertheless of art artificial. The play, however, progresses steadily. Fourteen characters, more or less marked, enter and leave the scene, discuss the subject that is most interesting to themselves, and do not weary or bore the audience for a single moment. Without any strong elements of dramatic success, Mr. CRAVEN has used his knowledge of stage-grouping and character, contrast with such ability, and certainty that he has fairly achieved a success. "The Needful" will, we think, be played for many nights at Mr. WALLACK's cheerful establishment. It possesses the merit of improving as it goes on—an essential merit when the appalling fact is remembered that the second act did not end until 10 o'clock. A free use of the knife will, we think, be a simple act of humanity. We lack time to refer at any length to the plot. The germ of the latter is ripe enough. It is obtained from an eccentric will compelling the hero to marry a certain lady, for whom, of course, he instantly conceives the bitterest aversion. He meets her by accident, and when the lady is masquerading under a false name. Of course he falls in love with her, and this is another complication. The lady being an heiress, is pursued by all sorts of adventurers, who are in search of the needful, and hence the name of the play. In the end everything comes right, and the end is pleasantly reached through an infinite stretch of agreeable coquetry, flirtation and serious love-making—all of which is old as the hills and as glorious as the heather on their sides.

The comedy demands precisely the company that can be found at a first-class stock theatre. It was generally well cast last evening, especially so in all the female characters. The charming *Kate Harley* could not have been intrusted to better hands than those of Miss MARY GANNON, whose animation and pouting fumes were irresistible. The lady made her first appearance this season. So, also, with that sterling actress, Mrs. VERNON, who was the *Mrs. Meek*, playing it superbly. The lesser rôles were most acceptably rendered by Miss IONE BURKE, Mrs. JENNINGS, Mrs. SEFTON and Miss F. GREEN. The part of the hero—strange to say—is not the most important one in the play, and we hardly think it gained either prominence or interest from the performance of Mr. E. L. DAVENPORT—who, being a character actor, is rarely seen to advantage in the costume of every-day life. Mr. WILLIAMSON—a rising young artist—has a very good character, which somewhat overtasked his powers, which are decidedly of the low comedy order, whilst the part requires a young lover of the sentimental type. Messrs. MARK SMITH, GEORGE HOLLAND, YOUNG, SEFTON and NORTON were all good. The comedy was received with decided favor, and its success was unquestionable. Mr. WALLACK has placed it on the stage in admirable style. The jetty scene of the second act was remarkably clever in design and fresh and novel in effect. "The Needful" will be played to-night for the second time.

Political Notes.

The colored people of Missouri, through a State Executive Committee, have issued an address to the people of that State, asking for such laws as will give them the right to vote. They ask it as essential to the security and enjoyment of the rights conferred upon them by emancipation, as true and loyal citizens of the United States, and as men who have defended and maintained the government in the field of battle. They say they do not ask for social equality, for that depends upon higher than human laws. They aver their willingness to submit to any tests and restrictions that are required of whites, but they think that political rights and franchises should no longer depend upon color alone. They propose to organize as a party, and to employ speakers, issue appeals, and in every proper way press their claims upon the people of the State, and they solicit contributions in aid of this object.

Senator JAMES LANE, of Kansas, made a speech in Washington, a few days since, in which he condemned the President's liberal exercise of the pardoning power, and said he would never vote to readmit into the Union any Southern State, until it could be shown that it had during the war a fighting loyal population, and now has a loyal voting population in a majority, and that its loyal people have and can maintain control of the State. Arkansas, Tennessee and Louisiana had a fighting white basis during the war, and should, therefore, be admitted to Congress at once; but the others should be kept out until by emigration we can have that guarantee that they are politically right, and can be kept right. So far as he was concerned, if it take a thousand centuries, they should not come in until then.

The *Independent* of this week has a leader denouncing Mr. SEWARD for his Auburn speech and Mr. BEECHER for his recent discourse on reconstruction. It introduces, *par parenthese*, a sharp attack on President JOHNSON for his conversation with Mr. STEARNS, and closes by planting itself on the rock of negro suffrage. The *Anti-Slavery Standard* devotes its leading columns to the same topics, and takes precisely the same view of them. The *Standard* speaks of Mr. BEECHER "as a cautious, and even timid man, accustomed to keep well in the rear of advanced opinions, a weathercock rather than a polar star," and by this description it hopes to be able to weaken his influence. Instead of effecting this, it may possibly impair its own.

The question of immigration, foreign and domestic, is widely discussed in the Virginia papers. Gen. G. TOCHMAN urges the organization of Southern associations to counterbalance the schemes of Northern men, who are inaugurating enterprises of the same description. The *Commercial Bulletin*, of Richmond, insists that the negroes cannot be depended on, and it urges united effort in the direction suggested by Gen. TOCHMAN, to meet the emergency.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Oct. 26—9:40 P. M.

THE FIFTY MILLION FIVE-TWENTIES.

The Secretary of the Treasury to-day addressed the following to H. H. VANDYCK, Assistant Treasurer at New-York:

The subscriptions for the $50,000,000 five-twenties being full, Assistant Treasurers and National Banks will receive no further subscriptions after this telegram comes to their notice.

(Signed,) H. McCULLOCH,
Secretary of the Treasury.

The subscriptions already made, for which notes are in transitu, will be recognized.

BUSINESS OF THE NAVAL COURT-MARTIAL.

The Naval Court-Martial, with Vice-Admiral FARRAGUT as President, to convene in Washington on the 1st of November, will have before it Lieut.-Col. MARSTON, the oldest officer, one excepted, in the Marine Corps, on the charge of using, for private purposes, and losing, bounty money deposited in his hands by new recruits. The court will also try Commodore CRAVEN, under the tenth section of the third article of war, which requires an officer to do his utmost to overtake and capture or destroy any vessel which it is his duty to encounter. He is charged with neglecting this, the rebel ram *Stonewall* having been in the harbor of Ferrol, while he was in proximity as Commander of the *Niagara*, and the *Sacramento*, another ship-of-war, being in port at the same time to aid him. It is said the *Stonewall* sent a challenge, which he declined to accept.

INTERVIEW WITH THE PRESIDENT.

The President to-day gave audience to a delegation of gentlemen representing the interests of the Union Pacific Railroad Company. The Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of the Interior, and Col. SIMPSON, of the Topographical Engineer Corps, were present at the interview in connection with the business which brought the delegation to Washington.

THE NEW COMMISSIONER.

The commission of Hon. E. A. ROLLINS, as Commissioner of Internal Revenue, in place of Hon. WM. ORTON, resigned, was signed by the President to-day, to take effect on Wednesday next, the 1st of November. Mr. ROLLINS left here this evening for New-Hampshire, and will return by the first of next month. Commissioner ORTON will leave here for New-York on Wednesday to assume the duties of his new position as President of the United States Telegraph Company.

D. C. WHITMAN, Chief Clerk of the Bureau of Internal Revenue has been appointed Deputy Commissioner in place of Mr. ROLLINS, promoted.

THE UNITED STATES TREASURER'S REPORT.

The report of the United States Treasurer to the Secretary of the Treasury, shows that during the past year the business of the Treasurer has amounted to an average of $3,000,000 per day.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

The receipts of internal revenue to-day were $917,000.

THE COTTON CASE AT AUGUSTA, GA.

Somebody uses the Associated Press agent at Nashville to denounce as "false in every particular" the special dispatch from this city to the TIMES, on the 12th inst., relative to the great cotton case at Augusta, Ga. Your correspondent did not venture on that dispatch without foundation for his statements, and if the parties whom he seems to have waked up wish the matter thoroughly aired, there will be an interesting time of it. If the matter is really to come before the courts, let Mr. METCALF, one of the parties interested, be put upon the stand, and let him give the entire history of his arrest for attempted bribery. That will be very interesting. The parties inculpated in this matter have no business to be putting an interpretation to suit themselves upon the President's order, that was published in the TIMES, and spoke for itself. It ordered an investigation into the action of certain officers, and rebuked them sharply. As the cotton was worth only one million dollars when the alleged purchase was made, and is now worth three millions, it is quite reasonable to believe that the defendant in this case (GARRED) should spend his expected profits freely in hushing up delicate matters and manufacturing opinions in his favor.

THE TUNIS EMBASSY.

The Tunis Embassy arrived here this evening, in charge of Secretary SEWARD, who accompanied the party to Willard's Hotel, where rooms had previously been engaged. No demonstration has yet been made by our citizens, but it is understood that the distinguished strangers will be formally received by the President at 11 o'clock to-morrow morning.

GEN. SPINNER DECLINES.

Gen. SPINNER, United States Treasurer, has declined the appointment of Auditor of the New-York Custom-house, and intends to continue in his present position during the term of President JOHNSON's Administration.

THE BROKERS' TAX QUESTION.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue received information that the brokers' tax question was again decided against brokers in Philadelphia to-day. The matter came up before the court upon an application for an injunction to restrain the United States Collectors in Philadelphia from collecting the revenue tax.

THE LIST OF PARDONS.

The list of pardons exposed at the President's House for several days past, relates to Virginia. More than one hundred persons have this week received the Executive clemency. It is probable the Southern States will now be attended to in rotation, Virginia taking the lead.

THE WIRZ COMMISSION.

The President has taken no action as yet on the findings and sentence of the Wirz Military Commission.

ORGANIZATION OF A BOARD OF TRADE.

The Board of Trade of the District of Columbia, the first established here, was fully organized to-night.

WASHINGTON TRAGEDIES.

The laxity of the enforcement of city ordinances here by the local city government is illustrated by two lamentable accidents which occurred last evening: WM. A. PETTIT, of Delevan, Wis., a clerk in the General Land Office, was run over by a boy who was riding recklessly through the streets. Mr. PETTIT died at 9 P. M., of his injuries. JAMES WILLIAMSON, a clerk in the Quartermaster's Department, was run over and severely injured by a horse and carriage furiously driven on Seventeenth-street, near the War Department. Washington has more tragedies per diem than any place of its size in the country. VIRGINIA GRAY, a poor outcast, committed suicide by taking laudanum on the steps of a house in Thirteenth-street, at an early hour this morning.

Reduction of the Army.

AN ORDER FOR THE MUSTER OUT OF TROOPS.

The following order for the muster out of troops has been issued:

WAR DEPARTMENT,
ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, Oct. 20, 1865.

CIRCULAR, No. 46.—Orders and instructions relative to the muster out of volunteer troops, viz.: All cavalry (white) east of the Mississippi, and certain volunteers in various armies and departments.

I. CAVALRY EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI.

Under paragraph 5, General Orders, No. 144, Adjutant-General's office, Oct. 9, 1865, the following regiments of volunteer cavalry—all of that arm remaining in service east of the Mississippi River—were ordered mustered out.

[Telegram to Department Commanders from Adjutant-General's Office, dated Oct. 16, 1865.]

Alabama—1st, (10 companies.)
Florida—1st and 2d.
Illinois—6th, 7th and 9th.
Indiana—12th and 13th.
Massachusetts—4th.
Missouri—4th.
Michigan—10th.
New-York—2d Veteran and 4th Provisional.
New-Jersey—21.
Ohio—5th and 12th.
Pennsylvania—3d Provisional.
Rhode Island—3d.
District of Columbia—1st, (squadron.)

II. TROOPS IN VARIOUS ARMIES AND DEPARTMENTS—SERVICES NO LONGER REQUIRED.

[MEMORANDA.]

1. Oct. 9, 1865.—Major-Gen. HALLECK, commanding Military Division of the Pacific, was directed to muster out all volunteers on the Pacific coast, as many as possible immediately, the remainder on the arrival of the last battalion of the Fourteenth United States Infantry.

2. Oct. 10, 1865.—Major-Gen. POPE, commanding the Department of the Missouri, was directed to order all California volunteers in New-Mexico to their State at once, for muster out. Also, to relieve as soon as possible all New-Mexican volunteers; one regiment thereof to be mustered out immediately, the remainder on the arrival of certain regular troops.

3. Regiments of cavalry, infantry and artillery ordered mustered out under special instructions of dates set opposite the organizations respectively.

Ohio—Infantry—Eighteenth, Sept. 20, 1865.
Pennsylvania—Artillery—Third Heavy, Oct. 9, 1865, (General Orders, No. 144.)
New-York—Infantry—One Hundred and Sixty-first, (battalion,) Oct. 9, 1865, (General Orders, No. 144.)
Kentucky (United States Colored Troops)—Infantry—One Hundred and Twenty-third, One Hundred and Twenty-fourth and One Hundred and Thirty-fifth, Oct. 2, 1865.
Artillery—Twelfth Heavy, (Thirteenth Heavy since substituted,) Oct. 2, 1865.

The following was issued on the 25th by the department, in answer to applications for the discharge of members of the Veteran Reserve Corps:

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, Oct. 24, 1865.

SIR: In reply to an application for your discharge from service, I have the honor to inform you that orders are now in press, which render it unnecessary to take special action in your case.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant, SAMUEL BRECK.

A Facile Public Officer.

From the Albany Argus, March 11, 1847.

"ORATOR PUFF HAD TWO TONES TO HIS VOICE!"—TOM MOORE.

We find the following official decisions of our somewhat notorious Attorney-General in the Rochester *Daily American*. It will be observed that the facility with which opposite conclusions are reached, from the same premises, is not less remarkable than some other of the feats of this remarkable personage:

From the Rochester American.

DECISION OF THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL.—Last Spring, after the result of the town meetings in Cattaraugus County, BACKUS HENRY, Esq., of Farmersville, addressed a letter to the Attorney-General, stating that the town of Farmersville voted to have but one Highway Commissioner, and requested his opinion whether the individual elected was to hold his office for one year or three years—to which Mr. VAN BUREN gave the following reply:

DEAR SIR,—Yours of the 25th ult. is received. In my opinion, if the town elects but one Highway Commissioner, under the act of 1845, section 3, his term of office is for *one year*, as under the old law.

It is only where three are elected that a classification is had, and are elected every year for a three years' term.

Yours respectfully, J. VAN BUREN.

Mr. BACKUS HENRY.
March 2, 1846.

The same question also arose in Ellicottville, the town meeting having voted to elect but one Highway Commissioner, and the County Clerk addressed a letter to the Attorney-General stating the case, and received the following reply:

Mr. F. E. Baillet:

DEAR SIR,—Yours of the 18th inst. is received. In my opinion, a single commissioner elected under the act of 1845, holds for *three years*.

I am not familiar with the allowances to Justices or Town Clerks for the services you allude to, nor the statutes under which they are claimed.

Respectfully yours,
ALBANY, Jan. 23, 1847. J. VAN BUREN.

Mr. VAN BUREN is anxious to be elected again, we presume, for the purpose of getting back to his old position on highways, and other matters.

Letter from Secretary Depew.

HIS INTERVIEW WITH JOHN VAN BUREN.

ALBANY, Saturday, Oct. 21, 1865.

To the Editor of the Albany Evening Journal:

My attention has been called to an article in the *Journal* asking from me the rest of the conversation had between JOHN VAN BUREN and myself, of which he repeated a part in his Albany speech. As Mr. VAN BUREN gave the public such a free rendering of what I said, and has delayed so long without narrating what he said, I can account for his reticence only on the ground of his well-known modesty, and must believe that he told part of the conversation in order to render the publication of the remainder necessary.

Mr. VAN BUREN seemed anxious about the probable action of the Union State Convention, and asked me "if we would nominate SLOCUM and the other gentlemen on the Democratic ticket who had heretofore acted with the Union party." I told him "No; but that we would make a clean ticket, and have a square stand-up fight."

He spoke of Gen. BARLOW, and said of him that "for extraordinary personal courage and brilliant individual achievement, his record was very remarkable."

JOHN said "Gov. SEYMOUR had a letter from Judge DENIO to read to the Tweddle Hall Convention, but circumstances rendered it necessary for the Governor to leave at such an early hour that the Judge's effort had been lost to the world."

Said Mr. VAN BUREN: "SEYMOUR is a d—d fool. He spoiled everything at Chicago, and has been the cause of most of the disasters of the Democratic party." I suggested that the Governor had more strength with the rank and file of that party than any of its members, and was its representative man. JOHN said "that was all nonsense;" that "the Governor was continually declaring that his friends did not like this, and his friends objected to that. In the good old days of the Democratic party," said he, "when anybody spoke of his friends as not pleased with any course projected or determined, he meant my father or SILAS WRIGHT; when anybody speaks of his friends in the Democratic party now, he means Mr. RICHMOND, Mr. CAGGER, or some man who controls; but who SEYMOUR refers to when he speaks of his friends, nobody knows. If they exist at all, they do not appear among its representative men." I felt hurt that JOHN did not mention Mr. MARBLE, of the New-York *World*, in his list of Democratic leaders, for MARBLE is a friend of mine, and his paper has spoken of me in the fairest and kindest way nearly every day for some months past. VAN BUREN declared that "Mr. SEYMOUR was the most extraordinary political accident that had ever appeared in American political life. A quiet accident," said he, "who says nothing and falls into prominent position, and by keeping still while in office, manages to conceal his unfitness, and then tumbles into another good place, is comprehensible; but how a man who talks perpetually, both in office and out of office, and as perpetually exhibits his weakness often, and being found out, ever comes up again, is beyond understanding. SEYMOUR," he continued, "has no strength in the Democratic party. Your people make him all that he is, by abusing him, which renders it necessary for our people to defend him, because he happens to belong to us. He would have gone out of sight long ago, but every time he is about going under, BENNETT pitches into him in the *Herald*, and so catches him by the hair of his head and hauls him to the surface."

Gov. SEYMOUR is now traversing the State to elect JOHN, and SEYMOUR's friends are shouting themselves hoarse to show their appreciation of JOHN's eloquence. It is a magnificent tribute to the harmonious Democracy, and a more eminent exemplification of Christian meekness and forbearance than even the Albany Convention.

Mr. VAN BUREN said he "did not know why he was nominated for Attorney-General." Unlike the claim the Governor makes, he had never found it difficult to escape nominations. Besides, he was an Attorney-General twenty years ago, and it was no particular honor for a man, after a lapse of twenty years, to go into the same hole he came out of twenty years before.

Mr. VAN BUREN urged in his speech, as one of the reasons for his repeating our conversation, that no relations existed between him and myself, which implied any confidence in regard to any communication I might make to him. The relation must be reciprocal, so he gave me the secret history of the nomination for Attorney-General. He said "the matter was left with the New-York delegation, and they selected HASKIN (BARNARD's referee;) but the country delegates would not stand that, and HASKIN himself displayed eminent good sense in not pressing his claims, as he was aware of his lack of the qualifications requisite to discharge creditably the duties of the office; he having been," said Mr. VAN BUREN, "a stage man, I believe." As Mr. HASKIN claims to have made the Democratic platform and controlled the convention, I thought this did not exhibit becoming gratitude toward the man who, if that claim is just, must have been Mr. VAN BUREN's political parent. I trust Mr. VAN BUREN will pardon me for having deferred so long, after his invitation to disclose them, presenting his views in regard to Gov. SEYMOUR, the unquestioned leader of his party, and my friend HASKIN, whose persistent courage forced a patriotic expression from an unwilling convention.

Yours, &c., CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW.

Gov. Peirpoint and Comptroller Clarke.

The Washington *Republican* publishes the following

CARD.

F. H. PEIRPOINT, Governor of Virginia, in a card published in the New-York *Tribune* of the 23d inst., denies having stated to me that the people of Virginia would not consent to be taxed to pay the government debt, and also denies that I directed him to leave my office.

In answer to the denial, I state unqualifiedly that Gov. PEIRPOINT did express the sentiments imputed to him, not however in the precise words as stated in the dispatch to which he alludes, but in more objectionable and offensive language, and I also affirm that I did direct him to leave my office.

A highly respectable gentleman, Mr. CHARLES D. SMITH, a brother of Hon. JAMES C. SMITH, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, was present and heard the whole conversation. I inclose herewith his affidavit in reference to it.

I will state further, that I had nothing whatever to do, directly or indirectly, in procuring the publication of the dispatch to which Gov. PEIRPOINT alludes, and do not know from whom your careful and reliable reporter procured his information.

It will be noticed that Gov. PEIRPOINT does not deny that he entertains the views expressed to me.

FREEMAN CLARKE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 24, 1865.

AFFIDAVIT.

I, CHARLES D. SMITH, being duly sworn, doth depose and say, that I was in the office of the Comptroller of the Currency on the afternoon of Monday, the 16th instant, and heard the conversation between Gov. PEIRPOINT, of Virginia, and the Comptroller, Mr. CLARKE, to which allusion is made to a special dispatch published in the New-York *Tribune* of the 17th inst.; and that Gov. PEIRPOINT did express the views as stated in the dispatch in reference to the people of Virginia being taxed to pay the public debt; and, also, that Mr. CLARKE directed him to leave the office.

CHAS. D. SMITH.

Sworn and subscribed before me this 24th day of October, 1865. CHAS. P. WANNELL, J. P.

LETTER OF HON. MONTGOMERY BLAIR.—A mass meeting of the citizens of Talbot County, who are opposed to the Registry Law and to negro suffrage, was held in Easton on the 17th. The following letter from Hon. MONTGOMERY BLAIR was read:

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8, 1865.

GENTLEMEN: Your invitation to attend the mass meeting of the people of Talbot, on the 17th inst., came to hand this morning. I regret that engagements to speak in the State of New-York, commencing next week, and to continue probably beyond the time for your meeting, prevent me from promising to be with you. If it is in my power to be present, I will certainly avail myself of the occasion to meet the people of Talbot.

The attempt to disfranchise our people is but part of the scheme of the Northern radicals to disfranchise the South. But I have no fear that the Maryland toadies to this ambitious and revolutionary party will meet with any countenance from our people. While the war raged and this precious crew rioted in public plunder, it was possible to deceive the loyal people by the cry of "Copperhead" upon every man who asserted the constitutional rights of the people of Maryland and other Southern States and States in the Union. But the time has now come for a settlement with a gang of scoundrels who avail themselves of the public difficulties to perpetuate unnumbered crimes against the rights of person and property in our State. These crimes were all the more atrocious because they brought odium upon the cause of the Union, yet the public mind was too much occupied with the great cause, and they had too great a hold on the departments, to fix public attention upon the perpetrators. But they are not forgotten, nor will the registry law save them. Its ostensible purpose is to punish rebels, but its real object is to screen from punishment the lawless men, who under the cover of transcendent loyalty have really been the greatest offenders against the cause of the Union. Yours, truly,

M. BLAIR.

Georgia News.

The steamer *Zodiac*, from Savannah, brings dates to the 21st. Hon. WALTER A. FORWARD, Judge of the Supreme Court of Florida, died in Savannah on the 19th. Assistant Surgeon TOWLES, of the Twelfth Maine Regiment, was appointed Medical Director of the Sub-District of the Ogeechee, vice BALDWIN, returned home with his regiment, the One Hundred and Seventy-third New-York. HORATIO J. KENDALL, private, Twelfth Maine, was accidentally drowned near Savannah on the 20th.

The Latest Washington Tragedy.

ARREST OF LEVI FARWELL, THE ALLEGED MURDERER, IN NEW YORK.

LEVI L. FARWELL, the young Bostonian whom a Washington jury have accused of the murder of his paramour, HARRIET WELLES, was arrested in West Broadway, yesterday afternoon, by Detective Officers ELDER and MCCORD. The murder was committed on Monday morning last, in the victim's brothel, in Thirteen-and-a-half street, Washington. It appears that FARWELL became enamored of the deceased when she dwelt in Albany, and that he accompanied her thence to Washington. He appears to have been a rejected suitor for her hand, and is alleged to have said that if she would not marry him she should be no person's bride; and in pursuance of this threat he is said to have administered chloroform while she was asleep, and to have strangled her and thrust her corpse into a closet. The Washington police, immediately after the commission of the deed, communicated by telegraph with the police of the seaboard and other cities, describing FARWELL, and making it known that he probably had the gold watch which had been worn by the murdered woman; and with this information our detective officers undertook to find the fugitive. He was captured while in the act of pawning a lady's watch, which is believed to have belonged to the victim, and this watch, which is in the hands of the police, may be an important link in the chain of evidence against the accused. FARWELL was taken to the Headquarters of the Metropolitan Police, last evening, and there held to await the arrival of officers from Washington—for whom Inspector LEONARD telegraphed, and one of whom (Detective CLARVOE) was put aboard the night train for this city by Chief-of-Police A. C. RICHARDS, of Washington. The deceased, who was quite respectably connected, had a son at school at New-Brunswick, N. J. The TIMES is requested to say that FARWELL sold to some person in this city, recently, a lady's gold chain, and that the purchaser thereof (who, if he conceals it, may be held as accessory after the fact of the murder) is requested to deliver it to the Superintendent of Metropolitan Police.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

E COMPANY, THIRTY-SEVENTH REGIMENT.—A very pleasant company assembled last evening to do justice to a very elegant entertainment tendered to the members of Company E, Thirty-seventh Regiment, National Guard, by its newly elected Captain, ERNEST DES MARETS, and Lieuts. WHELAN and BRUNTON. The occasion was one of unmarred pleasure and enjoyment. After the the cloth was removed short and telling speeches were made by Cols. ASHLEY and CATLIN, (the latter recently elected to fill the vacancy caused by Col. ASHLEY's resignation,) Major FARRAR, Capt. DES MARETS, Mr. A. D. MUNSON and others. Capt. DES MARETS is the youngest Captain in the regiment, and enjoys the satisfaction of commanding one of the finest companies in which three years ago he was a private. He is ably seconded in his labors by Lieuts. WHELAN and BRUNTON, both officers of standing and experience.

MOVEMENTS OF TROOPS.—One battalion and a half of the Fourteenth Regiment of the United States Infantry have recently taken their departure from Hart's Island for California. Half a battalion more will leave for the same destination by the steamer of the 1st prox., and the remaining battalions of the regiment—numbering in all 2,400 men—will leave by the 16th of November. The Seventeenth Regiment of United States Infantry, of which Brevet Maj.-Gen. HEINTZELMAN is the Colonel, is now rendezvousing on Hart's Island preparatory to embarking for New-Mexico, where it is to be quartered. Gen HEINTZELMAN arrived on the island on Monday last, but Gen. WESSELL is still in command of the post.

THE KNIFE.—JOHN SMITH was stabbed in the face, on Wednesday night, by an unknown man, at the intersection of Fourth-avenue and Twenty-seventh-street. Officer RINN, of the Twenty-ninth Precinct, took him to Bellevue Hospital.....Between 1 and 2 o'clock, yesterday morning, Policeman PERLMAN, of the Twelfth Precinct, found JOHN RILEY, an Irish laborer, at the Harlem Bridge, much intoxicated. On taking him to the station-house, it was ascertained that he had been stabbed twice on the body, by whom he declined to state. He was taken to Bellevue Hospital.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—Major CHAUNCEY BUSH, about 60 years of age, was run over by a butcher's cart, corner of Fifteenth-street and Fourth-avenue, between 7 and 8 o'clock, last evening, and died about 11 P. M. at No. 170 Bleecker-street.

MAILS FOR THE GULF SQUADRON.—The United States supply steamer *South Carolina*, will sail from Philadelphia on Saturday next, with mails and passengers for the Gulf Squadron.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

DISTRESSING ACCIDENT.—Coroner LYNCH held an inquest yesterday upon the body of a daughter of Mr. ALEXANDER MATTHEWS, residing in the Town of New Lots, who came to her death in the following manner: Herself and mother arose about 6 o'clock A. M., and kindling a fire in the kitchen stove, the little girl, who is about 9 years of age, sat beside it. Having complained of a sore throat her mother handed her a bottle of liniment and directed her to rub it on her neck and breast, which she did. The bottle accidentally upset and some of the fluid falling upon the stove caught fire. The flames communicated to her person, and before aid could be rendered she was burned nearly to death. Her mother had previously gone up stairs to superintend some sewing machines, which were in full operation, and the noise made was so great that the shrieks of the child could not be heard. On returning to the kitchen, the mother found her daughter in the agonies of death. She expired in a short time thereafter.

FIELD DAY OF THE ELEVENTH BRIGADE.—The Eleventh Brigade, consisting of the Twenty-third Regiment, Col. C. E. PRATT, the Forty-seventh, Col. MESEROLE, the Fifty-second, Col. M. COLE and the Fifty-sixth, Col. J. Q. ADAMS, proceeded to East New-York, yesterday, for their annual parade and inspection. The brigade is under command of Gen. J. C. SMITH. The regiments presented a very fine and neat appearance, and their movements on the parade ground were highly creditable. They were inspected by the Inspector-General, and reviewed by the General-Commanding, and other military gentlemen who have lately retired from active service. The Twenty-third and Forty-seventh have gray uniforms, and the Fifty-second and Fifty-sixth blue coats. They all looked well and manœuvred excellently.

THE ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-NINTH REGIMENT VETERANS.—This regiment, under the immediate command of Lieut.-Col. WALTEMEYER, arrived at Hart's Island on Sunday from Savannah. They numbered about 300 men. On Wednesday they were paid off and finally discharged from the service. It was intended to give them a suitable reception, but the men having lost their arms, accoutrements, and even clothing, by the burning of their quarters in Augusta, Ga., they declined the invitation. The men all left for their respective homes quietly and without display. The only regiment still remaining in the service that was raised in Brooklyn is the Ninetieth, commanded by Col. NELSON SHAURMAN.

A DESPERATE BURGLAR.—Sergt. HAGGERTY, of the Forty-third Precinct Police, arrested a Danish sailor named PETER WILSON, on Wednesday, on the charge of feloniously entering the residence of CATHARINE MARTIN, in Hamilton-avenue, near Clinton-street, and stealing therefrom articles to the value of $75. On being taken to the station-house, he was placed in one of the cells. In a few hours thereafter the doorman ascertained that the prisoner had burrowed his way through the floor into the coal-hole, and thence escaped to the street unobserved. Being seen by Roundsman CLANCY, he was at once identified and rearrested, after a long chase. He was then confined in more secure quarters.

KINGS COUNTY POLITICS.—A Democratic mass meeting will be held at the Brooklyn Academy of Music to-night, when addresses are expected from Gen. SLOCUM, Gen. BLAIR, JAMES T. BRADY and EDWARD PIERREPONT. The Union men will hold a mass meeting at the same place on the evening of the 3d of November, when addresses are expected from Gen. JOHN A. LOGAN, of Illinois, and Gen. KILPATRICK, of New-Jersey.

IDENTIFIED.—The body of the man found in the river at the foot of Amity-street a few days since, has been identified by receipts and other papers found in his pockets as that of GEORGE HALL, a shoemaker, lately a resident of Martinique, W. I. It also appears that he was a native of England. An inquest was held by Coroner LYNCH, and a verdict of found drowned was rendered.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH.—A little boy named ALBERT LA GRANE, 5 years of age, while playing in front of his home in Nostrand-avenue, near De Kalb-avenue, on Wednesday, accidentally fell down the basement steps and fractured his skull. Death ensued shortly thereafter.

FELL FROM A THREE-STORY HOUSE.—Yesterday afternoon a carpenter named MICHAEL DOUNS fell from a three-story building in Tompkins-avenue and was seriously, if not fatally, injured. He was conveyed to the City Hospital by Officer VAN BRUNT.

KINGS COUNTY CIRCUIT COURT, OCT. 27.—Nos. 61, 62, 14, 63, 64, 65, 68, 74, 78, 70, 82, 83, 84, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93.

Williamsburgh.

DEATH OF A WOMAN UNDER SUSPICIOUS CIRCUMSTANCES.—Yesterday forenoon, Coroner BARRETT was notified that a woman named ANNE JOHNSON, 35 years of age, died under suspicious circumstances, about 3 o'clock the same morning, at No. 8 Marshal-street, E. D. The facts thus far developed show that deceased, who is a native of Germany, was the wife of a colored man, whose name she bore. She had been living, for some time previous to her death, in a house of questionable repute in Broadway, kept by a Mrs. JONES. Her husband is absent in the army. Last week Mrs. JONES and deceased quarreled, the former being jealous of an intimacy existing between Mr. JONES and Mrs. JOHNSON. In consequence of this quarrel, deceased left Mrs. JONES' house on Monday last, and took up her residence at the place where she died. On Tuesday she was visited by Mrs. JONES, and a quarrel ensued. On Wednesday she called again, and the quarrel was renewed, but it is stated that they afterward purchased some liquor and drank together. After this Mrs. JOHNSON became very sick, and she sent for some medicine. Some powders were obtained, one of which she took, but she got no relief, and expired after much suffering at 3 A. M. Thursday. Some of the powders were found in her room, one of which was shown a druggist, who stated as his opinion that it consisted of corrosive sublimate. The body became considerably discolored shortly after death. Dr. CREAMER will conduct a post-mortem examination this morning, and an inquest will be held by Coroner BARRETT.

NEW-YORK SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES.

THE NEW-YORK SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES is published THIS MORNING, and may be had at the counter of the publication office in wrappers ready for mailing. Price FIVE CENTS. In addition to the latest intelligence by telegraph up to the moment of going to press, there will be found in the current number all official orders, reports and documents, and the latest and fullest Washington news. European news, with graphic letters from our correspondents in London and Paris, giving the tone of public feeling abroad, is made a special and permanent feature. In addition to Editorials on all the current topics of the day, the SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES has a page of carefully prepared commercial matter, giving the latest financial news and market reports; items of agricultural and domestic interest, compiled from sources many of which are otherwise inaccessible to the American reader; and marriages and deaths of the week.

The "SEMI-WEEKLY RECORD," or news summary—being a careful synopsis and digest of the news of the day, both rebellion and general—is alone worth double the subscription price to the paper, as it preserves in a condensed and conveniently classified form all news or interest, and must prove valuable as a record to all time.

TERMS.—One copy one year, $3; two copies one year $5. Fresh names may at any time be added to Clubs, both of the WEEKLY and SEMI-WEEKLY, at Club rates.

Latest from Egypt.

THE EGYPTIAN LOTUS,

a new and exquisite perfume for the handkerchief. Cleopatra and the ladies of the present day using the same perfume. Price ONE DOLLAR a bottle.

Manufactured by F. A. PENNEY,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

To be had of Helmbold, No. 594 Broadway; Hegeman & Co., Nos. 203, 399, 511 and 756 Broadway, and 4th-av., corner 17th-st.; Caswell, Mack & Co., 5th-av. Hotel; J. C. Rushton, corner Broadway and 25th-st., and all druggists and fancy goods dealers.

E. A. LOVEJOY, Agent, No. 93 Fulton-st., N. Y.

Are You Feeble?—The weak will receive new strength from a moderate use of that excellent invigorant, BIOKRENE; Or, LIFE REJUVENATOR. It is healthful in all its operations. As an invigorant it has no equal, rejuvenating the aged and weakly with wonderful celerity and permanent effect. $1 per bottle. Sold by druggists. Depot No. 28 Dey-st., New-York.

Atlantic White Lead and Linseed Oil Co.
Manufacturers of **Pure White Lead, Red Lead, Litharge, Glass-Makers' Red Lead, &c.**
Also, **Linseed Oil, Raw, Boiled and Refined.**
For sale by druggists and dealers generally, and by
ROBERT COLGATE & CO., General Agents,
No. 287 Pearl-st., New-York.

Chevalier's Life for the Hair
Restores gray hair to its original color, stops its falling out, keeps the head clean; stands above comparison with any other hair dressing. Sold at the drug-stores and at my office, No. 1,123 Broadway.
SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.

Hats and Furs.
Purchasers of the above articles wishing to combine elegance in style and finish with durability, will do well to call on BURKE, Nos. 169 Broadway and 154 Fulton-st.

Established in 1823.
VANDERLIP & TAYLOR,
Successor to
A. RANKIN & CO.,
No. 96 Bowery, No. 165 5th-av., and No. 939 Broadway, corner 22d-st. and Madison-square.
Great assortment of undergarments for Fall and Winter. Gloves; men's furnishing goods, etc. Lap robes, mufflers, cardigan jackets, etc.
DRESS SHIRTS TO ORDER.

Safes!!!
Our recent improvements in fire and burglar-proof safes enable us to furnish the public with the most perfect security against fire and burglars.
Our burglar-proof safes are INVULNERABLE.
VALENTINE & BUTLER,
Nos. 78 and 80 Walker-st.,
one block east of Broadway.

Water-Proof Boots.
English Double Sole BUTTON GAITERS. Our Fall Styles now ready. LORIN BROOKS & SONS,
No. 434 Broadway, corner Howard-st.
N. B.—We have no connection with any other establishment in the city of the same name.

Demulcent.
HONEY, GLYCERINE AND PALM SOAPS.
J. C. HULL'S SON, No. 32 PARK-ROW, NEW-YORK,
Manufacturer of every style of Staple and Toilet Soaps.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.
The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Boys' and Children's Garibaldi, Cutaway and Zouave Suits by the thousand at reasonable prices.
I. V. BROKAW, No. 62 Lafayette-place, and No. 34 4th-av., opposite Cooper Union.

The Finest Overcoats ever seen in this country, now ready for sale.
I. V. BROKAW, No. 62 Lafayette-place, and No. 34 4th-av., opposite Cooper Union.

Ladies, if you wish beautiful wedding boots and slippers, rosettes, &c., with boots and shoes of all the various styles, patronize
MILLER & CO., No. 387 Canal-st.

Twenty Houses saved from Robbers in three weeks by the Burglar Alarm Telegraph. Six years' experience without a failure speaks volumes.
E. HOLMES, No. 198 Broadway.

Everdell's Wedding and Visiting Cards. No. 302 Broadway, N. Y. Orders by mail carefully packed and sent by express to any part of the country.

Finkle & Lyon's Improved Sewing Machine—For tailoring, shoe-fitting, manufacturing gloves, corsets, &c. No. 538 Broadway.

The Florence Sewing Machine, with reversible feed and uniform tension, making four different stitches. NO. 505 BROADWAY.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic stitch, and lock-stitch sewing-machines. No. 495 Broadway, New-York, and No. 235 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silks, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

The Universal Clothes-Wringer, with cog-wheels. Warranted the best in use. Salesmen wanted everywhere. R. C. BROWNING, Gen. Ag't, 347 Broadway.

Have You Seen the American Statesman for Saturday? out and for sale on the news stands.

Wheeler & Wilson's Lock Stitch Sewing-Machine and Button-hole Machine, 625 Broadway.

A Silent Sewing-Machine, Willcox & Gibbs, No. 508 Broadway.

Howe Sewing Machine Company.—ELIAS HOWE, Jr., President, 629 Broadway. Agents wanted.

Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters.
READ E. D. E. N. SOUTHWORTH'S LETTER.
PROSPECT COTTAGE, GEORGETOWN, D. C.,
April 2, 1863.

Messrs. Hostetter & Smith:

GENTLEMEN: It gives me pleasure to add my testimonial to those of others in favor of your excellent preparation. Several years of residence on the banks of a Southern river, and of close application to literary work, had so thoroughly exhausted my nervous system and undermined my health, that I had become a martyr to dyspepsia and nervous headache, recurring at short intervals, and defying all known remedies in the Materia Medica. I had come to the conclusion that nothing but a total change of residence and pursuits would restore my health, when a friend recommended Hostetter's Bitters. I procured a bottle as an experiment; it required but one bottle to convince me that I had found at last the right combination of remedies. The relief it afforded me has been complete. It is now some years since I first tried Hostetter's Bitters, and it is but just to say that I have found the preparation all that it claims to be. It is a Standard Family Cordial with us, and even as a stimulant we like it better than anything else; but we use it in all nervous, bilious and dyspeptic cases, from fever down to toothache. If what I have now said will lead any dyspeptic or nervous invalid to a sure remedy, I shall have done some good.

I remain, gentlemen, respectfully yours,
E. D. E. N. SOUTHWORTH.
NEW-YORK OFFICE, No. 59 Cedar-st.

Trusses, Supporters, &c.
MARSH BROTHERS, of No. 582 Broadway, have received the first and only prize awarded for Trusses, &c., at the late Fair of the American Institute, for their celebrated Radical Cure Truss, and their superior Abdominal Supporters, Shoulder Braces and Instruments for Physical Deformities.
Examining Surgeons:
Prof. JOHN M. CARNOCHAN, New-York.
Prof. J. V. C. SMITH, of Boston.
Dr. JAMES KNIGHT, New-York.

Mujaviro.
THE MOST DELICIOUS OF ALL PERFUMES.
SOLD EVERYWHERE.

A Thousand Mistakes a day are made in purchasing hats. Gentlemen are continually buying fabrics wholly unsuited to their faces and figures. In the assortment at Genin's, No. 513 Broadway, every man will find his own hat; that is to say the hat that will set off his face and person to the best advantage.

Marvin's New Patent Alum and Dry Plaster Fire and Burglar Silver Plate Safes. Highly ornamented, and warranted perfectly dry. Also, a large assortment of Bankers' and Merchants' Safes.
MARVIN & CO., No. 265 Broadway.

Trusses, &c.—"WHITE'S PATENT LEVER TRUSS," the best in the world for curing Rupture—no pressure on the back; light, clean and easy; superior Supporters and Braces. GREGORY & CO., 609 Broadway.

Mantel Ornaments, Vases, &c., in China, Parian and Bohemian ware, new and splendid patterns; also 1,000 articles of fancy goods, all offered at the lowest market prices. HADLEY'S, Cooper Institute, middle the block.

For One Dollar—The Illustrated Phrenological Journal, with Physiognomy, Ethnology, Physiology and Psychology; sent six months by FOWLER & WELLS, New-York.

MARRIED.

AHLERS—GIROUX.—At Christ Church, Brooklyn, E. D., by Rev. A. H. Partridge, HERMANN AHLERS and MARIE EMELINE, eldest daughter of Hubert Giroux, Esq., all of Brooklyn, E. D.

BEACH—WEST.—On Wednesday evening, Oct. 25, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. Henry J. Fox, of the Central Methodist Church, Dr. JOHN BEACH and Miss MARGARET REBECCA WEST, daughter of William West, all of this city.

BRADLEY—TREMAIN.—On Wednesday, Oct. 25, at the Church of the Holy Trinity, by Rev. Stephen H. Tyng, Jr., STEPHEN ROWE BRADLEY and AUGUSTA, daughter of Edwin R. Tremain, all of this city.

CARLTON—NEWCOMB.—On Wednesday, Oct. 25, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. Thomas Carlton, D. D., WILLIAM J. CARLTON, of Elizabeth, N. J., and HELEN M. NEWCOMB, of Albany, N. Y.

CAMPFIELD—IVISON.—On Wednesday, Oct. 25, by Rev. Frederick G. Clark, D. D., Rev. NATHAN P. CAMPFIELD, Pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Cazenovia, N. Y., and Miss JANE I. IVISON, daughter of Henry Ivison, of this city.

DEEKER—SIMONSON.—At Trinity Church, Castleton, S. I., on Wednesday, Oct. 25, by Rev. C. W. Bolton, assisted by Rev. Theo. Irving, D. D., JOSEPH S. DEEKER and ANNA L. SIMONSON.

DENTON—WAY.—On Thursday, Oct. 26, at the M. E. Church, Middle Village, L. I., by Rev. W. H. Simonson, WM. H. DENTON and MARY AMELIA WAY, all of the town of Newtown, L. I.

FRYE—HALL.—On Wednesday, Oct. 25, at the residence of the bride's uncle, John K. Hackett, Esq., by Rev. F. C. Ewer, CHARLES H. FRYE and FANNIE A., daughter of Oscar D. Hall, all of this city.

GARRETTSON—GILLENDER.—At the Church of the Messiah, Rhinebeck, N. Y., on Tuesday, Oct. 24, by the Rector, Rev. George Herbert Walsh, Hon. RICHARD J. GARRETTSON, of New-York, and MARY S., eldest daughter of Theophilus Gillender, Esq., of Rhinebeck.

GREEN—DAYTON.—On Wednesday, Oct. 25, by Rev. J. M. Rogers, assisted by Rev. Dr. S. M. Hamill, of Lawrenceville, N. J., CHARLES G. GREEN, of Brooklyn, N. Y., and Miss MARIA E., daughter of Dr. Alfred Dayton, of Mattawan, N. J.

GOETCHIUS—KELLOGG.—In St. John's Church, Hartford, on Wednesday, Oct. 25, by Rev. Wm. C. Doane, D. D., JOHN MILTON GOETCHIUS, of New-York, and SARAH G., daughter of Henry Kellogg, Esq., of Hartford.

JACKSON—ROBBINS.—At the residence of the bride's father, on Tuesday, Oct. 24, according to Friends ceremony, SIDNEY W. JACKSON, of Syosset, and CARRIE, only daughter of Mathew F. Robbins, of Jericho, L. I. No cards.

LEONARD—MARSH.—In Plainfield, N. J., on Tuesday, Oct. 24, by Rev. D. J. Yerkes, in the First Baptist Church, OLIVER B. LEONARD and LIZZIE B., daughter of Hon. Elston Marsh, all of above place.

MCKERGAN—MUMFORD.—On Tuesday, Oct. 24, in the Madison-square Presbyterian Church, by Rev. Edwin F. Hatfield, D. D., CHARLES MCKERGAN, of Newark, N. J., and MARY MOONWARING, daughter of T. Vanzandt Mumford, Esq., of this city.

MUIRHEID—SHIMER.—At Jersey City, on Thursday, Oct. 26, by Rev. Mr. Van Cleiff, Mr. WILLIAM MUIRHEID, of New-York City, and Mrs. ELIZABETH SHIMER, of the former place.

MIZENER—TOLEFREE.—In this city, on Wednesday, Oct. 25, by Rev. Dr. Burchard, FRANK A. MIZENER and ELLEN R. TOLEFREE, all of this city.

MCCONN—UNDERHILL.—On Wednesday, Oct. 25, at the residence of the bride's father, at Locust Valley, Long Island, by Rev. R. G. Hutton, WM. T. MCCONN, Jr., and SARAH E., daughter of Jacob S. Underhill.

RIPPARD—HUNT.—At Wilkes Barre, Penn., on Thursday, Oct. 19, by Rev. Thos. P. Hunt, Mr. GEO. S. RIPPARD, of Scranton, Penn., and Miss MARY E. W. HUNT, of Wilkes Barre, daughter of officiating clergyman. No cards.

SCOTT—MUIR.—At the Church of the Incarnation, on Wednesday, Oct. 25, by Right Rev. A. Cleveland Coxe, assisted by Rev. Dr. Montgomery, Mr. WM. SCOTT and Miss ELIZA C. MUIR, daughter of the late Alexander Muir, all of this city.

THORNE—JACKSON.—At the residence of the bride's father, on Wednesday, Oct. 25, according to Friends' ceremony, ISAAC C. THORNE, of Locust Valley, and EMILY B., youngest daughter of Jacob Jackson, of Syosset, L. I. No cards.

VAN WINKLE—BEST.—In Jersey City, N. J., on Wednesday evening, Oct. 25, by Rev. J. M. Holmes, PETER G. VAN WINKLE and VIOLETTA, daughter of James Best, Esq., of Bergen Point, N. J.

DIED.

EVANS.—At Mystic River, Conn., on Tuesday, Oct. 24, WARREN B., infant son of Evan D. and Harriet Evans, aged 9 months.

CARTER.—On Thursday, Oct. 26, MARY ELIZABETH, eldest daughter of Thomas and Ellenor G. Carter, aged 18 years, 2 months and 17 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, on Saturday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of her parents, No. 227 Bowery, without further invitation.

HUTCHINGS.—At Manchester, N. H., on Monday, Oct. 23, THEODORE C. HUTCHINGS.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, at his father's residence, No. 110 West 15th-st., this (Friday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

HUNT.—On Thursday, Oct. 26, Mrs. MARY L. HUNT, widow of the late Col. Joseph Hunt, of Sing Sing, in the 60th year of her age, at the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. Abram Wakeman, No. 40 West 46th-st.

Her remains will be taken to Sandy Hill for interment.

LOTTRIDGE.—In Hoboken, N. J., on Wednesday, Oct. 25, at the residence of Mrs. James Benson, ELIZA LOTTRIDGE, aged 54 years and 10 months.

Her remains were taken to Troy for interment.

MUCHMORE.—At Astoria, L. I., on Thursday morning, Oct. 26, WILLIE PHILLIPS, eldest son of Wm. F. and Sarah Phillips Muchmore, aged 7 years and 5 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, at Astoria, L. I., on Saturday, at 10:30 A. M.

MCCRUM.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, Oct. 25, Mr. WILLIAM MCCRUM, aged 38 years.

His relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Friday, the 27th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M., from his late residence, No. 341 Pearl-st.

NICHOLS.—At Roslyn, L. I., on Wednesday, Oct. 25, ANN ELIZA, widow of Samuel Nichols, Jr., and daughter of the late Wm. Valentine, of Roslyn.

The friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the Friends' Meeting-house at Westbury, L. I., on Friday, Oct. 27, at 11 A. M. Carriages will meet the 8 A. M. train from James-slip and 8:30 from Hunter's Point at Westbury Station.

NEALE.—On Tuesday morning, Oct. 24, at his residence, Pacific-st., near New-York-av., Brooklyn, Mr. GEORGE T. NEALE, of the firm of Peter Rice & Co., this city.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Friday, the 27th inst., at 2 o'clock, from his late residence, in Pacific-st., near New-York-av., Brooklyn.

PALMER.—On Thursday, Oct. 26, FANNY (BADEAU,) wife of William Palmer, in the 62d year of her age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

POTTS.—On Fifth Day, at 9½ A. M., DOROTHY POTTS, in the 76th year of her age.

Her friends, those of her late son, Joseph C. Treadwell, and of her niece, Hannah B. Mountain, are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the Friends Meeting-house, 20th-st., near 3d-av., on Seventh Day morning, 28th inst., at 10 o'clock.

RUSSELL.—At Oaklawn, Newport, R. I., on Wednesday, Oct. 25, ARTHUR RUSSELL, youngest son of Charles H. Russell, of New-York, in the 6th year of his age.

STOUTENBURGH.—Suddenly, on Wednesday morning, Oct. 25, at 1½ o'clock, ELLA MAY STOUTENBURGH, only daughter of John P. and Annie E. Stoutenburgh, aged 2 years, 6 months and 25 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at the residence of John Pearsall, No. 152 West 44th-st., at 1 o'clock on Friday, Oct. 27, without further notice.

SEACORD.—At New-Rochelle, on Wednesday, Oct. 25, BENJAMIN SEACORD, in the 35th year of his age.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the Salem Baptist Church in New-Rochelle, on Friday afternoon, Oct. 27, at 1½ o'clock.

SPARKS.—On Thursday morning, Oct. 26, SAMUEL SPARKS, in the 78th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from the Church of the Holy Apostles, (Rev. Dr. Howland's,) corner of 9th-av. and 28th-st., on Saturday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

TALLMAN.—After a short illness, on Wednesday, Oct. 25, Mrs. PHEBE A. TALLMAN, wife of Capt. John F. Tallman, in the 47th year of her age.

Funeral services at her late residence, No. 142 Hammond-st., on Friday, at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are invited to attend, without further notice. Her remains will be taken to Nyack for interment on Saturday morning.

North River papers please copy.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CLOTHING
FOR
MEN, BOYS AND YOUTH
AT
WILLIAM WADE'S,
Nos. 423 and 425 HUDSON-ST.,
20 PER CENT.
BELOW
BROADWAY RATES.

FALL.
GENTLEMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S
FALL AND WINTER
CLOTHING,
in every variety, FINEST GOODS, BEST STYLES, lower prices, and the largest assortment in the city.
F. B. BALDWIN,
Nos. 70 and 72 Bowery.

AN ENTIRELY NEW INVENTION IN DENTISTRY.
Dr. LEVETT'S "PATENT," in COMBINATION with a gold-web and rubber base for artificial teeth. It forms the LIGHTEST, most DURABLE and ELASTIC Denture yet produced, occupying but half the space in the mouth heretofore deemed indispensable, while its adhesion is perfect. No. 777 Broadway, opposite Stewart's.

LARGE IMPORTATIONS ARRIVING
Of the newest and most artistic designs of
BRONZE GROUPS AND STATUARY,
FRENCH CLOCKS AND MANTEL SETS,
VASES, PARIAN STATUARY, COLOGNE SETS, &c.
Also, on hand, a very large and choice assortment of
STERLING SILVER GOODS, suitable for presents.
FINE SILVER-PLATED TEA SETS, URNS,
CASTERS, BASKETS, WINE STANDS, &c., &c.
E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO.,
Nos. 488, 490 and 492 Broadway, corner of Broome-st.

ESTABLISHED 1809.
ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS,
Manufacturers of
SOAP AND CANDLES.
Pearl Mottled Best Family, Genuine Castile, Toilet and other Soaps, constantly on hand.
Store No. 211 Washington-st.; Factory No. 440 West-st.

CHAPPED HANDS AND FACE, SORE LIPS, CHILBLAINS' &c.—HEGEMAN & CO.'S CAMPHOR-ICE WITH GLYCERINE cures chapped hands, &c., immediately, and will keep the skin soft and smooth in the coldest weather. Sold by druggists. Price 25 cents. Sent by mail for 35 cents.
HEGEMAN & CO.,
Chemists and Druggists, New-York.

COLD-INE! COLD-INE!
For colds, coughs, and influenza. This preparation is agreeable to the taste, and an effectual cure. RUSHTON'S family drug-store, 10 Astor House, cor. Barclay-st.

FANS, NEW STYLES,
Just received from PARIS—TWO, THREE, FIVE, EIGHT, TEN, TWELVE, FIFTEEN to TWENTY DOLLARS each. For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

DR. SHERWOOD'S TRUSS.
NO. 545 BROADWAY.
Has no spring round the body to chafe; is the only radical cure truss known, because the only one that can be worn in bed without pain.
SUPPORTERS
for the abdomen, the prolapsed uterus and rectum, which will do their work without any annoyance.

SLEEVE-BUTTONS, NEW STYLES.
TWO, THREE, FOUR, FIVE, SEVEN, EIGHT, TEN, FIFTEEN, TWENTY, TWENTY-FIVE to SEVENTY-FIVE DOLLARS a set. For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

JOHN-STREET M. E. CHURCH.—The ninety-seventh (97th) anniversary of this church will be held on SUNDAY, Oct. 29. The services will commence at 9 o'clock in the morning with a Love Feast; Rev. VALENTINE BUCK will preside. A sermon at 10½ by Bishop JANES. Reunion of former pastors and old members at 2 o'clock P. M. A general prayer-meeting at 6 o'clock in the evening; L. B. LODER, Esq., will preside. And at 7½ o'clock, will have the pleasure of hearing Rev. Dr. D. W. BARTINE, D. D., of Philadelphia, preach. A cordial invitation is extended to the pastors and members of the M. E. Church in the city and vicinity, and especially to former pastors and members, and to all the friends of "Old John-street," to unite with us in these services.
R. C. PUTNEY, Pastor.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR the United Kingdom and the Continent, via Queenstown and Liverpool, per steamer CITY OF BALTIMORE, and for the German States via Hamburg per steamer BORUSSIA, will close at this office on SATURDAY, the 28th day of October, at 10:30 A. M., and at the up-town offices as follows: Stations A and B, 10 A. M.; Stations C and D, 9:30 A. M.; Stations E and F, 9:15 A. M.; Station G, 9 A. M.
JAMES KELLY, Postmaster.

HARTMAN'S PATENT ELASTIC RUBBER CRUTCHES.—LOVEJOY & TAYLOR, of No. 476½ Broadway, have received the first and only premiums awarded for crutches at the late fair of the American Institute, N. Y., and State Fair of Pennsylvania. Send for circular.

IVORY AND PEARL SLEEVE BUTTONS, studs, belt buckles, scarf pins, jewelry, tooth brushes, &c. The finest assortment in the city, wholesale and retail. WM. M. WELLING, importer and manufacturer, No. 571 Broadway, opposite the Metropolitan.

EMPLOYMENT.—YOUNG MEN DESIROUS OF doing good and engaging in a profitable agency, may address, with stamp, FOWLER & WELLS, No. 389 Broadway, New-York.

ANNA E. DICKINSON—AT THE COOPER Institute, on TUESDAY EVENING, Oct. 31. For particulars see advertisement under head of lectures.

CLOTHES WRINGERS OF ALL KINDS repaired by Bailey Washing and Wringing Machine Co., No. 476½ Broadway.

HOWE'S IMPROVED STANDARD Scales and Wilder's Salamander Safes. No. 194 Broadway, New-York.

DOCT. A. N. GUNN HAS RESUMED HIS business at No. 249 West 34th-st.

POLITICAL.

REGULAR UNION NOMINATION

For Supervisor,

ANDREW BLEAKLEY.

TAMMANY HALL REGULAR NOMINATION.

For Assembly RALPH BOGERT, Fifth Assembly District, comprising parts of the 8th, 14th and 15th Wards.
JOHN B. RYER, Chairman Assembly Convention.
P. P. PULLIS, Secretary.

REGULAR UNION NOMINATION.

NINTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT, 16TH WARD.
For Member of Assembly,
HENRY F. RANNEY.

THE UNION JUDICIARY CONVENTION of the City and County of New-York, will meet at the Union Headquarters, corner of 23d-st. and Broadway, on FRIDAY EVENING next, Oct. 27, 1865, at 8 o'clock.
ERASTUS C. BENEDICT, Chairman.
T. S. SMITH, } Secretaries.
JOHN A. FOSTER, }

NOTICE.—XIIITH DISTRICT, XXIID WARD.—Any Union voter in this Ward, not having his naturalization papers, will apply immediately to me. W. J. O'BRYON, Ferry Saloon, foot West 42d-st.

EIGHTEENTH WARD UNION AND CITIZENS' ASSOCIATION nomination for Assembly, CHARLES H. SMITH, No. 122 East 24th-st.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

JUST PUBLISHED.
POETICAL TRIBUTES
TO THE MEMORY OF
ABRAHAM LINCOLN.
In one volume, elegantly printed and richly bound, with a Steel Portrait of Mr. Lincoln.
PRICE $2.

From the Sunday School Times.

A beautiful volume of more than three hundred pages, containing a collection of the poetical tributes, American, Canadian and English, that have been paid to the virtues of our illustrious Martyr President. This volume contains poems from authors heretofore unknown to fame, as well as from writers of renown. Among those to which the reader will at once instinctively turn are contributions from the pens of Bryant, Phoebe and Alice Cary, Mrs. Julia W. Howe, Mrs. Lucy H. Hooper, Oliver Wendell Holmes, Edna Dean Proctor, R. H. Stoddard, Henry T. Tuckerman, London *Punch*, *McMillan's Magazine*, London *Spectator*, &c. The book has a handsomely engraved portrait of Mr. Lincoln, and is printed on beautifully tinted paper.

For sale by booksellers generally, or will be mailed on receipt of the price.

J. B. LIPPINCOTT & CO., Publishers,
Philadelphia.

FINANCIAL.

L. S. LAWRENCE & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,

NO. 164 NASSAU-STREET, NEW-YORK,
BUY AND SELL ALL CLASSES OF
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
ON FAVORABLE TERMS.
Highest premium paid for
GOLD, COUPONS AND COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES.

COLLECTIONS made on all parts of the country.
Eastern and Western bank notes received at low rates from CORRESPONDENTS and DEPOSITORS. EXCHANGE on Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Chicago and San Francisco.
L. S. LAWRENCE & CO.

VERMILYE & CO.,
BANKERS,

NO. 44 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.
GOVERNMENT LOAN AGENTS
KEEP ON HAND FOR
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY,
THE ISSUES OF
7-30 TREASURY NOTES, OF ALL DENOMINATIONS.
WE BUY AND SELL ALL CLASSES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AT MARKET RATES.
ALSO, QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS AND CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.
ORDERS FROM BANKS AND BANKERS EXECUTED ON FAVORABLE TERMS AND WITH DISPATCH.
VERMILYE & CO.

H. J. MESSENGER,

BANKER,
NO. 139 BROADWAY,

All denominations of 7 3-10 notes on hand for immediate delivery.

Gold, Government Securities, Stocks and Bonds bought and sold on commission.

REMOVAL.—THE REPUBLIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY HAS MOVED TO NO. 158 BROADWAY.

STERLING EXCHANGE.
DRAWN ON BARING BROS & CO., LONDON,
in sums to suit, for sale by
BLAKE BROS. & CO.
No. 28 State-st., Boston, and
No. 17 Wall-st., New-York.

PETROLEUM MINING STOCKS.
RIKER & CO.,
Nos. 78 AND 80 BROADWAY,
AND NO. 4 NEW-ST.,
BROKERS
IN
PETROLEUM AND MINING STOCKS.

LOCKWOOD & CO., BANKERS,
NO. 94 BROADWAY AND NO. 6 WALL-ST.
Dealers in government and other securities.
Interest allowed upon deposits of gold and currency, subject to check at sight. Gold loaned to merchants and bankers upon favorable terms.

THE HARMONY MUTUAL COAL COMPANY.
CAPITAL $600,000.
(Represented by the lands owned by the company,)
Divided into 60,000 shares, the par value of which is fixed at $10 each.
Of these, 12,500 are appropriated for working capital.

OFFICERS:

President..........Mr. DAVID B. TURNER.
Vice-Presid't and Treasurer...Mr. MARTIN G. BATES.
Secretary..........Mr. JOHN H. ROLSTON.
Attorneys.........PLATT, GERARD & BUCKLEY.

DIRECTORS:

HENRY A. SMYTHE, President of the Central National Bank.
JOHN P. YELVERTON, President of the Bank of North America.
NOAH L. WILSON, President of the American National Bank.
FREDERICK SCHUCHARDT, of F. Schuchardt & Sons, bankers.
NATHAN CHANDLER, of John Munroe & Co., bankers.
WM. H. TOWNSEND, Treasurer of the Sterling Iron Company.
DAVID B. TURNER, of New-York.

Each share will be entitled, from the coal mined by the company in any one year, to its proportionate share of said coal so mined at cost, not exceeding one ton per share, (or the profits thereon,) and a dividend of the profits from the product, beyond the amount delivered on the shares.

The property of this company is situated between the town of Scranton, Penn., and the Wyoming Valley Railroad and Coal Company's property, about one mile from Scranton, and adjoining the Wyoming Railroad and Coal Company. It is free and unincumbered, and the company has no debt of any kind. It is one of the best coal properties in the valley, being estimated to contain seven millions of tons of coal, almost the whole of which is above water level, and capable of producing from 100,000 to 150,000 tons a year.

Any shareholder not wishing to take his coal can have it sold by the company for his account, and receive the profit.

Subscriptions for a limited number of shares received by
WILSON, GIBSON & CO.,
No. 80 Broadway, New-York.

JOHN J. CISCO & SON,
BANKERS,
NO. 33 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.
Negotiate loans and business paper; make collections; purchase and sell government and other securities on commission; receive money on deposit, and allow interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum on daily balances which may be drawn at any time, or will issue certificates of deposit bearing interest payable on demand.
JOHN J. CISCO,
(late of the United States Treasury in New-York.)
JOHN ASHFIELD CISCO.

W. H. M. SISTARE,
STOCK AND EXCHANGE BROKER,
No. 27 William-st., Room No. 6. Government securities, stocks, bonds, &c., bought and sold at the New-York Stock Exchange, exclusively, on commission.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
No. 5 Rue de la Paix, Paris,
and
No. 8 Wall-st., New-York.
Issue circular letters of credit for travelers in all parts of Europe, &c., &c. Also, commercial credits.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS
FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY
AND ABROAD.

TRAVELING CREDITS.
Circular notes for £10 and upwards, on the Union Bank of London, available in all the principal towns and cities of Europe, for sale, at the current rate of exchange, by L. P. MORTON & CO., Bankers, No. 35 Wall-st.

TO MUTUAL COAL COMPANIES.
COAL LANDS TO LEASE.
The SCHUYLKILL COAL COMPANY are now prepared to make leases on their lands in Foster Township, Schuylkill County, Penn.
These lands are located in the very best portion of the Mockasher Basin, having over four miles run on the Daniel, Crosby, Lealor and all the veins known in that Basin, both above and below water level.
Favorable leases, with an abundance of timber for mining purposes, will be made to good tenants on application to ELISHA A. PACKER, Trinity Buildings, or CHARLES H. MILLS, at the office of the company, No. 7 Nassau-st., over Continental Bank, New-York.

OFFICE OF THE GERMANIA PETROLEUM COMPANY,
No. 33 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, Sept. 22, 1865.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Germania Petroleum Company of New-York will take place at the office of the company, No. 33 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, on the 28th day of October next, at 12 o'clock M., to decide upon the reduction of the capital stock of the company to $300,000.
The transfer books will close on the 2d day of October.
(Signed)
J. F. SCHEPLER,
C. HOLZAPFEL,
H. R. BALTZER,
EMIL SAUER,
WM. F. DRAKE.
Trustees.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD CO.,
No. 50 EXCHANGE-PLACE, CORNER BROAD-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 1, 1865.

CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD PREFERRED FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND BONDS.—Notice is hereby given that we have this day designated by lot eighteen bonds, numbered as follows: [illegible], 7, 141, for redemption.
According to the terms of the mortgage, interest thereon will cease Nov. 1, 1865. The undersigned are ready to pay them, with interest so far as secured, on presentation and surrender.
J. TILDEN, No. 12 Wall-st.,
L. H. MEYER, No. 46 Exchange-place,
Trustees.

OFFICE OF THE HIGHGATE PETROLEUM CO.,
No. 33 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, Sept. 25, 1865.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Highgate Petroleum Company of New-York will take place at the office of the company, No. 33 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, on the 28th day of October next, at 1 o'clock P. M., to decide upon the reduction of the Capital Stock of the Company to $300,000.
The transfer books will close on the 2d day of October.
(Signed)
L. F. SCHEPLER,
CHAS. HOLZAPFEL,
WM. F. DRAKE,
WM. F. REINS.
Trustees.

HOLDERS OF SAN FRANCISCO BONDS, known as the "School Bonds of 1854," are hereby notified that said bonds will be redeemed in United States gold coin at our office, at maturity, Nov. 1, 1865. Interest on the above bonds will cease from and after the above date.
LEES & WALLER, No. 33 Pine-st.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 25, 1865.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Intagliotype and Graphotype Engraving Company will be held at the office of the company, No. 40 Park-row, on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 1, at 12 o'clock M., to elect trustees for the ensuing year, or until the next annual meeting. A full attendance is requested, as other matters of importance to the stockholders will be presented.
R. O. ROOT, President.

THE HOLDERS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE bonds of the Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien Railroad Company will be paid, par and interest, on presentation of the same at the office of STIMSON, FRONK & Co., No. 25 William-st., at any time between now and the 10th of November next.

THE COUPONS OF THE SECOND MORTGAGE bonds of the Columbus and Indianapolis Central Railway Company, due 1st of November next, will be paid at the St. Nicholas National Bank on and after the 1st proximo.
B. E. SMITH, President.

FINANCIAL.

5-20 BONDS.

IMPORTANT TO
HOLDERS OF UNITED STATES SECURITIES.
Having made large conversions of Compound Interest Notes into the
NEW 5-20 LOAN,
We are now prepared to offer the Bonds for sale to arrive, in amounts to suit.
Parties holding 5-20 Bonds of the issue of 1862 and 1864, by exchanging them for the loan of 1865, will make a profit of from one to three per cent. in cash, and have the same Bond a longer time to run.
Henry A. Heiser's Sons,
Dealers in Government Securities,
No. 28 Wall-st.
P. S.—The Bonds of the issue of 1862 being wanted for shipment to Europe, enables American holders to reap this advantage.

FISK & HATCH,

BANKERS,
AND
U. S. 7-30 LOAN AGENTS
No. 5 NASSAU-STREET,
(Continental Bank Building,)
Near WALL-ST.,
have all denominations of
THE 7-30 NOTES
constantly on hand for
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.
All Classes of
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
bought and sold at market rates.

CANADIAN OIL REGION,
BOTHWELL, CANADA WEST.
PUBLIC SALE OF ABOUT 1,500 ACRES
OF
CHOICE OIL LANDS, WITH OIL WELLS.

The BOTHWELL LAND AND PETROLEUM COMPANY, commonly called the "Scotch Company," owning the town of Bothwell and 6,000 acres of land around it, will offer for sale, by auction, 1,500 acres of their choicest territory, with the view of attracting oil operators to the fuller development of this important oil region.

The lands to be sold immediately adjoin the Pepper or Boston, Lick, Colville, Victoria, and all the other yielding oil wells in the district. They embrace the well-known Chambers and Thames yielding wells, also others which are now being put down. They are all within two miles of the railway station and town of Bothwell, and front on the River Thames and the Longwood road. They comprise Lots Nos. 13, 14, 15, River Range; Lots Nos. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, Longwood Road Range; and Lot No. 12 on the Tenth Concession. All in the Township of Zone, County of Kent.

Bothwell is a rapidly increasing town, and has hotels, machine and blacksmiths' shops, and all conveniences for supplying the wants of operators. It is a principal station on the Great Western or Canada Railway, which runs from Detroit to Niagara Falls, and is reached in 24 hours from New-York, and 14 hours from Chicago by express trains twice each way daily.

The lands will be put up for sale in lots of from 5 to 25 acres, a road allowance being provided to each lot.

A deposit of 20 per cent. will be required on purchase, 30 per cent. within one month, and the balance in four quarterly installments of 12½ per cent. each. For the deposit of 20 per cent., American Government or first-class State or railway bonds to an adequate amount will be taken as security instead of cash, until the buyers have time to convert. This will render it unnecessary for buyers from the United States to be provided with Canadian funds until after they actually purchase.

The sale will take place at BOTHWELL, on THURSDAY, 23D NOVEMBER, at 11 o'clock, forenoon.

Intending purchasers are invited to inspect the lands. All further particulars can be had, and plans of the property as subdivided for sale can be seen, at the office of the company, Bothwell.
JOHN WALKER,
General Manager.
Oct. 14, 1865.

UNION BANK OF LONDON.
NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND.
BELFAST BANKING COMPANY, IRELAND.
We issue Sight Drafts on the above, as we have done for the past twenty years. Good everywhere in ENGLAND, IRELAND, SCOTLAND and WALES, in sums of £1 and upward.
TAYLOR, BROTHERS,
No. 17 Wall-st.

HENRY CLEWS & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 32 Wall-st., New-York.
Unite States Government Securities purchased and for sale

THE RATHBONE PETROLEUM CO.
OF WEST VIRGINIA.
The stockholders of this company are hereby notified that at their annual meeting, to be held on the second TUESDAY in November next, 1865, at the office of the company's rooms, No. 22, in No. 54 William-st., in the City of New-York, at 12 M., a resolution will be offered to increase the capital stock of said company by fifty thousand shares, as additional working capital. An election for seven Trustees for ensuing year will also be held.
GEORGE E. COOK,
ROBERT C. EMBREE,
JOHN F. PICKRELL,
J. Q. ADAMS,
Trustees.
P. A. VAN BERGEN, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 17, 1865.

UNITED STATES TREASURY.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 24, 1865.
NOTICE.—The loan of $50,000,000, for funding Certificates of Indebtedness, Compound Interest Notes and Treasury Notes, authorized by the Secretary of the Treasury, under date of Sept. 26, 1865, having been fully subscribed, no further deposit of Certificates or Notes will be received.
By order of the Secretary of the Treasury.
H. H. VAN DYCK, Assistant Treasurer.

AGENCY, BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.
No. 24 Pine-st.
WALTER WATSON, CLARENCE M. MYLREA and JAMES GOLDIE, agents.
Exchange bought and sold on London and collections made in Great Britain and the colonies. Drafts issued on Canada, Nova Scotia, New-Brunswick, British Columbia and San Francisco. Drafts for small sums issued on Ireland and Scotland.

THE NATIONAL PARK BANK OF NEW-YORK.
CAPITAL....$2,000,000. SURPLUS....$1,200,000.
This bank will issue certificates of deposit bearing interest on favorable terms. J. L. WORTH, Cashier.
NEW-YORK, Aug. 21, 1865.

DAKIN, OLCOTT & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 23 Wall-st., New-York.
Government and State Securities, Stocks, Bonds, Gold, &c., bought and sold on commission. Interest paid on deposits in excess of $1,000 at the rate of four per cent. per annum.

U. S. COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,
ISSUED IN 1864,
BOUGHT AND SOLD BY
VERMILYE & CO.
No. 44 Wall-st.

LAND WARRANTS
Bought and sold by
TAYLOR BROS., No. 17 Wall-st.

BANK DEPARTMENT, ALBANY, Oct. 24, 1865.

THE ALONZO WOOD & COMPANY'S BANK, Eldridge, Onondaga County, has this day filed in this office a notice of the appointment of Messrs. HOWES & MACY, Bankers, in the City of New-York, as agents for the redemption of its circulating notes, together with a revocation of the appointment of the Importers' and Traders' Bank as such agent, agreeable to the act entitled "An Act to amend the several acts relating to Incorporated Banks, Banking Associations and Individual Bankers," passed April 17, 1851.
EDWARD HAND, Superintendent.

THE FIREMEN'S FUND INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 200 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Oct. 23, 1865.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the annual election of this Company will be held, at their office, No. 200 Broadway, on MONDAY, the 6th day of November next, from 12 M. to 1 P. M., for the election of ten Directors, in place of those whose term of office expire on that day, and of twelve Inspectors of the next election.
The transfer books will be closed until after the election.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON R. R. CO.,
CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 24, 1865.

COUPONS OF CHICAGO AND ALTON Railroad First Mortgage Sinking Fund Bonds, due Nov. 1, 1865, will be paid on and after that date, less government tax, at the office of Messrs. M. K. JESUP & CO., No. 50 Exchange-place, New-York.
W. M. LARRABEE, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 161 Broadway,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 24, 1865.

AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS OF this company for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the company, on MONDAY, the 6th day of November next. The polls will be open from 12 to 1 o'clock P. M.
WM. RAYNOR, Secretary.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the NEW-ENGLAND PETROLEUM COMPANY, for the choice of nine trustees, and transaction of any other proper business, will be held at the office of the company, No. 60 John-st., on MONDAY, Nov. 13, at 2 o'clock P. M.
H. A. STARKWEATHER,
Assistant Secretary.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 27, 1865.

NEW-YORK MINING COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 26, 1865.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of this company will be held at the office, No. 125 Front-st., on MONDAY, the 6th of November next. The poll will be open from 12 to 1 o'clock.
WM. B. FLEMING, Secretary.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 19, 1865.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE MACON AND WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY, the transfer-books of said company have been reopened at this agency.
E. N. FORD, Transfer Agent.

THE COUPONS OF THE MORRIS AND Essex Railroad Company bonds, due 1st proximo, will be paid at the Merchants' National Bank, New-York. Parties holding ten or more coupons would facilitate the payment by sending the same to the Bank one week prior to that date.
ISAAC VAN WAGENEN, Treasurer.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Union Sugar Company will be held on TUESDAY, Nov. 7, at 2 P. M., at No. 16 Rose-st., for the election of Trustees, &c.
E. DENTON SMITH, Secretary.

COMMISSIONER FOR MASSACHUSETTS and other States.—No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 6, [illegible] Park Bank.

FINANCIAL.

GLOBE MUTUAL COAL COMPANY

Coal at Actual Cost to Shareholders,
TO PARTIES SUBSCRIBING IMMEDIATELY,
SHARES, $8. PAR VALUE, $10.
WHICH ENTITLES THE PARTY TO ONE TON OF COAL AT THE ACTUAL COST.
SEE PROSPECTUS OF THE COMPANY.
OFFICE,
Nos. 64 Broadway and 19 New-st.,
NEAR WALL.

INSURANCE SCRIP.
WM. C. GILMAN
offers in sums to suit buyers,
DIVIDEND-PAYING INSURANCE SCRIP,
at favorable rates for investment, including
COMMERCIAL, NEW-YORK, ORIENT MARINE INSURANCE SCRIP.

BRYAN, VAN SCHAICK & CO.
BANKERS,
No. 25 Broad-st., New-York.
Government securities, gold and stocks bought and sold exclusively on commission. Four per cent. interest allowed on deposits subject to draft.

DIVIDENDS.

UNITED STATES PETROLEUM COMPANY,
No. 47 EXCHANGE-PLACE,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 25, 1865.

THE UNITED STATES PETROLEUM COMPANY will pay a dividend of ten per cent., on and after WEDNESDAY, Nov. 1. The transfer books will be closed from Friday, the 27th inst., until Friday, the 3d proximo. By order
P. G. FENNING, Secretary.

THE CENTRAL NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, NEW-YORK, Oct. 17, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—A DIVIDEND OF SIX PER CENT., free from government tax, has this day been declared out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on the first day of November next. The transfer books will be closed until that date.
HENRY A. SMYTHE, President.

UNION NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 17, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—A DIVIDEND OF FIVE (5) PER cent. has this day been declared, free from government tax, payable on Nov. 1 next. The transfer books will be closed till the 2d prox.
JAMES M. LEWIS, Cashier.

SAVINGS BANKS.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK—CORNER of 14th-st. and 8th-av.—open daily from 1 to 5 P. M., Wednesdays and Saturdays from 1 to 7 P. M. Six per cent. interest free from government tax. Deposits made on or before Nov. 1 will draw interest from that date.
THOMAS CHRISTY, President.
B. H. BULL, Secretary.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR RATIONS.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS, WASHINGTON, Oct. 17, 1865.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 2 o'clock P. M. of the 22d day of November next, for furnishing rations to the United States Marines at the following stations for the year 1866, viz:

Portsmouth, New-Hampshire.
Charlestown, Massachusetts.
Brooklyn, New-York.
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.
Washington City, District of Columbia.
Gosport, near Norfolk, Virginia.
Mound City, Illinois.

Each ration to consist of three-quarters of a pound of pork or bacon, or one and a fourth pound of fresh or salt beef; eighteen ounces of bread or flour, or twelve ounces of hard bread, or one and a fourth pound of corn meal; and at the rate to one hundred rations of eight quarts of beans, or, in lieu thereof, ten pounds of rice, or, in lieu thereof, twice per week, one hundred and fifty ounces of desiccated potatoes and one hundred ounces of mixed vegetables; ten pounds of coffee, or, in lieu thereof, one and a half pounds of tea; fifteen pounds of sugar; four quarts of vinegar; one pound of sperm candles, or one and one-fourth pounds adamantine candles, or one and a half pound of tallow; four pounds of soap and two quarts of salt.

The rations to be delivered upon the order of the commanding officer of each station; the fresh beef either in bulk or by the single ration, of good quality, with an equal portion of the fore and hind quarters, necks and kidney, tallow excluded; the pork No. 1 prime mess pork; the flour extra superfine; the coffee good Rio; the sugar good New-Orleans or its equivalent; and the beans, vinegar, candles, soap, salt, etc., to be of good quality.

All subject to inspection.

All bids must be accompanied by the following guarantee:

The undersigned, ———, of ———, in the State of ———, and ———, of ———, in the State of ———, hereby guarantee that in case the foregoing bid of ——— for rations, as above described, be accepted, he or they will, within ten days of the receipt of the contract at the Post-office named, execute the contract for the same, with good and sufficient securities; and in the case said ——— shall fail to enter into contract as aforesaid, we guarantee to make good the difference between the offer of said ——— and that which may be accepted.
Witness—E. F. A. B., Guarantor.
C. D., Guarantor.
———, 186-.

I hereby certify that the the above-named ——— are known to me as men of property, and able to make good their guarantee.

To be signed by the United States District Judge, United States District-Attorney or Collector.

No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by the above guarantee.

Newspapers authorized to publish the above will send the paper containing the first insertion to this office for examination.

Proposals to be indorsed: "Proposals for rations for 1866," and addressed to the undersigned.
WM. B. SLACK,
Major and Quartermaster

PAYMASTER'S OFFICE, No. 29 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 25, 1865.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until 12 o'clock on TUESDAY, the 31st inst., for the following supplies, to be delivered free of expense to the government at the Brooklyn Navy-yard, to wit:

20,000 lbs. best flange iron, 3-16 to 10-16; 3,000 lbs. sheet iron, (assorted.)

6,000 lbs. round iron, ½ to 11-16; 10 tons No. 1 Scotch pig iron.

17 plates boiler iron, C. H. No. 1, ⅜, viz.: 5 plates, 54x40 to 84x40; 2 plates, 58x54 and 78x54; 6 plates, 70x36; 2 plates, 78x38; 2 plates, 79x48.

2 plates boiler iron, C. H. No. 1, ⅜, viz.: 1 plate, 58x54, and 1 plate, 46 inches diameter.

20 bars 1, and 6 bars ⅝, round Ulster iron; 15 bars 2x¼ flat, and 1 bar 3½, square Ulster iron.

2,000 lbs. boiler rivets, ⅝x1⅛ and ⅝x1⅜; 5 kegs, 2x⅝ and 2¼x⅝ boiler rivets.

7,500 sheets, 14 oz. to 34 oz. sheathing copper; 50 sheets ¾ copper.

200 lbs. copper boat rivets; 200 lbs. 10d. copper nails.

One slotting and paring machine to take in six feet diameter, to have 18-inch stroke of cutting bar, uniform adjustable crank motion with quick return; cutting bar to be balanced and adjusted vertically by screw and hand-wheel, cone pulleys with 4 speeds for 4-inch belt, strongly geared circular and right angular movement to table.

One Pearce & Sanborn's double-acting patent submarine armor.

One Pearley capstan 6 6-8 chain; 5 Fairbanks' scales 200 lb.

8 hydraulic jacks, 10 and 30 tons; dudgeons or equal to.

400 tons Locust Mountain coal, to be selected and delivered on the dock foot of Delancey-st., East River.

75 air ports, 7½ light, Hidden's patent; 300 coal baskets, hide bound.

200 sets turned chair stuff and 400 rounds to be selected.

2,000 yards burlaps; 2,000 yards enameled cloth.

2,000 square yards boiler felt, Nos. 1 and 2 as per sample at Navy-yard.

150 feet, 2½ inside diameter suction hose with couplings; 12 lengths hose corporation size.

12 sets Gaylord's patent hose couplings for 2½ hose, and 12 wrenches for same.

32 pure Para gum valves, from 18¾ to 23¾ long, 10 to 11¾ wide, ⅝ thick.

1,200 lbs. Tuck's metallic packing, 1 to 1¼; 50 sides belt leather, as per sample at Navy-yard.

2,000 gallons sperm oil, in tight iron-bound barrels of 40 gallons each.

5,000 lbs. whiting, dry; 3,000 lbs. white lead, in oil, 25 and 50 lb. kegs; 10 gallons spirits turpentine.

2,414 lbs. lamp black, 1,000 lbs. red lead, dry, 50 lb. kegs; 5 barrels liquid asphaltum.

20 thermometers, 600 deg.; 20-tube engine, reservoir glass.

400 water-guage glass, assorted; 100 water-guage glass, 18x1 outside diameter.

20 dozen file handles, 15 back saws, 30 hand hammers, 30 riveting hammers.

10 planing machines, hand, 10 sets planing machine tools, 10 tallow kettles.

Responsible security will be required for the prompt and faithful delivery of supplies awarded, government reserving the right to withdraw any of the above articles, and to reject proposals, if deemed objectionable. Blank forms for bidders to be had at this office.
JOHN D. GIBSON, Paymaster.

OFFICE OF COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE,
No. 8 BRIDGE-ST., NEW-YORK, Oct. 23, 1865.

SEALED PROPOSALS, IN DUPLICATE, indorsed "Proposals for Cooked Rations," will be received by the undersigned until 10 o'clock A. M. SATURDAY, the 28th inst., for supplying COOKED RATIONS for four months, from the 1st day of November, 1865 (or for such shorter period as may be directed by the Commissary-General of Subsistence,) to all troops in the service, as well as to all other persons properly to be subsisted by the United States Subsistence Department, who may be in New-York City or its immediate vicinity, as well as troops [illegible] from the seat of war, and not otherwise provided for.

The rations will consist of three meals each day, of good and wholesome food, and subject to such proper inspection as may be directed by the officer in charge.

The contractor must also furnish the soap and candles that may be required in accordance with the army ration, as follows: Four pounds of soap and one and one-quarter pounds of adamantine candles to each hundred rations.

The bidders must state the price per ration, which price must include all expenses, such as furnishing cooking apparatus, fuel, packing-boxes, transportation of the rations, &c.

All bids must be accompanied by a guarantee, signed by the guarantors themselves as follows:

"We, the undersigned, hereby guarantee that in case the foregoing bid of ——— be accepted, it shall be duly fulfilled according to its true purport and conditions; also, that a written contract shall be executed, with two bonds in the sum of ten thousand dollars each."

Names of guarantors,

Bidders must give their names in full, and also state their place of residence and business.

They must be present at the opening of the proposals, and be fully prepared with their securities to sign immediately the contract and bond. Evidence must be shown of the entire responsibility of each surety. Any informality will be the cause of the entire rejection of the proposal and any other than a genuine bid, made in perfect good faith, will subject the person making it and the guarantors to the extreme penalty of the law.

Each bid must have a printed copy of this advertisement attached to it.

The government reserves the right to reject any bid which seems unreasonable or inconsistent.

Payments to be monthly, in such funds as may be furnished by the United States.
FRANCIS E. BERIER,
Captain and C. S. Vols.

PROPOSALS

PROPOSALS FOR FORAGE AND STRAW.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
No. 17 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK, Oct. 2, 1865.

Proposals are invited by the undersigned for the delivery of good, merchantable TIMOTHY HAY, on board of vessels at such wharf in New-York harbor as may be designated.

The hay and straw must be securely baled, and weigh two thousand (2,000) pounds per ton exclusive of wood.

Proposals must state plainly the quantity, price, and time of delivery.

The hay and straw will be inspected by a government inspector, and weighed before being shipped.

Proposals will also be received to deliver HAY and STRAW at Washington, D. C., Richmond, Va., and Hilton Head, S. C., subject to the above requirements.

Bids will be accepted from time to time to meet the requirements of the government.

Payments to be made on delivery, or as soon after as funds for the purpose shall be received.
STEWART VAN VLIET,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Quartermaster.

SUBSISTENCE OFFICE, U. S. ARMY,
No. 4 SOUTH GAY-STREET,
BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 12, 1865.

SEALED PROPOSALS, IN DUPLICATE, will be received at this office until FRIDAY, Oct. 27, 1865, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purchase of about TWELVE THOUSAND GALLONS WHISKY, as follows, viz.:

Lot No. 1.—About 4,650 Gallons prime RECTIFIED WHISKY.
Lot No. 2.—About 3,280 Gallons OLD RYE WHISKY.
Lot No. 3.—About 3,290 Gallons PURE BOURBON WHISKY.

These Whiskies are all in prime order, the packages all newly guaged, were selected with great care, and will be found upon examination fully equal to any Whiskies that have been offered in this or any market.

Proposals for FIVE packages and upward will only be considered for either lot.

Samples may be seen and blank proposals obtained at the offices of the following-named officers of the Subsistence Department:
COL. H. F. CLARKE, A. D. C., and A. C. G. S., New-York.
BREVET BRIG.-GEN. C. L. KILBURN, A. C. G. S., Philadelphia.
MAJOR GEO. BELL, C. S., Washington.
CAPT. THOS. C. SULLIVAN, C. S., Richmond, Va.
CAPT. E. D. BRIGHAM, C. S., Boston, Mass.
And at THIS OFFICE.

The government reserves the right to reject any or all bids on the above lots that may be deemed too low, or to withdraw any of the lots specified above.

Proposals should be addressed "Proposals for the purchase of Whisky," and directed to the undersigned.

Payment to be made in government funds, fifty (50) per cent. to be paid at the time of notification of acceptance of bid.

Five days will be allowed after the acceptance of bids for the removal of stores.

Bidders are requested to be present at the opening of their bids.

The Whisky in all the above lots to be sold by the PROOF GALLON, and purchasers will be required to settle their bills upon the certificate of the State Ganger as to the amount.
By order of
Brevet Brig.-Gen. THOS. WILSON, C. S. U. S. A.
W. H. PARKHURST, Capt. and C. S.

GOVERNMENT SALE OF WHISKY.
OFFICE DEPOT COMMISSARY,
FORT MONROE, Va., Oct. 22, 1865.

SEALED PROPOSALS, in duplicate, are invited and will be received by the undersigned, at this depot, until 10 o'clock A. M. on the 31st day of October, 1865, for the sale (by the running gallon,) of sixty-eight (68) barrels of extra fine whisky, withdrawn from sale, advertised on Sept. 21, 1865, as follows:

LOT NO. 4—Consisting of sixty-three (63) barrels Pure Old Rye Whisky, originally inspected in February, 1865, containing about two thousand five hundred and twenty (2,520) gallons.

Proposals for two (2) barrels and upwards of this lot will be received.

LOT NO. 5—Consisting of five (5) barrels Pure Old Bourbon Whisky, originally inspected June, 1864, containing about one hundred and sixty (160) gallons.

Proposals for one (1) barrel and upwards of this lot will be received.

The attention of druggists and dealers in general is respectfully invited to these two lots of whiskies, which are of superior quality and flavor, and have been in the possession of the government for a long time; has all been reganged and in excellent order.

The government reserves the right to withdraw any or all of the above lots, and to reject any proposal deemed too low.

Payment to be made in United States currency within ten (10) days after notification of acceptance of bid, and prior to delivery of the property.

Blank proposals will be furnished on application to this office.
JAMES CURRY,
Colonel and C. S. V.

CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT.—TO CONTRACTORS.—Separate sealed proposals, each indorsed with the title of the work for which it may be offered, the name of the bidder and the date of the offering, will be received at this office until 11 o'clock A. M. of FRIDAY, Nov. 3, 1865, for the completion of the unfinished work on the proposed sewer in 52d-st., from 6th to 7th-avs.

Blank forms for bids and specifications, can be obtained on application to the contract clerk at this office.
THOMAS STEPHENS,
ROBT. L. DARRAGH,
A. W. CRAVEN,
Croton Aqueduct Board.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 23, 1865.

TO IRON FOUNDERS.—CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT.—Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 11 o'clock A. M., of Monday, Oct. 30, 1865, for the supply of 5 twenty-inch and 126 twelve-inch cast-iron stop cocks, 28 fire hydrants, known as "Ayres' hydrants," and 27 fire hydrants, known as "Coffin's hydrants."

Specifications and blank forms for bids can be obtained on application at this office.
THOMAS STEVENS,
ROBT. L. DARRAGH,
A. W. CRAVEN,
Croton Aqueduct Board.
New-York, Oct. 18, 1865.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER OF the application of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, by the Croton Aqueduct Board of said city, relative to the acquiring of lands for a reservoir and appurtenances thereto in said city, between One Hundred and Seventy-second and One Hundred and Seventy-fifth streets, and the Tenth-avenue and the Harlem River, in the said city, for the purpose of supplying such parts of said city with Croton water as are not now supplied with the same:

We, the undersigned Commissioners of Appraisal in the above entitled matter, hereby give notice to the owners, lessees, persons and parties interested in the land, tenements, hereditaments and premises affected thereby, and to all others whom it may concern, that we have completed our estimate and appraisal in the above entitled matter, and that our report herein will be presented to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a General Term thereof to be held at the City Hall in the City of New-York, on the 23d day of November, 1865, at the opening of the Court on that day, and that then and there, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, a motion will be made that said report be confirmed—and that a copy of our said report has been deposited in the office of the Croton Aqueduct Department in the City of New-York, and at our office, No. 83 Nassau-st., (Room No. 20,) for the inspection of parties interested therein.—Dated New-York, Sept. 13, 1865.
ELIJAH F. PURDY,
JOHN T. HOFFMAN,
HENRY L. HOGUET,
Commissioners.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER OF the application of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the opening of Sixty-third-street from the Fifth-avenue to the East River, and from the Eighth-avenue to the Hudson River, in the City of New-York. Notice is hereby given that the bill of the costs, charges and expenses incurred by reason of the proceedings in the above entitled matter, will be presented for taxation to Honorable George G. Barnard, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court, at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on the second day of November, 1865, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.
JOSEPH C. SKADEN,
BENJAMIN GALBRAITH,
JOSEPH N. BARNES,
Commissioners.
NEW-YORK, October 21, 1865.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER OF the application of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the opening of Ninetieth-street, from Third-avenue to the Harlem River, and from Eighth-avenue to the Hudson River, where not already opened, in the City of New-York.—Notice is hereby given that the bill of costs, charges and expenses incurred by reason of the proceedings in the above entitled matter, will be presented for taxation to Hon. George G. Barnard, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court, at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on the 2d day of November, 1865, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.
JOHN K. HACKETT,
GEORGE WILKES,
WILLIAM CAULDWELL,
Commissioners.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 21, 1865.

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF JOHN W. MILLS, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Westchester, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against the estate of ALFRED MARCHER, late of the Town of Morrisania, in said county, deceased, to present the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the undersigned, executors of the last will and testament of the said deceased, at the East River Bank, No. 680 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 11th day of January, A. D., 1866.
DATED this 3d day of July, A. D., 1865.
WILLIAM S. CARMAN,
EMILY R. MARCHER,
Executors.
Jy7-law6mF.

COAL.

CAMERON COAL.

THE CAMERON COAL COMPANY are now offering this superior BITUMINOUS COAL at Elizabethport, Baltimore and Philadelphia, at low rates. It is unsurpassed for generating steam, and for iron founders, blacksmiths, gas companies, and all other purposes for which Bituminous Coal is now used. As a fuel for grates it has no superior. It is almost entirely free from sulphur. For terms, apply at the
Office of the Company,
No. 71 Broadway, Room No. 33.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE—A THOROUGH-BRED MORGAN horse, fifteen and a half hands high, brown in color; six years old; very stylish in single or double harness; spirited, but kind. To be seen at KAMP'S Stables, No. 24 West 13th-st. Sold for want of use.

COUPE FOR SALE CHEAP—ONE-HORSE coupe, been used but little, a beautiful model, in first-rate order. Apply at BEARDSLEY & SON, corner Broadway and 37th-st.

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF HORSES, 15 HANDS high, warranted sound, kind and gentle; suitable for family driving. Apply at private stable, No. 27 West 38th-st., where they can be seen.

WANTED—A PAIR OF HANDSOME PONIES, not over 13 hands; they must be right in all particulars, and well vouched for by a reliable party. Address X. Y. Z., Box No. 172 Times Office.

PERSONAL.

SAM.—WHY SO UNKIND? I WILL BE AT THE Broadway Theatre Matinee on SATURDAY. Fail not to be there. MATILDA.

GRACE—DO NOT DISAPPOINT ME. "SAM Matinee," Saturday next, at 1 o'clock. CENTRAL PARK.

MR. RUTHERFORD, LATE OF AUSTRALIA, and supposed to be now in Canada, can hear of GEORGE BRIDGER, of Nottingham, at No. 20 West 4th-st., New-York. Canada papers please copy.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW-YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE,
ALBANY, July 29, 1865.

To the Sheriff of the County of New-York—Sir:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT AT the general election to be held in this State on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November next, the following officers are to be elected, to wit:

A Secretary of State, in place of Chauncey M. Depew.
A Comptroller, in the place of Lucius Robinson.
A Treasurer, in the place of George W. Schuyler.
An Attorney-General, in the place of John Cochrane.
A State Engineer and Surveyor, in the place of William B. Taylor.
A Canal Commissioner, in the place of William J. Skinner.
An Inspector of State Prisons, in the place of Gaylord J. Clarke.
A Judge of the Court of Appeals, in the place of Hiram Denio.
A Clerk of the Court of Appeals, in the place of Frederick A. Tallmadge.

All whose terms of office will expire on the last day of December next.

Also, a Judge of the Court of Appeals, in the place of John K. Porter, who was appointed to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Henry R. Selden, whose term (for which he was elected) expires on the 31st day of December, 1871.

Also, a Justice of the Supreme Court for the First Judicial District, in place of Daniel P. Ingraham, whose term of office will expire on the last of December next.

Also, a Senator for the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Seventh Senate Districts, comprising the County of New-York.

COUNTY OFFICERS ALSO TO BE ELECTED:

Seventeen Members of Assembly;
Two Justices of the Superior Court, in the place of James Moncrief and Anthony L. Robertson;
A Justice of the Court of Common Pleas, in the place of Charles P. Daly;
Two Supervisors, in the place of James Davis and John Briggs;
A Justice for the Marine Court, in the place of Henry Alker;

All whose terms of office will expire on the last day of December next.

Also, a Justice of the Marine Court in the place of Florence McCarthy, deceased, whose term (for which he was elected) expires on the 31st day of December, 1869.

The attention of Inspectors of Election and County Canvassers is directed to chapter 325 of Laws of 1865, a copy of which is printed herewith, entitled "An Act to provide the means of paying bounties authorized by law, and of reimbursing municipalities for bounties paid by them in pursuance of law, by creating a State debt for that purpose, and to submit to the people the question of creating such debt, and to repeal certain sections of chapter twenty-nine of the Laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-five," for instructions in regard to their duties under said act.

Chapter 325.

AN ACT

To provide the means of paying bounties authorized by law, and of reimbursing municipalities for bounties paid by them in pursuance of law, by creating a State debt for that purpose; and to submit to the people the question of creating such debt, and to repeal certain sections of chapter twenty-nine of the laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-five.

Passed April 7, 1865; three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. To provide the means of paying all bounties authorized by law to be paid by this State to volunteers, drafted men or substitutes, and to provide the means of reimbursing cities, counties and towns for bounties paid by them to volunteers, drafted men or substitutes, so far as the bounties so paid by them are authorized by a law of this State, to be reimbursed or refunded to them, a debt of this State is hereby created and authorized to be contracted, which debt shall be for the single object of paying, reimbursing and refunding the said bounties.

SEC. 2. The debt hereby created and authorized to be contracted shall not exceed the sum of thirty millions of dollars, and there shall be imposed, levied and assessed, upon the taxable property of this State, a direct annual tax, to pay the interest on the said debt, as such interest falls due, which said direct annual tax shall be sufficient to pay such interest as it falls due. And to create a sinking fund for the payment of said debt, there shall also be imposed, levied and assessed, upon the taxable property of this State, a direct annual tax to pay, and sufficient to pay, in the space of twelve years from the time of the passage of this act, the whole of the debt created and contracted under and by the provisions of this act.

SEC. 3. To obtain the money necessary for the purposes contemplated by this act, the Comptroller is authorized to issue the bonds of the State, in such sums each as shall seem meet to him, with coupons thereto attached for the payment of the interest on such bonds, at a rate not exceeding seven per centum per annum, half yearly, on the first days of July and January, in each year, until the principal thereof is payable, in such place in the City of New-York as shall seem meet to him, and the whole principal shall be payable in such place in New-York City as the Comptroller shall deem meet, in twelve years from the passage of this act. The bonds to be issued by the Comptroller, under the provisions of this act, shall be disposed of by the Comptroller as follows: First, he shall, as soon as may be after the approval of this act by the people, issue at par to the holders of any of the revenue bonds of this State, which, under the provisions of any law of this State, shall have been theretofore issued by him to raise moneys for the payment of the bounties specified in the first section of this act, or to reimburse or refund to cities, counties, or towns the bounties paid by them, as specified in the first section of this act, so much of the bonds authorized by this act as shall equal in amount the revenue bonds of this State which shall have heretofore been issued by him, as aforesaid. Second, he shall then, as to the remainder of the bonds authorized to be issued by this act, before disposing of them or any of them, advertise for proposals for the same, and shall open the proposals and award the same to the highest bidder, at a rate not less than par, which advertising and disposition shall be according to the provisions of law now existing.

SEC. 4. This act shall be submitted to the people at the next general election to be held in this State. The inspectors of election in the different election districts in this State shall provide at each poll, on said election day, a box in the usual form, for the reception of the ballots herein provided; and each and every elector of this State may present a ballot which shall be a paper ticket, on which shall be printed or written, or partly written and partly printed, one of the following forms, namely: "For the act to create a State debt to pay bounties," or "Against the act to create a State debt to pay bounties." The said ballots shall be so folded as to conceal the contents of the ballot, and shall be indorsed, "Act in relation to bounties."

SEC. 5. After finally closing the polls of such election the inspectors thereof shall, immediately, and without adjournment, proceed to count and canvass the ballots given in relation to the proposed act, in the same manner as they are by law required to canvass the ballots given for Governor, and thereupon shall set down in writing, and in words at fullength, the whole number of votes given "For the act to create a State debt," and the whole number of votes given "Against the act to create a State Debt," and certify and subscribe the same, and cause the copies thereof to be made, certified and delivered, as prescribed by law in respect to the canvass of votes given at an election for Governor. And all the provisions of law in relation to elections, other than for military and town officers, shall apply to the submission to the people herein provided for.

SEC. 6. The Secretary of State shall with all convenient dispatch, after this act shall receive the approval of the Governor, cause the same to be struck off and printed upon slips, in such numbers as shall be sufficient to supply the different officers of this State concerned in notifying or in holding elections, or in canvassing the votes, and shall transmit the same to such officers.

SEC. 7. This act shall become a law when it is ratified by the people in pursuance of the constitution and the provisions thereof.

SEC. 8. Sections eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve and thirteen of chapter twenty-nine of the laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-five are hereby repealed.

Yours, respectfully,
CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW,
Secretary of State.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK, } ss.

I hereby certify the above to be a true copy of the original notice received by me this day from the Secretary of State.—Aug. 2, 1865.
JOHN KELLY,
Sheriff of the City and County of New-York.

Publishers of newspapers are notified not to publish this advertisement unless duly authorized to do so by the Sheriff. Laws of 1850, chap. 480.
JOHN KELLY, Sheriff.

CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT,
BUREAU OF WATER RENTS, Oct. 19, 1865.

UNPAID WATER RENTS.—NOTICE IS hereby given that a further penalty of 10 per cent. will be added to all unpaid water rents on the 1st day of November next.
WM. H. KING, Registrar.

HELP WANTED.

TO LADIES.—WANTED, A LIBERALLY EDUCATED lady having experience as a writer for publication. One thus qualified, and having satisfactory references, may secure a permanent situation and comfortable home. None others need apply. Address, for one week, A. B., Editor, Station D, New-York.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS UPHOLSTERERS, accustomed to curtain work.
A. T. STEWART & CO.,
Broadway and 10th-st.
Apply at the 9th-st. door.

WANTED—AGENTS, TO INTRODUCE THE new and rapid selling work, "Grant and Sherman—their Campaigns and Generals," by Hon. J. T. Headley. Now ready. Handsomely illustrated with steel portraits, battles, scenes and maps. A rare chance is offered to make money. For terms call on or address E. B. TREAT & CO., Publishers, No. 130 Grand-st. New-York.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE, TIDY WOMAN to go a short distance in the country; must be a good cook and baker, and willing to do the general housework of a family of two persons; reasonable wages and a comfortable home to a good girl. Apply between 10 and 12, at 123 East 16th-st., second door from 4th-av.

WANTED—TWO RESPECTABLE COLORED servants, one as laundress and to assist with chamberwork, the other as chambermaid and waitress; the best references required. Apply at No. 5 West 29th-st., before 10 o'clock or after 4 o'clock.

WANTED—A YOUNG WOMAN AS WAITRESS in a small family, one who understands her business thoroughly, and has good recommendations. Apply at No. 157 West 23d-st.

WANTED—IN A SMALL FAMILY, A CHAMBERMAID and laundress; she will be expected to assist in waiting. Apply at No. 2 East 38th-st., on Saturday, between 5 and 10 o'clock.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT WOMAN ACCUSTOMED to general housework; good reference required. Apply between 11 and 2 o'clock, to SPARKES, BOURNE & CO., No. 116 Nassau-st.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT WOMAN AS laundress and to assist in the chamberwork; city reference required. Call between 10 and 11 o'clock at No. 26 East 22d-st.

WANTED—200 LABORERS TO WORK ON railroad between East Thompson, Conn., and Southbridge, Mass.; wages $1 25 per day; board $4 per week. Apply at Webster, Mass. WALL & LYNCH, Contractors.

$10 PER DAY EASY—AGENTS WANTED to sell WARE'S perpetual (watch charm) calendar; selling rapidly; price 25 cents; by mail 30 cents.
W. POWELL WARE,
No. 119 Nassau-st., New-York, Room No. 12.

COLORED HELP WANTED.—A SMALL private family want two smart colored girls—one as cook, and the other as chambermaid and waitress; both must understand their business, and come well recommended. Call at Mrs. TILLMON'S office, No. 70 East 13th-st., for further particulars.

SITUATIONS AND HELP WANTED.—Advertisements inserted under this heading in the New-York *Daily News* for 25 cents.

MACHINERY.

LOCOMOTIVES FOR SALE.—TWO LOCOMOTIVES, 12 and 13 tons; guage 4 feet 8½ inches.
JOHN STUART, No. 195 Broadway,
Dealer in Locomotives and Machinery.

INTEGRITY.—WHOM TO TRUST; RELIGIOUS Fervor without Honesty. Can they Co-exist. See November number of the PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL. 20 cents.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman as first-class laundress; can make up fine muslins and French fluting, and understands her business in all its branches; has the best of city reference from her last place. Call at the millinery store, No. 55 3d-av., between 10th and 11th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MIDDLE-AGED woman to care a baby; understands all kinds of family sewing; has a machine of her own. Apply at her present place of employment, No. 99 11th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant woman as good plain cook, and to assist in the washing and ironing in a small private family; best of city references. Can be seen at No. 113 West 27th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION; A LADY BREAKING up housekeeping is desirous of procuring a situation for an excellent waitress; would act as chambermaid and waitress. Apply this morning at No. 7 East 25th-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTABLE girls; one is an excellent cook, a splendid baker of bread; has five years' city reference; the other a first-class waitress; has four years' reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 1[illegible]1 West 20th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A COMPETENT chambermaid and laundress; can do up ladies' finery, French fluting, gentlemen's linen; best of city reference. Can be seen at No. 30 West 13th-st., first floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SCOTCH young Protestant woman, who speaks French, for chamberwork and care of children or any other duty; good reference. Call at No. 411 2d-av., near 24th-st., second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS laundress, or chamberwork and fine washing and fluting; city reference. Call at No. 411 2d-av., near 24th-st., second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A PRIVATE family by a young girl to do chamberwork and plain sewing, or assist in light washing. Can be seen at No. 107 East 29th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY AN INTELLIGENT, and respectable lady as companion and seamstress, in the family of an elderly lady. Can give satisfactory reference. Address S. N. MARKS, Station D.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN, lately landed, for housework of a small family; is willing and obliging; good city references. Call at No. 296 3d-av., northwest corner of 30th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS HOUSEKEEPER or matron, by a lady of experience; is well qualified for either position. Address Mrs. NORRIS, Station G, for three days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUATION as chambermaid and waitress in a private family; good city reference. Call for two days at No. 85 Pacific-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL, as first-class waitress; understands her business in all its branches; can give the best of references. Can be seen at No. 626 6th-av., between 36th and 37th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT girl, as regular chambermaid or laundress; best of city reference. Apply at No. 408 3d-av., over Station F, Post-office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG SCOTCH WOMAN, A situation as seamstress; can do all kinds of family sewing; would assist with children; good city reference. Can be seen until suited at No. 102 West 21st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN for chamberwork and waiting; would assist in washing. Call at her present employer's, No. 343 West 23d-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant woman as good plain cook, washer and ironer; best city reference can be given. Call at No. 283 1st-av., corner of 17th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION FOR TWO PROTESTANT sisters, one as waitress or nurse and servant, the other as chambermaid and waitress; willing and obliging; good reference. Call at BOOKHAM'S, 329 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS laundress, who thoroughly understands her business; best of city reference. Can be seen at Mrs. LANDER'S, No. 45 3d-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as experienced nurse; is capable of taking charge of a baby from its infancy; good city reference. Can be seen at No. 206 7th-av., near 24th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN, as nurse and make herself generally useful; best city reference from her last place. Call at No. 121 West 20th-st., near 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK; UNDERSTANDS her business in all its branches; has the best reference from her last place. Call, for two days, at No. 121 West 20th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SCOTCH Protestant woman as first-class cook; understands cooking in all its branches; good city reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 34 Greenwich-av., in the rear.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK BY A WOMAN in a private family; unexceptionable reference given. Call, for two days, at No. 289 6th-av., corner of 18th-st., entrance in 18th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG AMERICAN GIRL, A situation to take care of children or do other light work; is willing to make herself generally useful. Apply at No. 324 East 24th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG American girl as nursery governess. Address A. E. D., Post-office, Williamsburgh, L. I.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Swedish girl as chambermaid in a respectable American family. Address No 87 Market-st., New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GOOD COOK; IS a first-rate washer and ironer; is a good baker. Call for two days at No. 101 West 19th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook who thoroughly understands her business; the best of city references. Call at No. 87 West 24th-st., N. Y.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID; understands fine washing. Call at No. 251 West 35th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG AMERICAN WOMAN, a situation as seamstress or children's nurse in a good family. Address SUSAN, Box No. 110 *Times* Office.

A LADY WISHES TO PROCURE A SITUATION for her waitress, a Scotch Protestant; can be well recommended. Inquire at No. 111 East 18th-st., before 12 o'clock.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A STEADY sober, faithful man as coachman and groom; will take care of a small greenhouse if required; thoroughly understands his business; willing to make himself generally useful; can give the best of references from his last places. Address, for two days, J. B., Box No. 212 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION FOR A BOY 17 years old, in the wholesale hardware, grocery or drug business; salary no object, as he wishes to learn the business; will serve till 21 years of age for that purpose; reference and security given; resides with his parents. Address JAMES, No. 118 East 14th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MAN 30 YEARS of age, returned from the war, as farmer; understands the care of all kinds of stock, or would engage as coachman and plain gardener; would like a permanent place. Call at or address J. N., No. 9 4th-av., or Box No. 138 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COACHMAN, who thoroughly understands his business; has the very best of recommendations; he is not only a good coachman and groom, but is ever willing to make himself useful. Apply at 220 4th-av., one door above 24th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as coachman in a private family; is a Protestant; has no objection to city or country. Call on J. N. PERKINS, No. 60 Wall-st., or address J. W. W., Box No. 4,465 Post-office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a single man who perfectly understands his business; has the best of city reference; would refer to his last employer. Address M. C., Box No. 218 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A WAITER'S SITUATION BY A respectable man in a private family; the best city reference given as to sobriety, honesty and capability. Call at No. 920 Broadway, corner of 21st-st., in the shoe-store.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS COACHMAN and groom, a Scotchman, a situation in a private family; best of city reference given. Call on or address T. D., No. 28 East 19th-st., feed-store, a few doors east of Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY A single man; can take care of a horse and cow; willing to make himself generally useful; the best of references. Address GARDENER, Box No. 212 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a sober young man who thoroughly understands his business; can be seen at his employer's. Address C., No. 11 West 22d-st.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, A SITUATION as coachman; understands the care of horses and cows and is willing to make himself generally useful; good reference. Address M. M., Box No. 205 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS SITUATION AS coachman and groom by a young man, on account of his present employer going to Europe. Call or address at No. 104 East 18th-st., private stable, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a colored young man, who understands the business well; has no objection to the country. Address E. T., Box No. 211 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE YOUNG MAN, WHO thoroughly understands the care of horses, a situation as groom and coachman; has good reference from his last employer. Address S. A., Box 214 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a single man; understands his business, and has good references. Address, for this week, COACHMAN, Box No. 216 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE YOUNG MAN A situation as coachman and groom; thoroughly understands the business; civil and obliging; best of city reference. Address B., Box No. 207 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MARRIED man, without children, as gardener and farmer; the wife is a good cook or laundress. Address J. G., at seed-store No. 65 Liberty-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a competent man, or would take charge of fast horses; the best of city reference; four years in his last place. Apply at No. 24 West 18th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COACHMAN and groom; the best of city reference for ten years. Address D. B., Box No. 218 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WATCHMAN OR light porter; good reference. Address R. H., Box No. 211 *Times* Office.

WANTED.—A GENTLEMAN DESIRES TO OBTAIN a situation for his man as groom and coachman. Apply at No. 61 East 23d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS BOOK-KEEPER. Address BENEDICT, Box No. 107 *Times* Office.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

NEW-YORK, Oct. 14, 1865.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the firm of LERCHE, ZIMMERMAN & WAGNER is this day dissolved by mutual consent, ZIMMERMAN and WAGNER retiring from the firm.
C. D. ZIMMERMAN,
JACOB WAGNER.

SHIPPING.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

(Limited.)

NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL,

Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.
QUEEN	3,412	Grogan.
ENGLAND—building	3,430	....
SCOTLAND	3,436	Hall.
ERIN	3,310	Grace.
HELVETIA	3,315	Prowse.
PENNSYLVANIA	2,872	McNevin.
VIRGINIA	2,876	Lewis.
LOUISIANA	2,166	Cutting.

Leaving Pier No. 47, North River, as follows:

PENNSYLVANIA ... SATURDAY, Oct. 28
HELVETIA ... SATURDAY, Nov. 4
ERIN ... SATURDAY, Nov. 11
VIRGINIA ... SATURDAY, Nov. 18
SCOTLAND ... SATURDAY, Nov. 25

AND EVERY SATURDAY THEREAFTER.

The Cabin accommodations on board these steamers are unsurpassed, and the rates lower than by any other line.

Cabin passage, $90; Steerage, $30—payable in currency.

The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless Bills of Lading, having their value expressed therein, are signed therefor.

For freight or cabin passage, apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.
For steerage passage, apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, 29 Broadway, N. Y.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S NEW LINE OF FIRST-CLASS MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The first splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent are the following:

WASHINGTON	3,204 tons	900-horse power
LAFAYETTE	3,204 tons	900-horse power
EUROPE	3,204 tons	900-horse power
NAPOLEON III	(Nearly ready)	1,100-horse power
ST. LAURENT	(Building)	Great power.
PEREIRE	(Building)	Great power.
VILLE DE PARIS	(Building)	Great power.

DEPARTURES FROM NEW-YORK.

EUROPE ... A. DUCHESNE ... FRIDAY ... Nov. 10
LAFAYETTE or WASHINGTON ... FRIDAY ... Dec. 8

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD.

First cabin, $135; second cabin, $80, including table wine for either class.

Passengers intending to land at Brest will be furnished here with railroad coupon tickets, and their baggage checked to Paris, at an additional charge of $5 for first and $3 for second class.

Medical attendance free of charge.

For further information apply to
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent,
No. 7 Broadway, New-York.
At Paris, 12 Boulevard des Capucines, (Grand Hotel.)
At Havre, WM. ISELIN & CO.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.
AND
BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

SCOTIA leaves New-York Wednesday, Nov. 1.
AFRICA leaves Boston Wednesday, Nov. 8.
JAVA leaves New-York Wednesday, Nov. 15.
CUBA leaves Boston Wednesday, Nov. 22.
PERSIA leaves New-York Wednesday, Nov. 29.
CHINA leaves Boston Wednesday, Dec. 6.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage ... $132 50
Second Cabin Passage ... 80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage ... $112 50
Second Cabin Passage ... 65 00

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL—CALLING AT Queenstown. The Inman Line, sailing semi-weekly, carrying the United States Mails.

CITY OF MANCHESTER ... WEDNESDAY ... Oct. 25
CITY OF BALTIMORE ... SATURDAY ... Oct. 28
CITY OF DUBLIN ... WEDNESDAY ... Nov. 1
CITY OF NEW-YORK ... SATURDAY ... Nov. 4

and each succeeding SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY, at noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

BY THE MAIL STEAMER SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.

First Cabin ... $90 | Steerage ... $30
First Cabin to London ... 95 | Steerage to London ... 35
First Cabin to Paris ... 105 | Steerage to Paris ... 40

PAYABLE IN GOLD.

Passage by the Wednesday steamers: First Cabin, $90; Steerage, $35. Payable in U. S. currency.

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.

Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $30 gold, or the equivalent. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.

For further information apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

ONLY AMERICAN LINE TO ENGLAND AND FRANCE.

The New-York and Havre Steamship Company's first-class mail steamships ARAGO and FULTON, having been thoroughly refitted, will leave Pier No. 37 North River for Havre, calling at Southampton, as follows:

ARAGO ... HENRY A. GADSDEN ... Nov. 25, 1865.
FULTON ... JAMES A. WOTTON ... Dec. 23, 1865.
ARAGO ... HENRY A. GADSDEN ... Jan. 20, 1866.
FULTON ... JAMES A. WOTTON ... Feb. 17, 1866.
ARAGO ... HENRY A. GADSDEN ... March 17, 1866.
FULTON ... JAMES A. WOTTON ... April 14, 1866.

PRICES OF PASSAGE IN GOLD.

First cabin ... $132 50 | Second cabin ... $80 00

An experienced surgeon on board.

The company will not be responsible for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For further information, apply to
ISAAC BELL, President,
No. 7 Broadway, New-York.

PASSAGE TO AND FROM GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND, BY STEAMSHIP AND SAILING PACKET, AT REDUCED RATES.

Drafts available throughout England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales.

For particulars apply to
TAPSCOTT, BROTHERS & CO.,
No. 86 South-st.

ONLY LINE OF BRITISH STEAMERS carrying passengers DIRECT to Great Britain.
ANCHOR LINE—STEAM TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL AND IRISH PORTS.

HIBERNIA ... SATURDAY, Nov. 4
UNITED KINGDOM ... SATURDAY, Nov. 11

Cabins, $90, $80 and $70; steerage, $30, in currency.
F. MACDONALD & CO., No. 6 Bowling-green.

STEAM TO LONDON.—THE SPLENDID BRITISH iron steamship ATALANTA, 3,000 tons, Capt. PINCKHAM, will sail as above from Pier No. 3 North River, on TUESDAY, Nov. 14. For passage at the lowest rates apply to CHAS. A. WHITNEY, No. 26 Broadway. For freight at No. 54 South-st.
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.

FOR HAVANA, VIA NASSAU, N. P.

The British and North American Royal Mail Steam-packet Company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's wharf, at Jersey City, on SATURDAY, Nov. 4, MONDAY, Dec. 4.

Passage money to Nassau ... $45
Passage money to Havana ... 50

Payable in gold or its equivalent.

No freight received on day before sailing.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR HAVANA—DIRECT.

The United States mail side-wheel steamship EAGLE, LAWRENCE, Commander, will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on THURSDAY, Nov. 2, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, for Havana.

For freight or passage apply to
SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.,
No. 29 Broadway.

The favorite steamer COLUMBIA will succeed the EAGLE, and leave Nov. 9.

HAVANA AND VERA CRUZ.

NOTICE.—Change of sailing days. Hereafter the American and Mexican Mail Steamship Company will dispatch their new and elegant side-wheel steamers for the above ports on the 3d and 18th of each month. For freight or passage, apply to CHAS. A. WHITNEY, Agent, No. 26 Broadway.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE FOR RIO DE JANEIRO,

calling at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco and Bahia.

The United States and Brazil Mail Steamship Company will dispatch regularly, on the 29th of each month, one of their first-class steamers (the 29th falling on a Sunday, they will sail on the 30th.)

THE NORTH AMERICA

will leave on MONDAY, the 30th of October, from Pier No. 43, North River, at 12 o'clock noon.

The steamers only call at Para every other trip. The NORTH AMERICA will not call there this time. The steamer SOUTH AMERICA will follow on the 29th of November. An experienced surgeon is attached to each steamship. All letters must pass through the post-office.

For freight or passage, having splendid accommodations, apply to
THOMAS ASENCIO & CO.,
No. 17 Broadway.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.

REGULAR UNITED STATES MAIL LINE OF FIRST-CLASS STEAMSHIPS,
GRANADA,
ALHAMBRA,
ANDALUSIA,
QUAKER CITY,
WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS,

will be dispatched promptly at 3 o'clock, from Pier No. 14 East River. Bills of lading signed on board.

For freight or passage apply to
ARTHUR LEARY,
No. 73 William-st.

The fast and favorite steamship ALHAMBRA, R. B. BENSON, Commander, is receiving cargo, and will be dispatched as above.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.

PEOPLE'S MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
EMILY B. SOUDER ... Capt. CHAS. P. MARSHMAN
MONEKA ... Capt. WM. MARSHMAN

The above splendid steamships will leave every THURSDAY, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 35 North River, invariably landing cargo at Charleston on Monday morning.

The MONEKA leaves THURSDAY, Nov. 2.

For freight or passage, with unsurpassed accommodations,
Apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 141 Broadway.
Consignees at Charleston, ARCHIBALD, GETTY & CO.

FOR WILMINGTON, N. C.—COMMERCIAL LINE OF STEAMSHIPS.
FAIRBANKS, Capt. ALEX. HUNTER.
WM. P. CLYDE, Capt. JAS. S. ROBBINS.

The splendid A 1 Steamship WM. P. CLYDE, is now loading at Pier No. 15, East River, and will sail on THURSDAY, Nov. 2, at 4 P. M., or sooner if loaded. For freight or passage, apply to CHAS. H. PIERSON, No. 77 South-st., or to JAMES HAND, No. 117 Wall-st.

FOR WILMINGTON, N. C., DIRECT.

ATLANTIC COAST MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
EUTERPE, ELDRIDGE, Commander.
TWILIGHT, SPICER, Commander.

The elegant and fast steamship TWILIGHT is now receiving freight at Pier No. 37 North River, and will leave as above on SATURDAY, Oct. 28, at 3 P. M.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 141 Broadway.
Agents at Wilmington, HARRIS & HOWELL.

FOR MOBILE, ALA.—DIRECT.

The A 1 fast steamship
GEN. SEDGWICK
will commence to receive freight on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 25, at 12 M., and sail SATURDAY, 28th, at 3 P. M. from Pier No. 36 North River.

For freight or passage, having splendid accommodation, apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO.,
No. 141 Broadway.

SHIPPING.

NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS.—The New-York Mail Steamship Company's steamship GUIDING STAR, W. C. BERRY, Commander, will leave on SATURDAY, Oct. 28, and the NORTHERN LIGHT, WM. WEIR, Commander, on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 1, at 3 o'clock P. M., from the Company's Pier, No. 46 North River. For freight or passage apply to
JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 10 Barclay-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS—DIRECT.

The splendid new steamship NESHANNOCK, Capt. J. H. WINCHESTER, will leave Pier No. 9 North River, on SATURDAY, Oct. 28, at 3 P. M., and the GEORGE WASHINGTON, Capt. E. V. GAGER, on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 1. For passage, having most luxurious and elegant accommodations, or freight, apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA, CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAIL.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company will dispatch on WEDNESDAY, the 1st of November next, at 12 o'clock noon, from the company's pier, No. 42, foot of Canal-st., North River, their new and first-class steamship
HENRY CHAUNCEY,
Capt. ALBERT G. GRAY,
for Aspinwall, connecting via the Panama Railroad across the Isthmus of Panama, and on the Pacific with the company's favorite steamship
GOLDEN CITY,
for San Francisco.

The steamers of this company will sail regularly thereafter, as above, on the 1st, 11th and 21st days of every month, except when such dates fall on Sunday, when the departure will be on the preceding Saturday. The
ATLANTIC,
Capt. JEFFERSON MAURY, will sail on SATURDAY, Nov. 11, connecting on the Pacific with the COLORADO. The
BALTIC,
Capt. ROBERT H. HORNER, will sail on TUESDAY, Nov. 21, connecting with the SACRAMENTO.

THROUGH PASSAGE RATES, INCLUDING RAILROAD FARE.

First Cabin, $350; Second Cabin, $250; Steerage, $125. Children between 6 and 12 years, half fare; children from 2 to 6 years, quarter fare; children under 2 years, free.

Bankable funds (currency) only taken in payment.

Out of town applicants may secure passage by remitting bank drafts on New-York to the Company's agent, who will send tickets by mail or express, as may be directed.

Baggage checked through in charge of baggage masters over the entire route.

100 pounds baggage allowed each adult passenger. For all over this weight 10 cents per pound must be paid to the purser on board. No merchandise nor bedding taken as baggage.

WAY PASSAGE RATES.
NEW-YORK TO ASPINWALL.

First Cabin, $125; Second Cabin, $80; Steerage, $50. Children at proportionate rates.

WAY BAGGAGE—On all over 100 pounds to each adult passenger three cents per pound, payable to the purser on board.

ASPINWALL TO PANAMA.

$25 in gold, and children in proportion, payable at Aspinwall.

An experienced surgeon assigned to each ship. Medicines and professional services free of charge.

For passage tickets, or further information, apply at the Company's ticket office, on the wharf, foot of Canal-st., North River.

In Boston, to
C. L. BARTLETT & CO.,
No. 16 Broad-st.
For freight, to
WELLS, FARGO & CO.,
No. 84 Broadway.
OR ON THE COMPANY'S WHARF.
Freight Agents of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company.
F. W. G. BELLOWS, Agent.

OFFICE OF WELLS, FARGO & CO., NEW-YORK AND CALIFORNIA EXPRESS AND EXCHANGE COMPANY, NO. 84 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.—SHIPPERS OF FREIGHT TO THE PACIFIC COAST will please take notice that having been appointed Freight Agents Pacific Mail Steamship Company, we are now prepared to receive freights for California, Oregon, Nevada, Washington Territory, Sandwich Islands, Central America and west coast of South America.

For rates apply at our office, No. 84 Broadway, or freight office on dock foot of Canal-st.

Steamers will sail 1st, 11th, and 21st of each month; those dates falling on Sunday, on preceding Saturday.

No slow freight received on day of sailing. Freight MUST BE DELIVERED ON DOCK FOOT OF CANAL-ST. Bills of lading will be issued at No. 84 Broadway. Our usual package express will be sent by each steamer, and will close at 10 A. M. on sailing day. Our letter bags will close at 11½ A. M. For convenience of our up-town customers, letter bags will be kept at the Metropolitan Hotel and on the dock, foot of Canal-st.

Our FRANKED ENVELOPES will be on sale at the office of the hotel, and at our office, No. 84 Broadway, and Canal-st. dock.

All letters sent through us must be in Government envelopes.

Sight Exchange on San Francisco for sale.

Telegraphic transfers of money made to all points reached by the wires on West Coast.

California coupons bought at best rates.
WELLS, FARGO & CO.

FOR SAVANNAH DIRECT.

STAR LINE—SEMI-WEEKLY.

Connecting with railroads throughout Georgia and Florida.

The first-class United States Mail steamships
NEVADA, CARPENTER, Commander.
CONSTITUTION, GREENMAN, Commander.
AMERICA, LINDT, Commander.
WEYBOSSET, PARISH, Commander.

THE NEVADA

Will leave Pier No. 45 North River, three piers above Canal-st., on SATURDAY, Oct. 28, at 3 P. M.

The CONSTITUTION will follow WEDNESDAY, Nov. 1. For freight or passage apply to
WAKEMAN, GOOKIN & DICKINSON,
No. 17 Broadway.
Agents in Savannah,
Messrs. BRIGHAM, BALDWIN & CO.

FOR SAVANNAH DIRECT.

PIONEER LINE.

Connecting with all steamboats and railroads for the interior.

The new and first-class steamship PERIT, E. A. DELANOY, Commander, will leave Pier No. 11 North River on THURSDAY, Nov. 2, at 3 P. M.

For freight or passage apply to
LEWIS L. JONES, No. 17 Broadway.
Agents in Savannah, HUNTER & GAMMELL.

MURRAY'S WEEKLY SAVANNAH LINE.

The favorite fast-sailing steamship ZODIAC, E. M. BULKLEY, Commander, will leave Pier No. 16 East River, on FRIDAY, Oct. 27, at 3 o'clock P. M.

For freight or passage, apply to
MURRAY & NEPHEW, No. 62 South-st.
Agents in Savannah, Hunter & Gammell.

FOR RICHMOND, CITY POINT AND NORFOLK.

GOES TO THE WHARF AT RICHMOND.

THE NEW AND ELEGANT SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIPS HATTERAS, PARRISH, every SATURDAY, at 12 M. ALBEMARLE, BOURNE, every WEDNESDAY, at 12 M., from pier No. 36 North River.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodations. Apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO.,
No. 141 Broadway.

Freight received on our covered pier, No. 36 North River, at all times during business hours. Goods consigned to our address promptly forwarded.

FOR NORFOLK, CITY POINT AND RICHMOND.

REGULAR SEMI-WEEKLY LINE.
Pier No. 21 North River, foot of Fulton-st.

The steamship YAZOO, Capt. COUCH, leaves every SATURDAY, at 12 o'clock M.

The steamship CREOLE, Captain KING, leaves every WEDNESDAY, at 12 o'clock M.

Excursion tickets issued at reduced rates.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to
G. HEINEKEN & PALMORE,
Agents New-York and Virginia Steamship Co.,
No. 115 Broadway.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT AGENCY—No. 41 Chambers-st.—Passports from the Department of State, indispensable to travelers, issued by A. C. WILLMARTH, Room No. 22.

STEAMBOATS.

THE GREAT INSIDE ROUTE FOR BOSTON.

AVOIDING POINT JUDITH.

STONINGTON LINE OF STEAMERS,
being the safest and quickest between Boston and New-York. The staunch and splendid steamer
COMMONWEALTH, Capt. J. W. WILLIAMS,
On TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS;
PLYMOUTH ROCK, Capt. J. C. GEER,
On MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS,
at 5 o'clock P. M. from Pier No. 18 North River.

These boats are unsurpassed for comfort, strength and safety. State-rooms secured at the office, Pier No. 18, on board the boat, No. 76 Washington-st., Boston, and at the Providence Depot.

Return trains leave Boston at 5½ P. M.
M. R. SIMONS, Agent.

REYBOLD'S INDEPENDENT LINE TO PHILADELPHIA, VIA CAPE MAY.

The steamer DECATUR, J. S. ELDRIDGE, Commander, is now receiving cargo at Pier No. 12 North River, and will sail on SATURDAY, 28th inst. at 3 P. M.

For freight, which will be taken on accommodating terms, apply to
THORN & TOBIAS,
No. 144 Cedar-st., corner of West-st.

DAILY, FOR HARTFORD, SPRINGFIELD, Greenfield, Northampton, and other points, byrail, North, East and West of Hartford, and landing on the Connecticut River, steamers CITY OF HARTFORD and GRANITE STATE, from Peck Slip, New-York, at 4 P. M. First-class fare, $1; [illegible] $1 50. These boats have first-class stateroom accommodations. For further information, apply to [illegible] BURY, No. 112 South-st., N. Y. D. A. MILLS, Agt, Hartford and New-York Steamboat Company.

FOR RONDOUT AND KINGSTON, LANDING at Cozzens, Cornwall, Newburgh, Marlborough, Milton, Poughkeepsie, West Park and Esopus, connecting with the Delhi and Ellenville stages. The new and elegant steamers JAMES W. BALDWIN, Capt. JACOB H. TREMPER, MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS, THOMAS CORNELL, Capt. DAVID ABBEY, Jr., TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS; leaving New-York, foot of Jay-st., at 4 o'clock P. M.

DAILY LINE FOR BRIDGEPORT—ON and after MONDAY, Oct. 9, the steamer BRIDGEPORT will leave from Peck-slip, East River, daily, at 12 o'clock, noon, arriving in time to connect with the express train. Freight taken for the Naugatuck and Housatonic Railroad.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND WHITE MOUNTAINS.—Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with railroad.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—AN EMBROIDERY, RIBBON AND hosiery store, having the largest retail trade in the city; established 13 years; there is a fortune in it; it can be bought now, on arrangement made for the Spring. Parties wishing to talk business, may address BUSINESS, No. 4,086 New-York City Post-office.

$7,000.—FOR SALE—THE PRINCIPAL IN[illegible] a highly respectable, old-established business, in this city, now paying a handsome income, without personal attendance, and can be increased largely. Address, for three days, A. D. A., Box No. [illegible] *Times* Office.

A VALUABLE PATENT JUST ISSUED—Consisting in a machine for pressing and smoothing photographs, for sale. Apply at RUPP BROS., in the gallery, No. 108 Av. A.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—TO-NIGHT.

Director ... MAX MARETZEK
ITALIAN OPERA.
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.

GREAT AND UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS OF CRISPINO E LA COMARE.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS AND THE PUBLIC.

Subscriptions for the second series of twenty-four operatic representations, commencing on TUESDAY, Oct. 31, are now received at the Box Office of the Academy. Subscribers desirous of retaining their boxes and seats are respectfully requested to give notice before SATURDAY, the 2nd inst., at the Box Office.

THIS (FRIDAY) EVENING, Oct. 27, at 8,
(Nineteenth subscription night,)
Third night of the highly successful new opera
CRISPINO E LA COMARE.
(THE COBBLER AND THE FAIRY.)
MISS CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG,
SIGNOR E. IRFRE,
who, in order to make the cast as perfect as possible, has accepted the comparatively small part of the Count del Fiore.
SIGNOR BELLINI, SIGNOR ROVERE, [illegible] SIGNOR MARRA, [illegible]
Conductor ... [illegible]
TO-MORROW (SATURDAY) GRAND MATINEE,
ERNANI.
ON MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 30,
UN BALLO IN MASCHERA.

The sale of reserved seats and tickets for any of the above-named performances will commence THIS MORNING, at the regular ticket-offices, viz.: the box-office of the Academy; Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; Pond & Co.'s, No. 547 Broadway, Schuberth & Co.'s, No. 820 Broadway, and Root, Anthony & Co.'s, 21 Nassau-st.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—MATINEE.

Director ... MAX MARETZEK.
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
ITALIAN OPERA.
TO-MORROW, SATURDAY AFTERNOON, Oct. 28, at 1 o'clock.
GRAND OPERA MATINEE.
Will be produced Verdi's most celebrated opera
ERNANI,
with its brilliant and complete cast.
TICKETS ONE DOLLAR ONLY,
to all parts of the house.
No reserved seats.
Tickets may now be had at all the regular ticket offices.

OPERA STOCK FOR SALE—ONE SHARE of the capital stock of the New-York Academy of Music. Apply to Messrs. STEINWAY & SONS, Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st.

LORD DUNDREARY'S BROTHER SAM
Will hold another brilliant levee of his own and his brother's lady admirers, on
SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 1½ A. M.,
AT BROADWAY THEATRE.

COOPER INSTITUTE.

MAGIC, MIRTH AND MYSTERY.
EXTRAORDINARY ENTERTAINMENTS.
ASTONISHING FEATS.
MIRACULOUS TRANSFORMATIONS.
HE HAS COME.
The great Oriental Seer and Magician,
PROF. WISEMAN,
the most renowned and accomplished necromancer and illusionist of modern times, excelled by none in the
WORLD,
will appear as above in his prestidigitatorial feats of legerdemain for one week only, commencing MONDAY EVENING, Nov. 6, 1865, when he will have the honor of presenting to the public his chaste and elegant amusement, entitled "Evenings of Mystery and Visions from Fairy Land," assisted by
MME. WISEMAN,
in the phenomenon of Second Sight and Supernatural Vision.

Prof. Wiseman has searched deeply into the mystic wisdom of all nations and ages, and will introduce a great variety of astounding and unparalleled wonders in ancient and modern magic, entirely new and never before witnessed in this country.

Admission 75 cents. Reserved seats $1.

Tickets for sale at the office three days in advance, from 10 to 12 A. M. and 2 to 4 P. M.

Doors open at 7, performance to commence at 8 o'clock.

THE GRAND COMBINATION OF THE THREE BROTHERS.

KARL FORMES,
THEODORE FORMES,
WILHELM FORMES,
will give two concerts
WITH GRAND ORCHESTRA,
on MONDAY, Oct. 30, and FRIDAY, Nov. 3,
AT IRVING HALL.
Admission $1; Reserved Seats 50 cents.
To be had at Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway.

RAILROADS.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.

FALL ARRANGEMENTS, 1865.
COMMENCING MONDAY, SEPT. 18.
PASSENGER LINES FOR CAMDEN, MANCHESTER AND LONG BRANCH.

The steamer JESSE HOYT, Capt. SEELY, will leave Pier No. 3 North River, daily, (Sundays excepted,) as follows:

AT 11:45 A. M., EXPRESS LINE FOR CAMDEN DIRECT,

taking passengers for Port Monmouth, Red Bank, Long Branch, Shark River, Farmingdale, Squan, Bricksburg, Manchester, Toms River, Woodmansie, Shamong, Barnegat, Tuckerton, Otsego, Jackson, and all stations on Camden and Atlantic Railroad.

Through to Camden in five hours. Fare $2.

Excursion ticket, good for three days, $3.

At 4:15 P. M., Way Passenger Line for Manchester, Toms River, Long Branch and intermediate stations.

THROUGH FREIGHT LINE CAMDEN AND NEW-YORK.

Leave New-York at 4:15 P. M., arriving at Camden 1:30 P. M. next day.

Leave Camden at 2:30 P. M., arriving at New-York 4 A. M. next day.

Freight taken at low rates. Apply to S. C. HASTY, Local Freight Agent, Red Bank, N. J.
W. S. SNEDEN, Supt.

HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAILROADS.

On and after Monday, June 5, trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:

7:30 A. M. via Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st. and 10th-av., connecting with trains for Saratoga and Sharon Springs.

11 A. M. via Harlem Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting with trains for Saratoga, Sharon Springs, &c., and at Chatham with trains for points East.

2 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad, connecting with trains for Saratoga.

4 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Troy with train for Montreal, with sleeping-cars attached.

4:40 P. M. via Harlem Railroad, connecting at Chatham with train for Lebanon Springs. Sleeping-cars attached at Albany.

6 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad; sleeping-cars from New-York to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change. This train runs on Sundays.

10:30 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad; with sleeping-cars attached, connecting at Albany and Troy with morning trains for North and West.
WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

PERTH AMBOY & WOODBRIDGE R. R.

From foot of Cortlandt-st., New-York 7 and 10.
Leave New-York for Perth Amboy and Woodbridge—7 and 10 A. M., 2, 4:10 and 5:40 P. M.
Leave Amboy—7:10, 8:45 A. M., 12 M., 3:55, 6:05 P. M.
Leave Woodbridge—7:25, 8:55 A. M., 12:15, 4:10, 6:20 P. M.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT foot of Chambers-st., via Pavonia Ferry:

7:00 A. M.—Day Express, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West. Connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.
8:30 A. M.—Milk and Way Train, daily, for Otisville.
10:00 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, connecting with Lake Shore Railway.
4:00 P. M.—Way Train, for Port Jervis and Newburgh.
5:00 P. M.—Night Express for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West.
6:00 P. M.—Lightning Express, Daily, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West; connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.
8:00 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West.
HUGH RIDDLE, General Superintendent.
WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent, N. York.

NEW-YORK AND FLUSHING RAILROAD.—On and after Sept. 25, 1865, trains will run as follows: Leave Flushing at 6:30, 8:00, 9, 9:[illegible] and 11 A. M., 1, 2:30, 5, 6 and 7 P. M. On Sunday, 8 and 10 A. M., and 5 P. M. On Tuesday and Saturday nights at 11 P. M. Leave Hunter's Point at 6:15, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30 and 11:30 A. M., 2:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, and 7:30 P. M. On Sunday at 9:[illegible] and 10:40 A. M., and [illegible] P. M. On Tuesday and Saturday nights at 12:10 A. M.
I. C. VOORHEES, Superintendent.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 5 A. M., 9:15 A. M., 1:15 P. M., 4:22 P. M. and [illegible] P. M. On Saturdays, 11:15 P. M. The 9:15 and 4:22 run through to Monsey. THOS. W. DEMAREST, Superintendent.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

READY TO-DAY.
REBEL BRAG
AND
BRITISH BLUSTER.

A Record of Unfulfilled Prophecies, Baffled Schemes and Disappointed Hopes, with Echoes of very Insignificant Thunder.

Very pleasant to read, and instructive to all who are capable of learning.

12mo. Price 50 cents.

THE AMERICAN NEWS COMPANY,
Publishers, Nos. 119 and 121 Nassau-st.,
New-York.

THE PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL FOR NOVEMBER—Now ready, contains articles on Physiognomy, Physiology, Ethnology, Phrenology and Psychology, with Portraits, Characters and Biographies of distinguished men. Also, on Free Trade and Protection; on Love and Lovers. The Soul; Beauty, Vigor and Development, Celibacy. Moral Philosophy; Instinct of Animals; Integrity; Whom to Trust; Religious Fervor without Honesty. Answers to Correspondents. New Books, &c. Only 20 cents. Newsmen have it. Address Messrs. FOWLER & WELLS, 389 Broadway, New-York.

MATRIMONY.—WHY EVERY MAN SHOULD marry. Why every woman should marry. All may marry. To know, read ILLUSTRATED MARRIAGE GUIDE AND MEDICAL ADVISER, by WM. EARL, M. D.; 240 pages. Mailed everywhere, in double wrapper, on receipt of 30 cents. Address No. 12 White-st., New-York.

BEAUTY, VIGOR AND DEVELOPMENT by gymnastic exercises, by walking, boating, swimming, riding, &c., in November number ILLUSTRATED PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL. 20 cents, $2 a year.

A BOOK ON STRICTURE, PILES, FISTULA and thirty other diseases, mailed for 10 cents. HENRY A. DANIELS, M. D.
Consulting and Operative Surgeon, No. 2 Union-square.

LOVE AND LOVERS—MATCH MAKING; The Wife to Her Husband; Celibacy, an Anti-Shaker View; A First and Second Love; Dreams, etc., in November number PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL, 20 cents, or $2 a year.

STATIONERY.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INKS.—"Keys' National Writing Fluid" and "American Union Ink." No sediment; flow freely and do not corrode. Sold by the trade generally. Manufactured by REEVES & CO., successor to J. G. Keys. Removed to No. 303 Washington-st., near Reade.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager ... Mr. LESTER WALLACK
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
FRIDAY.
Second night of the new and original FIVE-ACT COMEDY, by a celebrated London Author,
THE NEEDFUL,
with new scenery by Messrs. Isherwood and G. Marston. Machinery, by H. Butler. New costumes and appointments.

In which Messrs. E. L. Davenport, Mark Smith, George Holland, Young, John Sefton, B. Ringgold, Norton, J. C. Williamson, Miss Mary Gannon and Mrs. Vernon, (their second appearance this season,) Mrs. John Sefton, Miss Ione Burke, Mrs. Jennings and Miss Green will perform.

SATURDAY—THE NEEDFUL.
MONDAY—THE NEEDFUL.

Due notice will be given of the next representations of the DOUBLE GALLANT, THE SERF, STILL WATERS RUN DEEP, and ICI ON PARLE FRANCAIS. Messenger's great play, A NEW WAY TO PAY OLD DEBTS, is in preparation. Mr. Wallack has much pleasure in announcing the engagement at this theatre of Mr. FREDERICK ROBINSON, (from the Theatre Royal, St. James, London,) whose arrival is daily expected.

Doors open at 7½. Begins at 8.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.

Sole Lessee and Manager ... MRS. JOHN WOOD
Stage Manager ... J. H. SELWYN
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
IMMENSE SUCCESS
of the great local sensational drama, in
FIVE ACTS AND A PROLOGUE,
embodying truthful, varied and interesting pictures of life and manners, in innumerable novel and interesting phases, entitled
THE STREETS OF NEW-YORK,
received nightly with the greatest enthusiasm by
CROWDED HOUSES,
who fully indorse the opinion expressed on this representation of
LIFE IN NEW-YORK,
on its original production, that it ranks as
THE GREAT SENSATION OF THE SEASON,
and warrants the announcement of its repetition
EVERY EVENING UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.
With
ELABORATE SCENERY BY HAYES,
including the beautiful tableaux,
UNION-SQUARE AND THE FIRE,
always encored.
NEW AND APPROPRIATE MUSIC BY THOMAS BAKER.
APPOINTMENTS, MECHANICAL EFFECTS, AND A POWERFUL CAST.
Doors open at 7¼. Commences at 7¾.

EXTRA NOTICE.—MR. JOHN BROUGHAM will commence an engagement for twelve nights at the
WINTER GARDEN,
MONDAY, Oct. 30, 1865,
in his great five act Comedy of
PLAYING WITH FIRE.

BRYANT'S.

Mechanics' Hall, No. 472 Broadway, above Grand.
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
MONDAY, Oct. 23, and during the week,
BRYANT'S MINSTRELS
(The excelsior troupe) in the following pieces:
LES MISERABLES, or OLD TIMES' ROCKS.
OUR AFRICAN POLKA. SCARED CONTRABAND,
RECKON I'S IN LUCK. DEAF IN A HORN,
WEARING OF THE GREEN.
STREETS OF NEW-YORK.
DAN BRYANT ... as ... BADGER
Parquet, 50 cents; Circle, 30 cents. Commence at 7¾.

MEDICAL.

THOUSANDS ARE TIMELY SAVED BY Dr. KENNEDY'S skillful and improved treatment.—Private diseases cured in the shortest possible time by Dr. KENNEDY & CO., No. 135 Elm-st., New-York, without the use of mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. KENNEDY, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhea or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. KENNEDY, No. 135 Elm-st. Call, send or write.

A. M. MAURICEAU, PROFESSOR OF midwifery and operating surgeon, having over thirty years' successful practice in this city, guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities and obstructions in females, without pain or exposure, with or without medicine. Can be consulted with the utmost confidence at his private office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York, or by mail.

Dr. A. M. Mauriceau is the author of "The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion," strictly intended for those whose health and circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family; a perusal of which will convince any lady of his thorough knowledge of her complaints. Every lady who has it is secure from danger and imposition. Price $1. Sold at his office No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by mail, by addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City. Sold also at No. 1 Vesey-st., New-York; in Boston, No. 13 Court-st.

CHLORODYNE.—EARL RUSSELL HAS FAVORED J. T. Davenport with an extract of a dispatch from Mr. Webb, H. B. M.'s Consul at Manila: "The remedy most efficacious (in epidemic cholera) has been found to be Chlorodyne; and with a small quantity I have saved several lives." Caution.—Chlorodyne.—Sir W. P. Wood stated that Dr. Browne was undoubtedly the inventor; eminent hospital physicians of London prescribe it largely, and mean no other than Dr. Browne's.—See *Times*, Jan. 13, 1864. It is affirmed by medical testimonials to be the most efficacious medicine for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Spasms, Rheumatism, &c. No home should be without it. J. T. DAVENPORT, No. 33 Great Russell-st., London, sole manufacturer. Observe, none genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the Stamp. Agent, J. S. ASPINWALL, No. 36 William-st.

MEDICAL AND SURGICAL CONSULTATIONS.—Dr. R. COBBETT can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on private diseases at his conveniently-arranged suite of offices, No. 20 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., having a private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place. From Dr. C. being one of the oldest, and probably the only qualified physician and surgeon in this city who makes diseases of the genitourinary organs a specialty, he is thus enabled to guarantee speedy and permanent cures, or make no charge. Strictures of the urethra, seminal weakness, nervous and general debility treated on the most scientific principles. N. B.—Dr. C.'s diplomas, in his office, as member of the New-York University Medical College, and College of Surgeons, London. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 8½ P. M.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitutions, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D. No. 195 Elm-st., New-York.

ADVICE TO MARRIED LADIES.—MADAME RESTELL, Professor of Midwifery, having over thirty years' successful practice in this city, guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities and obstructions in females, with or without medicine, at one interview, or by mail. Can be consulted with the utmost confidence at No. 162 Chambers-st. Her infallible French Female Pills, No. 1, price $1. No. 2, [illegible] which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy, price $5, can be sent by mail. Also sold at the druggist's, No. 182 Greenwich-st., near Liberty-st. Madame RESTELL deems it her duty to caution ladies against imitators, who not only deprive them of their means, but their health.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY be confidentially consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of 30 years, devoted to the treatment and cure of syphilitic, mercurial and diseases of a delicate nature, enables Dr. C. to make speedy and permanent cures, no matter of how long standing the case may be. Strictures of the urethra and seminal weakness, brought on by a secret habit, effectually cured. The victims of misplaced confidence, who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured or no charge made.

THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE FOR FEMALES, No. 7 Beach-st., New-York, conducted by Dr. DURANT & CO., is fitted up elegantly, expressly for the convenience of ladies requiring nursing during confinement, and the utmost attention is paid to the comfort and welfare of the patient. The strictest confidence always observed. Competent nurses in constant attendance.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROP are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. Beware of imitations! Purchased directly of Dr. POWERS, No. 195 Elm-st., New-York.

DR. DURANT OFFERS, WITH CONFIDENCE, to the ladies, his celebrated remedy for the removal of all irregularities or obstructions; relieves after all other so-called remedies have failed. Ladies, try it. Office No. 7 Beach-st., New-York.

LADIES, IF YOU REQUIRE A RELIABLE remedy to restore you, use Dr. Harrison's Female Monthly Pills—an infallible remedy. Sent everywhere, with full directions. Price $5. Only office No. [illegible] 5th-av. Consultation at all hours.

GENTLEMEN REQUIRING MEDICAL aid will find it to their interest to consult Dr. WEST, an old and experienced practitioner, where their health will be speedily restored. Office No. 545 Broadway, N. Y.

DR. HUNTER'S BOTANIC CORDIAL restores the vigor of youth in four days. Gives health, strength and vigor to the most shattered system. $3 a bottle. No. 3 Division-st., New-York, the only place.

DR. DURANT INSURES THE LADIES a speedy relief from all special irregularities and obstructions at one interview. No. 7 Beach-st., New-York.

GENTLEMEN CAN, WITH CONFIDENCE, consult Dr. LEWIS, at his old-established office, No. 7 Beach-st., three doors from West Broadway, New-York.

LADIES, IN ALL CONFIDENTIAL CASES consult Dr. WEST, No. 545 Broadway, New-York.

MANY THOUSANDS ARE RUINED BEYOND REDEMPTION in this life by not calling on Dr. HUNTER sooner or later. He can cure the worst cases of secret disease in a shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken. Skeptics and doubters will please call and read lists of valuable certificates of cures made within the last thirty years, of almost hopeless cases, that had had the benefit of dozens of our most eminent physicians and surgeons. Dr. Hunter is in constant attendance from 8 in the morning till 9 at night, at his old office, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City, since 1834. Charges moderate, and a cure guaranteed. Separate rooms, so that the patient sees no one but the Doctor himself. His wonderful medical discovery, DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures private diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, and possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless his remedy is used. This is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. $2 per vial. Book, 50 pages, gratis, on nervous debility, causes of impotency, marasmus, &c.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S NEW MUSEUM,

Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.
This Establishment does not Advertise in the New-York Herald.
THUNDERS OF APPLAUSE,
bestowed by
CROWDED AND DELIGHTED AUDIENCES,
attest the
BRILLIANT ATTRACTION AND TRIUMPH
of the
GREAT SENSATION OF THE AGE.
The romantic spectacular Drama of
MAZEPPA;
Or, THE WILD HORSE OF TARTARY.
PERFORMED THIS EVENING AT 7½,
by the dashing and accomplished equestrienne,
OCEANA,
THE CZARINA OF THE HIPPODRAMA.
THRILLING AND PERILOUS FLIGHTS
by the
TRAINED HORSE "TARTAR."
AFTERNOON AT 3,
Buckstone's domestic drama of
VICTORINE;
OR, I'LL SLEEP ON IT.
The charming Irish Comedienne and Vocalist,
MISS KATHLEEN O'NEIL,
in Song, Stories, &c., of "Ould Ireland."
Mr. W. B. HARRISON, Extemporaneous Singer.
OVER 100,000 CURIOSITIES.
THE IDENTICAL LINCOLN LOG-CABIN,
built by ABRAHAM LINCOLN, in Macon County, Illinois, in 1830, and in which he resided for two years.
MISS ANN ELIZA LEAK, BORN WITHOUT ARMS.
CROCHETS, BRAIDS HAIR, EMBROIDERS, &c.
THREE of the LARGEST GIANTS in the world,
AND PRETTIEST CIRCASSIAN GIRL EVER SEEN.
GEN. GRANT, Jr., the smallest Dwarf ever exhibited.
BOHEMIAN GLASS-BLOWERS,
TWO STEAM GLASS ENGINES in motion.
Prof. HUTCHINGS, LIGHTNING CALCULATOR.
THREE-HORNED BULL.
Cosmoramas, stereoscopticons, Learned Seal, Happy Family, Grand Aquaria, Mammoth Turtle, &c.
Admission 30 cts.; Children, under ten, 15 cts.
SATURDAY AFTERNOON—MAZEPPA.
MONDAY, Oct. 30—First appearance of Mr. C. W. CLARKE.

WINTER GARDEN.

This Establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
FRIDAY, Oct. 29,
Mr. J. S. CLARKE
FOR THE SECOND and LAST NIGHT BUT ONE
as
BOB BRIERLEY,
in Tom Taylor's celebrated drama of
THE TICKET-OF-LEAVE MAN,
received on its first representation, last night, by a house
CROWDED FROM PIT TO DOME,
with the most intense expression of delight.
SPLENDID SCENERY AND A POWERFUL CAST,
embracing the names of
MISS ROSE EYTINGE,
Mary Carr, La Bord, Mrs. Walcot, Messrs. Walcot, Dyott, Bland, Andrews, &c.
SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.
Mr. Stuart has much pleasure in announcing that Mr. Clarke having, in compliment to
MR. JOHN BROUGHAM
as an artist and as a man, yielded twelve nights of his engagement to him, he will make
HIS FIRST APPEARANCE
since his return from Europe, on
MONDAY, OCT. 30, 1865,
in the popular comedy, in five acts, of
PLAYING WITH FIRE,
as originally written by him and played by him at the London theatres.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE.

Sole Proprietor ... Mr. J. W. LINGARD
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
The beautiful drama of
MONEY AND MISERY.
Mr. Grisdale, Mrs. W. G. Jones, George Brookes, Mr. G. W. Thompson, Miss Annie Hyatt, Mr. G. Lingard, Mrs. H. Jordan.
BUCCANEER'S FLAG AND THE SECRET.
The celebrated and unrivaled equestrienne
MISS KATE FISHER,
Is engaged and will appear on Monday.

WOOD'S MINSTRELS.

514 BROADWAY. 514
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
IMMENSE SUCCESS—THIS EVENING, the new local sensation burlesque, (copyright secured,) entitled
THE MANAGERS' TRIUMPH;
OR, THE BLACKMAILER'S DEFEAT.
The cast will embrace the entire strength of the company.
NEW SCENERY, DRESSES, &c.
Scene 1—THE INFERNAL REGIONS.
Satan in Council. The Decree. "Fire."
Scene 2—RUINS OF BARNUM'S MUSEUM.
Meeting of Barnum and the Blackmail Chief. The Bargain. "Bully for you."
Scene 3—THE EDITOR'S SANCTUM.
He's got the best of me. "Vengeance."
Scene 4—MANAGERS' HEADQUARTERS.
Meeting of Managers. Report of Committee.
DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE.
"We will be free." "No more Blackmail."
Scene 5—ABODE OF THE BLACKMAIL CHIEF.
Apparitions of his Victims. Retribution. Satan claims his own. Duel in the Dark. Satan Victorious. Defeat of the Blackmailer.
Scene 6—THE ENCHANTED GROVE.
Triumph of the Managers. Grand Tableaux.
Previous to the burlesque, Ethiopian Minstrelsy, by the
STAR TROUPE OF THE WORLD.
Seats secured during the day without extra charge.

444—AMERICAN THEATRE, BROADWAY.

Manager and Proprietor ... R. W. BUTLER.
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
MONDAY, Oct. 23, and every evening during the week,
A POWERFUL BILL OF ATTRACTIONS,
in which
THE FAMOUS TROUPE
will appear, whose brilliant and varied performance is nightly received by
CROWDED AND DELIGHTED AUDIENCES
with the highest acclamations of delight.
A CONSTANT CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.
Doors open at 6; to commence at 7¾ o'clock.
MATINEE ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

HIPPOTHEATRON.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.
14th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.
Mr. N. AUSTIN ... Director of Amusements
This Establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
INCREASED ATTRACTIONS FOR THE WEEK.
EVERY NIGHT.
WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY MATINEES, at 2½.
MADAME LOUISE TOURNIAIRE.
GREAT TROUPE OF MANEGE HORSES.
MR. JAMES MADIGAN,
SOMERSAULT EQUESTRIAN.
MR. WM. ODELL,
IN SCENES DRAMATIC.
MR. RICHARD RIVERS,
THE HISTRIONIC RIDER.
EL NINO EDDIE,
THE MARVELOUS BOY ARTISTE.
To conclude with the pantomime of
THE FOUR LOVERS.

DODWORTH HALL,

No. 806 BROADWAY.
THIRD WEEK.
TOM, THE BLIND NEGRO BOY PIANIST,
EVERY EVENING,
excepting Tuesday, Oct. 31.
ADMISSION $1.
Reserved seats 25 cents extra.
Doors open at 7¼ o'clock; commencing at 8.
N. B.—Reserved seats may be secured each day at the Hall, from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
The grand piano used for the occasion is kindly furnished by Steinway & Sons.
GRAND MATINEE ON SATURDAY, Oct. 28.

GRAFULLA'S SEVENTH REGIMENT BAND CONCERTS.

The concerts will commence on SATURDAY, the 28th of October, at 8 P. M., at the SEVENTH REGIMENT ARMORY, and be given on every alternate Saturday evening through the season.

TICKETS can be procured only from the orderlies of the regiment and the committee.
BY ORDER OF THE COMMITTEE.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMIES, NO. 212 5TH-AV., NEW-YORK. NO. 137 MONTAGUE-ST., BROOKLYN.
NEW-YORK CLASSES on MONDAY, THURSDAY, WEDNESDAY, and SATURDAY, and SATURDAY MORNINGS.
BROOKLYN CLASSES on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS. Afternoon for children; Evening for gentlemen. Primary Class in Brooklyn, under the instructions of Mr. F. DODWORTH, WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON and SATURDAY MORNING. For terms, &c., send for circular.

DE GARMO'S DANCING ACADEMY, NO. 59 West 14th-st., open WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS.

Ladies at 2; children at 4 P. M. Evening classes at 8. I shall introduce to my pupils the present season, the *German Cotillon* and the *Quadrille Francais*, as danced in my presence the past Summer at Paris and Dieppe.

Having had the honor to be elected Corresponding Member of the *Société Académique des Professeurs de Danse de Paris, Artistes du Théâtre Impérial de l'Opéra*, all new dances emanating from the society will be forwarded to me as soon as produced.

MR. CHARRVAND TAKES PLEASURE in introducing and recommending his pupil and successor, Mr. E. A. C. OGILVIE, to his patrons. The Class at Mrs. Steers', No. 56 West 14th-st., will commence TUESDAY, Nov. 7, at 3 o'clock P. M. Circulars for terms, &c., at Mrs. STEERS'.

BALLET MASTER DUMAR'S DANCING ACADEMY, No. 24 West 4th-st., near Broadway, open WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS for children; ladies and gentlemen EVERY DAY. Deuxtemps six dances taught in six lessons.

J. H. SEARING'S PRIVATE DANCING ACADEMY, No. 292 4th-av., near 23d-st. Classes for ladies at 4 o'clock; for gentlemen, at 8 o'clock P. M. Private lessons every day for those who wish to learn quickly.

FINE ARTS.

AT GOUPIL'S GALLERY OF ARTS,
CORNER OF BROADWAY AND 9TH-ST.
NOW ON EXHIBITION,
MARBLE BUST OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN,
one of the most perfect achievements of modern art, by the great sculptor,
PIO FEDI, OF FLORENCE, ITALY.
Imported by T. EANMONI & CO.
No lover of art should fail to see it, nor should any lover of our country lose the opportunity.

LECTURES.

"FLOOD TIDE."
ANNA E. DICKINSON
AT THE COOPER INSTITUTE,
TUESDAY EVENING, Oct. 31.

Tickets 25 cents; to reserved parts of the house 50 cents. For sale on and after Saturday at American News Company, No. 121 Nassau-st.; Fowler & Wells, No. 389 Broadway; James Miller, No. 522 Broadway; Miller & Mathews, No. 757 Broadway. Lecture at 8. Doors open at 7.

SWEDENBORG AND SPIRITUALISM.—Judge CARTER, of Cincinnati, educated for the ministry, will lecture on the above subject SUNDAY MORNING; and EVENING, *Diabolism*, at No. 720 Broadway. The public are invited.

AMUSEMENTS.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Doors open at 7¼. Begins at 7¾.
Lessee and Manager ... WM. WHEATLEY
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
Sixth week of the triumphantly successful engagement of the
RENOWNED RAVELS.
GABRIEL RAVEL,
ANTOINE RAVEL,
YOUNG AMERICA,
SIGNORINA PEPITA,
THE MARTINETTIS, M. VAN HAMME, and the full and splendid company.
THIS EVENING, (FRIDAY,) OCT. 27,
FOR THE FIRST AND ONLY BENEFIT OF
YOUNG AMERICA,
who will appear in the very arduous character of
VOL-AU-VENT,
and perform his new and startling feats on
THE THREE FLYING TRAPEZE,
a great undertaking in one evening, even for this
REMARKABLE CHILD ARTISTE.
GABRIEL RAVEL
On this occasion, as OLD BROOK, THE MILLER.
After the Vaudeville will be presented,
BY REQUEST,
The very successful
GRAND BALLET,
arranged by M. Van Hamme, entitled the
NYMPHS AND THE BUTTERFLY.
Danced by Signorina PEPITA, Mdlles. Vandris, Marsetti and M. VAN HAMME, who will execute the wonderful Terpsichorean movement of
THREE COMPLETE EVOLUTIONS IN THE AIR,
Performed by no other artists.
Commencing with
THE WHITES AND THE BROWNS,
with Mr. and Mrs. Gomersal, Mrs. M. Smith, Miss Burke, T. E. Morris, Barry, &c., &c.
TO-MORROW (Saturday) AFTERNOON, AT 2,
GRAND RAVEL MATINEE.
Admission, 75 cents; Reserved Seats, $1; Family Circle, (entrance on Crosby-st.,) 30 cents.

FOX'S OLD BOWERY THEATRE.

Lessee, Director and Manager ... G. L. FOX
This Establishment does not Advertise in the New-York Herald.
NEW SENSATION DRAMA,
LIFE FOR LIFE.
COMIC PANTOMIME.
RAOUL; Or, THE MAGIC STAR.
Concluding with a Capital Piece.
The full Dramatic and Pantomime Companies.
MISS FANNY HERRING ON MONDAY NEXT.

BROADWAY THEATRE. BEGINS AT 7¾.

(Corner Broadway and Broome-sts.)
THIRD WEEK
Of the brilliant engagement of
MR. F. S. CHANFRAU
AND
THE TRIUMPHANT RUN
Of De Walden's new five act comedy,
SAM.
Now commanding the
GREATEST AUDIENCES OF THE SEASON.
MR. F. S. CHANFRAU ... as ... SAM
MISS OLIVE LOGAN ... as ... LAURA
ADMISSION FIFTY CENTS.
A "SAM" MATINEE SATURDAY.

STEREOSCOPTICON

SCHOOL OF ART, NOW OPEN.
Corner of Grand and Crosby sts., near Broadway.
Sixty pictures will be exhibited every evening on a canvas of 800 square feet.
The pictures on Sunday evening will consist of the most touching and interesting subjects in the Holy Land.
Admission 30 cents.
Commence at 8 o'clock.
MATINEE—SATURDAY, 2 P. M.

BROADWAY THEATRE—SATURDAY.

THIRD "SAM" MATINEE.
HALF-PAST 1, SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

MUSICAL.

BRADBURY'S SUPERIOR PIANOS "THE BEST."—Pronounced "the best" by the most renowned artistes. Superior in tone, touch, power, durability and elegance of finish. Warerooms Nos. 427 and 425 Broome-st., corner of Crosby. Call or send for circular.
WM. B. BRADBURY.

THE WEBER PIANO-FORTE

is called the best instrument made by all the leading musicians of this city and elsewhere. It is pronounced by the National Piano-forte Association, after a trial in their rooms with the first manufacturers of this country, eminently the *best piano in America*, and used by the Conservatory of Music and other high music schools, altogether because of their immense power, equality, sweetness and brilliancy of tone, elastic touch and great durability. Warerooms No. 429 Broome-st., near Broadway.

THE MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS.—FORTY-FIVE GOLD or SILVER MEDALS or OTHER HIGHEST PREMIUMS have been awarded M. & H. within a few years, and TEN within the last four weeks, for THE BEST INSTRUMENTS OF THE GENERAL CLASS.

Printed testimony is presented in their circulars from more than two hundred and fifty of the most eminent organists and musicians in the country that THE MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS ARE UNEQUALED. Prices, $110 to $600. Warerooms No. 596 Broadway, New-York.

STEINWAY & SONS'

GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES,

are now acknowledged the best instruments in America as well as in Europe, having taken thirty-two First Premiums, Gold and Silver Medals, at the principal fairs held in this country within the last ten years, and in addition thereto they were awarded a First Prize Medal at the Great International Exhibition in London, 1862, in competition with two hundred and sixty-nine pianos, from all parts of the world.

Among the many and most valuable improvements introduced by Messrs. STEINWAY & SONS in their Piano-fortes,

THE SPECIAL ATTENTION OF PURCHASERS.
is directed to their
PATENT AGRAFFE ARRANGEMENT.

The value and importance of this invention having been practically tested, in all their grands and highest-price square Piano-fortes, and admitted to be the greatest improvement of modern times, they now announce that they have determined to introduce their "Patent Agraffe Arrangement" in every Piano-forte manufactured by them, without increase of cost to the purchaser, in order that all their patrons may reap the full advantage of this great improvement.

Extract from the testimonial of the most distinguished Artists to STEINWAY & SONS:

Among the chief points of the uniform excellence of the STEINWAY Pianos are:

Greatest possible depth, richness and volume of tone, combined with a rare brilliancy, clearness, and perfect evenness throughout the entire scale, and, above all, a surprising duration of sound, the pure and sympathetic quality of which never changes under the most delicate or powerful touch.

We therefore consider the STEINWAY Pianos in all respects the best instruments made in this country or in Europe, use them solely and exclusively ourselves in public or private, and recommend them invariably to our friends and the public.

S. B. MILLS, WM. MASON, J. N. PATTISON,
ROBERT GOLDBECK, ROBERT HELLER, A. H. PEASE,
HENRY C. TIMM, WM. BERGE, THEO. EISFELD,
GEO. W. MORGAN, E. MUZIO, C. BERGMANN,
THEO. THOMAS, CARL ANSCHUTZ, MAX MARETZEK.

STEINWAY & SONS'
WAREROOMS, Nos. 71 and 73 EAST FOURTEENTH-ST., between Union-square and Irving-place, New-York.

I CANNOT SING THE OLD SONGS

I sang long years ago,
For heart and voice would fail me,
And foolish tears would flow.

Words and music by Claribel. Price 30c., mailed. "Matilda Toots," comic, 35c.; with colored lithograph illustrating catastrophe on skating pond, 50c. "She Sleeps, Tho' Not a Star," beautiful serenade by Balfe, 35c.; for guitar, 25c.
FREDERICK BLUME, No. 208 Bowery.

HAVE YOU SEEN HAINES BROTHERS' NEW PIANOS?

If not, go and see them at once, at the manufacturers', No. 380 2d-av., corner of 21st-st.

They are splendid Pianos, at moderate prices.

N. B.—Pianos to rent and rent allowed on purchase.

AMERICAN UNION COMPANY'S

New and IMPROVED PIANO, No. 467 Broome-st., Corner of Greene-st.

F. S. HELMSMULLER BEGS TO INFORM his numerous patrons and the public in general, that he has returned from his continental tour with a much improved health, and is now again prepared to furnish the latest, fashionable and most suitable music to all those who may require it.

SPECIALTIES.

Music for private parties, receptions, dancing classes, weddings, dinners, commencements, balls de rigueur, &c.

Mr. HELMSMULLER, during his late European tour, having added to his already very extensive catalogue of concertante and dansante music all the novelties obtainable on the Continent, beside having written some new pieces himself expressly for the next season, can assure his patrons that, with the assistance of the members of his bands, (both string and military, numbering 45 men,) can now satisfy all reasonable demands on his services.

Orders received only at 373 Broome-st., near Mott-st.

RAVEN & BACON, NEW SCALE PIANO-FORTES—Wareroom No. 135 Grand-st., near Broadway.—A full assortment of these instruments, which have been well known in this market for more than thirty years, constantly on hand. Our facilities are such as enable us to furnish pianos at terms and prices satisfactory to purchasers. Descriptive circulars sent by mail. Storage for pianos.

THE HORACE WATERS GRAND, SQUARE and upright pianos, melodeons, harmoniums and cabinet organs, wholesale and retail, at reduced prices. To let, and rent allowed if purchased. Monthly payments received for the same. Second-hand pianos at bargains, from $60 to $225. Factory and warerooms, No. 481 Broadway. Cash paid for second-hand pianos. Pianos tuned and repaired, boxed and shipped.

"WEARING OF THE GREEN"—THE great Irish song in "Arrah-na-Pogue," sung by Shaun the Postboy; 30 cents. "The Soldier's Happy Return;" 30 cents. "Noontide Dream Serenade;" 30 cents. Mailed.
FREDERICK BLUME, No. 208 Bowery.

ATTENTION PIANO-FORTE PURCHASERS.—Assortment of rosewood seven-octave piano-fortes at manufacturer's prices; warranted five years; handsome second hand seven-octave piano-fortes for half its original cost. McDONALD & CO., No. 20 4th-av., opposite Cooper Institute. Established 1835.

TWO POPULAR SONGS OF THE TIMES.—"WEARING OF THE GREEN," as sung in "Arrah-na-Pogue," and "LADS WHO LIVE IN IRELAND," or "WHERE THE APPLE PRATIES GROW."
DODWORTH'S MUSIC STORE, 6 Astor-place, N. Y.

MR. J. ERNEST PERRING—PROFESSOR of singing and piano-forte, begs to inform his pupils and the public, that he has returned to the city and will commence his teaching on the 16th inst. For terms &c., apply to Mr. PERRING, at Messrs. Chickering & Sons, No. 652 Broadway.

ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGANS—WITH patented improvements, decidedly the best reed instrument in the market; also pianos and melodeons at bargains. Wholesale and retail. New Warerooms, No. 131 Grand-st., near Broadway. GEO. G. SAXE.

PIANOS, MELODEONS, HARMONIUMS.—Sole depot for Peloubet's superior Harmoniums, wholesale and retail. Price $80 to $600. Instruments to let.
J. M. PELTON, No. 841 Broadway, New-York.

ORGANIST'S SITUATION WANTED.—Will play on cabinet organ, if desired; a fair salary expected. Address ORGANIST, No. 414 6th-av., or apply from 1 to 3 P. M.

THE METROPOLITAN POLICE MACHINE.

Major-Gen. John C. Robinson in Trial Chamber—Police and Other Matters in the Eleventh Ward—Alderman Ternan, of Brooklyn, Stays at Home—A Variety of Trials.

BEFORE COMMISSIONERS ACTON, BERGEN AND M'MURRAY.

Among the distinguished visitors at Police Trials, before Commissioners ACTON, BERGEN and MCMURRAY, on Wednesday, were Major-Gen. JOHN C. ROBINSON, commander of the Northwestern Department of New-York, and Capt. JOHN MCMURRAY, Chief of the Commissary Department of Northwestern New-York. The calendar was lighter than usual, there having been only seventy-three complaints; and among these not one was from Brooklyn—a fact from which it is inferred that the recent changes among superior officers and transfers of their subordinates have worked a wholesome reform over the river. Alderman TERNAN was expected to appear against Patrolman JOHN MATTHEWS and JOHN EICHHORN, of the Fiftieth Precinct, he having accused those officers of taking an active part in a Brooklyn primary election while in full police uniform on the afternoon of the 4th inst.; but the Alderman tarried in the City of Churches, and the policemen were not molested. A policeman's

DIFFICULTY IN THE ELEVENTH WARD

consumed the greater part of the afternoon session, and brought out several of the most respectable citizens of the East Side—among the number, Mr. DANIEL D. WRIGHT, who informed the board that the dwellers on the East Side are a very worthy people, and hold Patrolman WILLIAM W. JOHNSON in high esteem. A complaint had been preferred against this officer, by Sergt. AHEARN, of the Eleventh, accusing him of having, about 1 o'clock on the morning of the 18th inst., been incarcerated in a cell in the Union Market Police-station on complaint of a civilian, alleging that he had committed an assault and broken a pane of glass in Mr. JOHN LANDER's oyster saloon, at No. 132 Columbia-street. The gist of the case is as follows: Patrolman JOHNSON was relieved from duty at midnight, and on the way to his abode he entered Mr. LANDER's oyster saloon, and there was invited to join a bibulous party in a convivial glass. Having listened to President ACTON's temperance lectures at Police Trials, he resisted the temptation; but when the party suggested the tossing of dice for cigars, not having heard that indulgence in smoking while off duty had ever wrought trouble for a policeman, JOHNSON joined in the raffles, and was victimized in the sum of seventy-five cents. He asked one of the party—FRANK CLARK, an ex-policeman—to loan him that sum; but CLARK, not having found lucrative employment since his resignation or dismissal as a policeman, was not burdened by a surplus of Treasury notes, and he borrowed a $3 bank note from one KELLY. This note was pronounced spurious; and thence arose a dispute which resulted in an attempt by Officer JOHNSON to take KELLY into custody. In the struggle that ensued between KELLY and Officer JOHNSON, the latter's elbow was thrust through a pane in Mr. LANDER's window, and LANDER, seriously annoyed, hurried off to the Union Market Police-station and entered complaint against the officer, leaving JOHNSON tugging along with KELLY as a prisoner. JOHNSON was dumfounded when, on entering the presence, he heard Sergeant AHEARN bid an attending policeman commit him to a cell; but, according to his statement, everything became serene when the Sergeant subsequently released him, remarking that he had recorded his name as that of a civilian, and that if he would not lisp the matter it might be kept secret from the Police Commissioners. But the windows and doors and desks and arm-chairs in police-offices have ears, and the Police Board heard everything and summoned their officer to trial. The testimony of Officer JOHNSON, Sergeant AHEARN, Mr. JOHN ROACH, Mr. JOHN LANDER, Mr. DANIEL D. WRIGHT, and several policemen, having been taken at length and duly recorded by MELLISH, Ex-Judge BEACH, of Kings County, counsel in the case, was about to address the Commissioners, when President ACTON interrupted with an admonition to JOHNSON, saying: "You see how much trouble you have made your friends and the board and yourself by entering a gin-mill, throwing dice, and getting into a wrangle therein; you have got into a very bad case—

Mr. LANDER (misunderstanding)—"My place is not disreputable. I can show by a cloud of witnesses that my place is one of the most respectable oyster-saloons in the Eleventh Ward, and my character is well known and can be vouched for by the old Whig General Committee, of which I was a member—"

Mr. ACTON—"I did not say place; I told the officer that he had a very bad case; he had no business in your saloon throwing dice, and if you can show us that he made the disturbance in your house we will break him."

Mr. MCMURRAY—"Policemen complain that they cannot find time to spend with their families; and yet oftentimes as soon as they have completed their tours of duty they are to be found in liquor-stores. Frequently, also, civilians who see them in these places purposely draw them into disputes. No policeman that knows himself will enter a porter-house."

Mr. DANIEL D. WRIGHT—"We have no Delmonicos in the Eleventh Ward, but we have a very respectable place in Mr. LANDER's, and if I were a policeman and felt like taking a half-dozen oysters while off duty, I should not scruple to go there."

Was this case concocted with a view to advertising LANDER, or did any man malevolently desire the Police Commissioners to impose their highest fine—ten days—upon JOHNSON, as they assuredly will do?"

There were several trials from which the

OFFICERS CAME OFF WITH FLYING COLORS;

and among these was that of Patrolman AUGUSTUS S. MORING, of the Sixteenth. An aged lady from No. 302 West Twenty-sixth-street made oath that on the afternoon of the 17th instant, a bevy of school-girls having annoyed her by throwing stones, she had appealed to Officer MORING for protection, but that he had, instead of affording aid, violently assaulted her. MORING, in defence, said: "The lady told me that the schoolboys and girls had been guilty of misbehavior, and I agreed with her that it was wrong that they should stone her; I accompanied her to Twenty-sixth-street and advised her to go home, assuring her that I would take care of the school children; she went on, but stopped about half a block distant and talked to the children, who then gathered around her; I went to the spot, and said: "My good lady, these children will not go home while you talk to them; if you will go home, I will disperse them; she would not go, but demanded my number; this I gave, and I then took her arm and led her across the street." The complainant admitted the substantial truth of the officer's statement, and in departing from the Trial Chamber, paid MORING the compliment of saying that if the Police Commissioners would put several officers like him on post in her neighborhood the dwellers there would gladly welcome them.... The charge of Capt. T. R. BENNETT, of the Twelfth Precinct, against Patrolman JAMES FARLEY, alleged that on the morning of the 15th instant, Roundsman MCCULLOUGH found him off post in a liquor-store. "Mr. ACTON, (to Roundsman MCCULLOUGH)—"Did you see him drink?" "No, Sir." Mr. ACTON—"Sorry you were not three minutes earlier; you would have caught him." To FARLEY—"Did you get your coffee?" "No, Sir." Mr. ACTON—"Honest Indian?" "No, Sir." The officer informed the board that he had been called into the liquor-store on police business, and Mr. ACTON, acknowledging that FARLEY had fully acquitted himself, bade the roundsman keep close watch on the patrolman.... Capt. JEREMIAH PETTY having charged that Patrolman EDWARD F. BOUGHTON, of the Fifth Precinct, had omitted to try door of No. 470 Greenwich-street, the same having been found open at about 11 o'clock on the night of the 14th instant, BOUGHTON informed the commissioners that he did not try the door because the wife of the proprietor was in the store, and he thought it not necessary to try a door in such a case. The board concurred, and dismissed the complaint.... The finest triumph of the day was achieved by Patrolman BENJAMIN BATES, of the Twelfth Precinct, over Roundsman CRAWFORD, who had made affidavit that between 12 and 1 o'clock on the morning of the 14th instant, BATES had been found off post. Officer BATES—"Did I not go off post to see what you were doing in an alley?" "Yes." Officer BATES to the Commissioners—"I saw CRAWFORD at a distance, and not knowing him and regarding his movements as suspicious, I went to see who was there and what he was doing." Mr. ACTON—"Right, you have fairly beaten us on this complaint"'.... The next complaint was against

THE TALLEST MAN IN THE FORCE,

EUSTIS MILLER by name, and he was required to respond for failing to discover a burglar on his post on the morning of the 14th inst., the complainant being Capt. GEORGE W. WALLING, of the Twentieth Precinct. Mr. JOHN WHITEHEAD, of No. 492 Eighth-avenue, manufacturer of hoop skirts, made affidavit that between midnight and 6 o'clock on the morning of the 14th, burglars entered his factory, and stole $700 worth of wire and tape. The officer, in defence, said that he tried the doors on his post at 3 o'clock, Mr. WHITEHEAD's among the number, and that between 5 and 6 o'clock he passed the place, and, seeing the doors open and the shutters off, he thought that the store had been properly opened for the day by the proprietor. It is manifest that the burglars, too smart for the police, managed their burglary so boldly as to cheat the officer on post, and as the consequence may be a fine of one day against MILLER, they ought to pay it; but who will pay

FIVE DAYS' FINE FOR OFFICER M'ELROY?

Capt. MORRIS DECAMP, of the Second Ward, preferred a charge against Patrolman MATTHEW MCELROY, alleging that at 9 o'clock on the evening of the 11th inst. he left his post without permission, and entered the Beekman-street Police-station at 6 o'clock on the morning of the 12th, so much under the influence of intoxicating liquors as to be unfit for duty. He reported sick, and the usual card was given, but he neglected to give the card to Police-Surgeon ANDREWS until the 15th inst. The officer introduced a note from his physician, certifying that he had been troubled by wind colic, and that brandy and pepper had been ordered. Officer MCELROY also brought six highly-respectable witnesses to swear that his general character was that of an abstemious man. He added that he had been only three months on the force, and having been suddenly taken violently ill, he had ignorantly omitted to report at once to the Police Surgeon.

Mr. ACTON—"Have you graduated at the School of Instruction?"

The officer's reply that he had been instructed in Inspector LEONARD's school was regarded by Commissioners MCMURRAY and BERGEN as damaging his case, inasmuch as it seemed to indicate something more serious than want of intelligence.

THE UNION LEAGUE CLUB.

Reception by the Members of the English Railway Capitalists—Speeches of Sir S. Morton Peto, Chief-Justice Chase and others—A Distinguished Assembly

On Wednesday evening, agreeably to previous announcement, the President and members of the Union League Club, of this city, held a special festival in honor of the English Railway Capitalists, who have been traveling through the country the past month. The proceedings were full of interest, from the fact that they drew together nearly all of our leading citizens of the Empire City, besides many who belong to other sections. At an early hour the rooms of the club-house were filled with the members and friends, among whom were conspicuous Gens. Hooker, Dix and Barlow, Admiral Farragut, Chief-Justice Chase, Hon. Robt. J. Walker, Peter Cooper, Esq., Rev. Dr. Chapin, Rev. Dr. Bellows, Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, Cyrus W. Field and others, fully as well known. Shortly after 9 o'clock the guests of the evening arrived, and were immediately ushered into the main saloon by the House Committee. The rooms leading into this apartment were speedily filled by the gentlemen present. Mr. BUTLER, the President of the Club, welcomed the party of tourists in an appropriate speech, speaking of the interest felt by Americans in the extensive and exhaustive tour just completed by Sir MORTON PETO and his companions. He also spoke of the gratification felt by the club at being able to welcome to their hospitality so many well-known and hearty friends to the cause of the Union.

Sir S. MORTON PETO replied. He said:

SIR MORTON PETO'S REMARKS.

MR. PRESIDENT AND GENTLEMEN: Allow me to thank you, on the part of my companions and myself, for this kind reception. You, Sir, have referred to our progress through your great country, and of its success. It was unexpected by any of us. We did not expect such universal and kind hospitality as we everywhere experienced. We were, none [of us, afraid of you, for we had long been friends to your great country. [Cheers.] Our progress in the United States was royalty itself, and one that royalty could not win in this country. It was one which we would not expect at home. I feel much indebted to our worthy chaperone, Mr. MCHENRY, for his manner of carrying us about. Allow me, again, to thank you for your very kind reception. In my own country, and everywhere, I simply aim at being known as a man of business, for from my earliest boyhood I have been connected with the public works of my native land. I am here, to-night, the exponent of those principles you have alluded to in your address, and I propose saying a few words upon that subject. I may say some things that may jar upon your feelings, but I speak in all fairness to your government, and in justice to my own, I should be unworthy of your kind consideration, if I did otherwise. Allow me to congratulate you upon the successful termination of the war, which has given prominence to so many of your citizens, several of whom I see here before me to-night, and which called into existence this noble club. It was a war of no common order, the counterpart of which Europe has never seen. If you look at the great wars of Europe you will not find its parallel. The numbers engaged, the talent displayed by the Generals who directed those numbers, the vast extent of territory over which the struggle extended, all stamp it as the greatest war of modern times. When the world comes to sit down and calmly examine into its details, they will find it one of the grandest, most colossal, and brilliant of the wars of history. Your attempt at the opening of the contest, and your conduct at its close, give sublimity to the war. I wish to spak freely of the results of the war, from the fact that those who have been subdued, are now treated as brothers, and I wish to speak of the way that treatment has been received. [The speaker here reviewed the conduct of the South in accepting the new order of affairs, and pronounced it wonderful. He said that the ending of the war was the most remarkable; it collapsed, as it were, in a week or two.] While the world looked on with amazement at the fierce determination and bitter struggle, the thing was at an end. And not only was the fighting over, but happy and enduring peace the sudden result. In England they thought that a million of men would be thrown upon the country, and complete anarchy and chaos result. But how different had it proved. I made a visit to the large printing establishment of CHARLES WILSON, in Chicago, and I assure you I never felt so truly the manner in which Americans had gone into the war before. In walking through the office, Mr. WILSON pointed out some thirty or forty compositors who had been four years away to war. One had been a Captain, another a Major, others Lieutenants, sergeants and privates. Yet there they were setting type as quietly as though a war had never been. I saw afterwards farmer's sons, in uniform, peaceably feeding a threshing machine. They went into the struggle to save the Union, and having done it, now go back to the ways of peace and industry without a thought. Europe is astonished at it. But the South coming forward so freely and adopting themselves back again into the Union is one of the strangest aspects of the whole contest. A distinguished Southerner said to me lately, "You may tell your countrymen that I am as good a Union man as any one. I accepted the arbitration of the sword, it has now been definitely settled, and I am satisfied; I now go in for the good and unity of the whole country." [Cheers.] I will tell my people that and many things which they will rejoice to hear. Regarding the attitude of England during the war, the speaker thought that, if the two nations had come more together, and learned more about each other, many old irritations would have been smoothed over. He acknowledged that we had a right to expect better treatment from the English nation, but he claimed that the Government of Great Britain had intended to keep strict neutrality. In support of this view, he cited the conduct of the House of Commons, and appealed to Hon. ROBT. J. WALKER, whom he had seen in the strangers' gallery, if he was not right. He thought any interference on the part of England would have been an impertinence, and he would have been surprised if his government had not taken the neutrality ground, and he believed it had conscientiously adhered to it, and America would yet acknowledge it. Said he, I remember in the House of Commons when a vote of sympathy for the South was introduced, and I remember how it was refused. You always had the talent of the House of Commons with you, and I must tell you that seven-tenths of the English people were heart and soul with the North. [Cheers.] In Yorkshire and Lancashire there were 600,000 cotton operatives starving because of your war, and if you had asked for a Southern meeting, a mob would have driven you away. They held meetings and passed resolutions of sympathy with the North, but never for the South. [Cheers.] The House of Commons were with you, the people were with you; they were all with you. I must tell you that there were no more Southern sympathizers in London, considering the population, than there were in New-York. [Loud cheers and laughter.] I think I need say no more of the attitude of my country. If we had been together more, we would have understood one another a great deal better. Now, in regard to the question of a war between the two countries, I beg to say a few words. What would be the position of my country in a war with America? Both nations command the seas, and how their commerce would suffer, not to mention the other disasters of war. If these two great nations, standing at the very head of civilization, should go to war they throw history back to the middle ages, and you would please the despots of Europe. Surely, no two nations allied like ours will go to war over international law; they will spill nothing but ink. If we have done you any wrong, let it be canvassed and considered calmly, and settled amicably. We will both lose our high positions if we have recourse to proceedings that savages only think of. In speaking of the wealth and progress of the United States, the speaker said: You have everything to make your country great. You have every climate known in the world, and your mineral and natural productions are so great and complete that you can supply yourselves with everything you want—make you social and political condition so firm that it will be apparent to all. Europe wants to be thoroughly assured that we can sit down and do business with you. Show the Old World that you are settle ddown and you will throw open the largest field ever gained for foreign capitalists, and they will not be slow to perceive it. In speaking of the future of America, the speaker was eloquent. He did not know what it would be, but he thought that if Americans were only true to themselves he did not know but that it would exceed "manifest destiny" itself. [Laughter.] He spoke of his visit to the cities of the West and the North and described his surprise at the progress of the country, even during the war. The like has never been seen before. He also spoke at length on the American railway system, and thought that the only thing we needed was a still further extension and ramification of the railroads. He made especial mention of the importance of the railroads during the war, and said that Gen. MCCULLUM had informed him that when the war ended the government had under its care nearly 3,000 miles of railway, 325 locomotives and nearly 6,000 cars, for the transportation of troops and supplies, and he spoke in admiring terms of the energy displayed in the construction of destroyed bridges and roads during the progress of hostilities. Said he, you owed your final success to the railroads, and if Russia had spent the millions wasted in war on railways, she would have been more prosperous. She lost more men going to the Crimea than were killed in battle. Your prosperity is owing to the means of intercommunication. In concluding his remarks, Sir MORTON PETO said we have, both of us, a great mission to perform in the future, and we must advance the civilization of the world. Let us, therefore, have a warm-hearted sympathy with each other, and a confidence in the true and faithful sentiments that animate us both. [Loud and long continued applause.]

OTHER SPEECHES.

The audience desired to hear from Mr. MCHENRY, but that gentleman contented himself with a brief utterance of thanks for his reception. Mr. EVANS, another member of the party, and Chairman of the British Emancipation Society, was next called upon, when he spoke briefly on the successful emancipation of the slaves of the South, and said he felt as though "Othello's occupation was gone," as regarded the society over which he had the honor to preside. In a very few words he alluded to the debt of the war, and presented a few figures to prove that it was nothing when you considered the resources of the country. He thought no safer investment presented itself to the European capitalist than United States Government and railroad stocks. He was enthusiastic in his praises of a country that had proved itself great in war and magnanimous in time of peace.

The President next introduced Chief-Justice CHASE, who rose amidst loud cheering. He was very happy in being able to join the club in welcoming their distinguished visitors. He did not think he ought to speak upon the topics alluded to by former speakers, but he trusted the relations between the old and the new country would always remain amicable. He most heartily wished that the sword would never again be drawn, and he heartily concurred in the hope expressed by the gentlemen that war would not soon disturb the peace of the world. The time would soon come when all the branches of the great Anglo-Saxon race would be united and live at peace. In welcoming the guests of the evening, he said: "I thank them in the name of the great American nation, whose sentiments I believe I truly utter, for their faithful sympathy for us in the dark hours of our national peril. They will take with them, when they return home, the affection of all the people of the New World. In some things they have mistaken us, but they will now know better. I trust they will allow me to tell them that America is united, now more than ever; and after having made her labor free, she will make her labor respected; and I think that, with free labor and unshackled freedom, we may, as Sir MORTON PETO expresses it, exceed 'manifest destiny' itself. [Applause.] Gentlemen, go to your island home, bearing with you our kindest and warmest wishes for your future welfare; and I trust that this visit of yours may lead to the happiest results and the perpetuation of peace." [Applause.]

Hon. ROBERT J. WALKER made a few happy remarks, as did Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER and others. Their sentiments were in perfect accord with the tone of the entire proceedings. At a late hour the party adjourned to supper, thus closing a pleasant and instructive meeting.

THE AMERICAN BIBLE UNION.

Visit of Sir S. Morton Peto—His Speech—The Annual Report—Important Resolutions Adopted.

The American Bible Union continued its sessions yesterday, in the Broome-street Baptist Church. The attendance was not so large as on Wednesday. The day's proceedings were, however, enlivened by the visit of Sir S. MORTON PETO, who made a few remarks. The Moderator, Rev. Dr. ARMITAGE, presided.

The meeting was opened by Rev. Dr. ARMITAGE reading the Scriptures, and prayer by Dr. TAYLOR, of Baltimore. The minutes of the first day's proceedings were read and approved.

The special order of the day came up; it was the circulation of the Bible among the freedmen. On motion it was laid on the table to listen to the annual report. We give extracts from the interesting documents:

The field of the Bible Union, for all time, is the world. At the present moment parts of the field have the doors widely opened; the tracts to be cultivated are immense; the cry for aid is loud, intense, piercing.

THE SPANISH TESTAMENT

is finished, and we can circulate any number of copies for which means may be furnished. To say nothing of Spain itself, and the islands of the sea, there is Mexico undergoing a religious revolution, remarkable as any in history. In the very capital, and in many of the largest districts of the country, the masses of the people are ripe to receive the pure word of God.

ITALIAN TESTAMENT.

We have also a completed Italian version of the New Testament, and Italy is open for its circulation! Except the now scanty domains of the Pope, there is no city or village where the colporteur may not pursue his work unmolested.

HEATHEN COUNTRIES.

China, Siam, Burmah Proper, British Burmah, India and Africa, all are open to our efforts, and all appeal to us for aid. Among the most interesting letters received from missionaries is one from Rev. FRANCIS MASON, D. D. He expresses, as do all the missionaries who write, the warmest approval of our work, and the highest estimation of the character and abilities of our revisers.

HOME WORK.

But why look chiefly abroad for opportunities which are crowding upon us at home? Our own country presents a new and most interesting field for labor. We have the immigrant at our doors. In numbers constantly increasing, they are pouring in upon us, and almost all are willing to receive the gift of a Testament. And many of them will read what they receive, and the seed sown among them often bears fruit.

SCRIPTURES FOR THE FREEDMEN.

The freedmen! What considerations can be brought to bear upon a Christian spirit to stimulate it to benevolence, which are not presented by the condition and circumstances of the freedmen of these United States? Their great numbers attract our attention. Nearly four millions of immortal spirits. Their destitution. Very few of them are supplied with the Scriptures. Their preparation. They are eminently a people prepared of the Lord. All their habits, feelings and prepossessions dispose them to seek truth in its simplest forms. Their memories are not preoccupied, and their judgment and taste are not prejudiced against changes in the common version. Many of them have never owned a Testament, and the great majority of them have never been taught to read the Scriptures or any other book. Now is the time, when they first learn to read, to give them the pure, unadulterated word of truth. They are eager for the revised Scriptures. To give a copy to every one who can read, and to promise a copy to every one who will learn, will afford a stimulus to exertion for self-improvement. They are our own countrymen. The providences of God seem to betoken that through this people Africa is to be regenerated and Christianized. Whatever then is done for the freedmen, is also done prospectively for the heathen nations of that populous quarter of the globe. It is entirely uncertain how long the present opportunity may last. Unforeseen circumstances, in divine Providence, may occur to interfere with our operations among the freedmen. And to each one of us death is near, and our intentions to aid in so good a cause may be suddenly disappointed.

Dr. ARMITAGE announced that Sir S. MORTON PETO had arrived and would address to them a few words of encouragement.

SPEECH OF SIR MORTON PETO.

MY CHRISTIAN BRETHREN: The kind reception we have had everywhere, we appreciate deeply. Your Bible Union and its work is a great undertaking, but it strikes me as being by far the most important work the Church has at this time in this country. It affords an opportunity to heal differences which the past four years have divided the nation. It is not the time or the place to make any political allusion, but I must congratulate you upon having rid the nation from the point of difference from which the two sections started and which will be the means of a future of union and concord. The republic can take a new start with a better prospect before it. [Applause.] I have been many years engaged in the work for which this Union is laboring, in Great Britain, and have the honor of being President of the Baptist Foreign Missionary Society, and thank you in their name for the progress you have made. After speaking of the British missions in Burmah, he said by-and-bye, my brethren, we will all meet again in a glorious country, in a kingdom which will embrace all mankind. Until then, I bid you farewell.

The President, Dr. ARMITAGE, returned his thanks for the kind expressions of regard uttered by their distinguished visitor. He said that the life-long services of Sir MORTON PETO were too well known to need repetition. The visitors then retired, and the business of the session was resumed.

The Committee on Testaments without chapter or verses, reported in favor of the publishing of such an edition. This called for extended discussion.

The President thought it was a question, whether or not it was well to publish such an edition at present, when the funds in the treasury were low, and no special object would be gained. He suggested that the whole matter be referred back to the Union.

Hon. WM. D. MURPHY spoke of the Union having published very many editions of the Scriptures—more than any other—and he moved that the whole subject be referred to the Union, and his motion was adopted.

The Committee on Sunday-Schools reported favorably on the adoption of the revised Testament in the Sunday-School. The report was accepted.

The Committee on the Karen Scriptures reported in favor of the same, and recommended that Dr. MASON be authorized to print the Scriptures in the different Karen dialects.

IMPORTANT RESOLUTIONS.

Rev. Dr. EATON presented the following important series of resolutions, which were unanimously adopted.

Whereas, At the anniversary of the American Bible Union, in the year 1862, a committee was appointed to communicate with the Board of the American and Foreign Bible Society in reference to the practicability of an union of the two bodies; and,

Whereas, It was found that there were some circumstances existing at that time which suggested the propriety of postponing the consideration of the measure; and,

Whereas, There are, in the view of many brethren, indications at present of a strong disposition to consider the measure favorably; therefore,

Resolved, That this Union are increasingly desirous that such a union as is proposed between the two bodies should be carried into effect on principles fair and honorable to both, and in a spirit of mutual fraternal affection and confidence.

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to prosecute negotiation with the Board of the American and Foreign Bible Society, looking to some amicable arrangement whereby the two bodies may be united in one.

The following is the committee appointed by the chair: Dr. HUGE, Dr. WESTON, Dr. SEARLES, Dr. E. PARMLEE, SAMUEL COLGATE, Esq., and JOHN J. GOODWIN, Esq.

The remainder of the morning session was occupied with speeches by W. D. MURPHY, Esq., Dr. HENDERSON, of Kentucky; Dr. MALCOLM and Brother DUNCAN, on the general subject of the proposed alliance; after which the Union adjourned to the vestry for lunch, which was kindly provided by the ladies of the church.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Union reassembled at 2:30 P. M. After prayer, the following reports were read and adopted:

Brother BREWER, of New-York, read a paper on the "General Prosperity of the Union." The report was favorable, and it notices particularly the issue of an octavo Testament, which will be ready next month. The Italian and Spanish Scriptures were also reported as ready for delivery, and the Testament had been largely circulated among the soldiers and the freedmen. The report spoke of the cheering progress of a loving and Christian union between members of the body, North and South, and concluded by praying to the Almighty for a continuance of His grace and blessing.

Brother DIXON (colored) reported from the Committee on Wills and Legacies. The report stated the interesting fact that the late AARON PILLSBURY, of Ohio, had bequeathed $2,000 to the funds of the Union, which would be available in 1867. His example was held up for imitation.

Rev. Dr. CONANT, translator and editor of the new edition of the Testament, spoken of so favorably in the report, made a short address. His remarks were very interesting, as they related exclusively to the efforts of the committee in compiling the new Testament. He claimed the new version to be far superior and analytical than the old version of King JAMES. He read certain passages from the old edition, and explained why the reading had been changed, and showed the difference, proving the propriety of the change. He said that several friends of the committee had wished them to drop the antiquated forms of expressions, "thou," "ye," and "thee," and merge the thee into the more familiar "you," but Dr. CONANT had found it difficult and almost impossible to translate passages without the use of these old and hallowed words, for many of the passages, both in the Old and New Testaments cannot be properly expressed in English without the aid of these distinctions. Common usage now merges them all, the nominative and objective "thou" and "thee," in the singular; and "ye" and "you" the nominative and objective, in the plural, in the single form of "you;" thus blotting out of the language the means necessary to the translator for exhibiting the distinctions readily, expressed in the ancient languages, and in the lowest form of our own.

The Doctor's remarks were listened to with marked attention.

Dr. HENDERSON, of Ky., offered the following resolution:

Whereas, In Dr. CONANT's notes on Matthew 3: 11, the question as to the meaning of the Greek word, "Baptizein," is answered in such a manner as must satisfy every thoughtful reader, and carry conviction to every one who loves truth, giving quotations from ancient writers of every use of the word; and

Resolved, This great work ought to be put into the hands of every minister, of whatever denomination in the land, and that this may be done, we recommend that the friends of the Bible Union in every church, village, town, city or county, be requested to procure a copy for each minister, and present it to all such, in their several localities; and that the Union prepare a presentation form or page, to be placed in the book, that the names of the donor and recipient may be written in each, with the date of the gift.

Dr. EATON wanted every one to understand that the Testament was the Union's great work as well as that of the learned Doctor, whose erudition had compiled it. He made some extended remarks upon the importance of the work, as did Dr. HENDERSON, who wanted $5,000 raised for the work looked for in the resolution, and headed the list with $100, as he considered it important to convert the priests, so that the entire Church could be brought into direct and unbroken communion.

Dr. SEARLES, from the committee on obituaries, gave a brief outline of the lives of several leading brethren and sisters in the Baptist Church. In this report especial mention was made of the wife and mother-in-law of Dr. CONANT, who sustained him in the early years of the Church with their sympathies. In anticipation of the adoption of the report the assemblage sang a hymn in memory of the departed, and Dr. EATON led the house in prayer.

Rev. Dr. H. F. SMITH, of New-Jersey, and Dr. CALDICOTT, of Toronto, Canada, addressed the Union at great length. Both speakers touched upon the cardinal principles of the Church, and explaining the new editions.

EVENING SERVICES.

The evening was devoted to the delivery of lengthy and eloquent addresses by Dr. EATON, of New-York, and Dr. HENDERSON, of Kentucky.

The address of Dr. EATON covered the entire ground of the Baptist Church, and was especially devoted to a complete defence of the new translation of the New Testament, on the grounds of its superior scholarship and the great opportunities enjoyed by the committee.

Dr. HENDERSON's address was chiefly occupied in urging the importance of the Bible Union work, in reference to the great design of Christian union, in which he claimed the true union of the Church was found in the word of God.

The Reconciliation of the North and South.

LECTURE BY MR. DAWSON.

Last evening Mr. DAWSON, of Georgia, delivered a lecture on "Reconciliation," at the Cooper Institute, before a very small audience. Mr. DAWSON commenced by saying that great revolutions were undoubtedly designed by Providence to teach a lesson to the human race—a lesson which it became the duty of every citizen to study. The late war had its origin in a defect which was common to all our State governments. That State was governed best that had the fewest offices in the gift of the people. He considered the cause of the war to be the filling of offices by the people. When you gave the power to the people of filling offices you sent among them a swarm of demagogues. Every man that was a candidate for an office, no matter how small, went about in the South discussing the right of secession, slavery, and other important questions, rousing the passions of the people and precipitating them into a rebellion. In the North, no doubt, the demagogues played a similar game. Mr. WENDELL PHILLIPS wanted the negro to have a vote because he thought that in that event the negro would vote as he wanted him, but he would find that the negro would not do so, but would vote as his associates told him. If the negro had a vote it would be the means of making more demagogues than before, and of a lower class. Intelligence alone should be the basis of suffrage. There were too many voters already. When the Southern States seceded, he said, the secession conventions were of course elected by the people, and it might surprise his audience to hear it at to many of these conventions a majority of Union delegates were elected. Both Alabama and Louisiana sent Union majorities. How it was that the secession ordinances were passed he could not precisely say, as he was not in their secrets. This he knew, however, that when each State went out of the Union every man there became a Secessionist; and said Mr. DAWSON, if any Southern man says that all through the rebellion he had been a Union man, he tells you a lie; or if not, then, as he accepted the protection of the Southern Government, you have a right to suspect his present professions of loyalty. Speaking of the rebel armies, he said that for the first two years they were stronger than ever afterward. The cause was this: The rebellion was got up by a class of men who were Secessionists *per se*. Soon after the war broke out, a financial crisis occurred, brought on by these Secessionists—gold became scarce, provisions high, want was felt everywhere. The soldiers, who knew that their families were suffering, became demoralized and deserted by hundreds. Later, they deserted wholesale, and this explained how it was that LEE, who had an army of 60,000 men just before the last battle, had only 8,000 when he surrendered. Of the means of reconciliation, he said that the best was not to talk about what had occurred. Let the past be buried in oblivion. Those who had fought together respected each other, and therefore the least the noncombatants could do would be to hold their tongues. He begged them to remember all the Southern people had gone through. Millionaires had been reduced to beggary; those who rode in carriages, were now glad to get an ox-team to carry them from place to place. They had indeed suffered much. In conclusion, he said that if there was to be no forgiveness for the South, then it was but a mockery to repeat the Lord's Prayer in our churches and at our bedsides.

Mr. DAWSON was listened to with attention, and was frequently applauded.

The American Christian Commission.

APPOINTMENT OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

The commission held their adjourned meeting yesterday morning, to settle upon the location of the central office and the appointment of an executive committee. Owing to members having to leave by the early trains, the session was very short. It was decided, after considerable debate, to make the location that of New-York, and steps ordered to be taken with that determination.

Rev. W. E. BOARDMAN was elected Recording Secretary of the Commission, and requested to act as temporary Corresponding Secretary. The following gentlemen were then elected as the Executive Committee: Rev. J. T. Duryea, Chairman; Rev. H. G. Freeson, J. H. Stuart, Esq., Josh. Stacey, Esq., Jay Cooke, Esq., Rev. Dr. Fowler, Wm. Reynolds, Esq., Rev. Bishop Janes, Rev. S. H. Tyng, Jr., Rev. Dr. Kirk, Rev. R. J. Parvin, Rev. Morris Suthen, J. Chamberlain, Esq., J. W. McIntyre, Esq.

After organization, the resolutions passed by the Executive Committee consisted of the appointment of a committee to procure a suitable office, and the appointment of a chairman, secretary, and treasurer; after which the Executive Committee adjourned to meet on Monday next, at 7½ P. M., at the Bible House in this city, to perfect their plans and organization and adopt steps to push the work.

Petition for the Removal of the Down-town Railroad Tracks.

A meeting of the Committee of the Board of Councilmen on Railroads was held, yesterday morning, in the Chamber of the Board of Councilmen, Mr. MCGRATH in the chair, to take action on a petition of residents of Washington and Greenwich streets in relation to the removal of the railroad tracks in those streets south of Chambers-street.

Mr. SEVIL, a down-town merchant, said the kind of rails laid down showed that the companies regarded their own interests, and entirely disregarded those of the community. The grooves of the rails were two inches in depth. In other cities such rails were used that vehicles could turn out from them with ease. He was opposed to mob law, but there was a state of feeling existing in this community, which might result, sooner or later, in an outbreak. The Eighth-avenue Railroad Company had laid a track down Washington-street which was never used, or at least only used about once in three months, so as not to forfeit their charter. It was a nuisance, and should be removed.

Councilman LEVY said, in his opinion, the Common Council had no power to interfere with the railroads in question, the roads having a charter from the Legislature. At the present time only two companies were under the power of the Common Council. The only remedy was an appeal to the Legislature for a repeal of the acts. The Common Council were ready to do anything that citizens would show them they had the power to do. Perhaps it would be well to appoint a joint committee of citizens and members of the Common Council, to appeal to the railroad companies themselves on the subject.

Mr. SEVIL said he understood Mr. GEO. LAW was willing to remove the track, provided the city would repave the street at its own expense.

Councilman LEVY said he thought if the track was removed there would be no difficulty about repaving the street.

After some further suggestions, Mr. LEVY said he thought it would be best to hold another meeting of the committee, and in the meantime they would consult the Corporation Counsel on the power of the Common Council in relation to the matter.

The committee then adjourned to Tuesday next, at 3 P. M.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

The Great Match Trot at the Union Course Yesterday—The Stallion George Wilkes the Winner in Three Straight Heats—Excitement Among the Trotting Men—The Great Wagon Race next Thursday.

The great match stallion trot between those rival stallion champions of the trotting turf *George Wilkes*, whilom known as *Fillingham*, and the new aspirant for trotting honors, *Commodore Vanderbilt*, came off at the Union Course, Long Island, yesterday. The merits of the two contestants have long been patent to the public. The fame of the stallion *Wilkes*, was an established fact prior to the current trotting year, during which he seemed to have lost his old trotting form, and like *Butler* and some others of our trotting notables to have gone into equine decadence. A change of trainers and drivers appears however to have exercised a most beneficial effect—as the result of yesterday's race fully proves.

It seems apparent that the stallion *Wilkes* has been hitherto badly handled, for until to-day he has not throughout the trotting year exhibited any of those old-time proclivities which rendered him famous as a trotter. In *Commodore Vanderbilt* he had a tough customer to deal with. This stallion has done an immense amount of work during last Summer and this Fall, and has proved himself to be a thorough good horse. The time he has made has been remarkable; his lasting qualities have been fully exemplified, in public and in private, and we much question if a clearer record can be produced than that which he has evidenced throughout.

As a natural sequence, much interest was manifested in the contest of Thursday, although at this late season of the trotting year, the attendance was not as large as it would have been a month or two earlier. The managers of the Union Course, with their patent and proverbial economy, hid their light under a bushel, and did not inform the public of the coming off of so great an event as fully as they might have done, or as an ordinarily sensible business people under any other circumstances would have done. A cent wise and dollar foolish principle seems to regulate all the transactions of this track, and some fine morning we apprehend the management will discover the error of its ways, and repent at leisure.

The Jamaica Railroad Company kept their usual good faith with the public, viz.: being considerably behind time in starting from the Fulton Ferry, and had not the commencement of the trot, announced for 2 P. M., been delayed until close on 3, the patrons of the rail would have been deprived of the pleasure of witnessing the first heat.

The new horse-railroad from East New-York is a one-horse affair, and a baulky one at that, as the unfortunate passengers by this means of conveyance discovered to their cost, having ever and anon to get out and shoulder the car on the haunches of the animal, who was inducted by the company as a specimen of equine go-a-headativeness, but who exhibited a decided objection to the display. However, by road and rail, the track was at last reached, thanks to patient endurance and an earnest desire to be present at this unquestionably great trotting carnival.

On Wednesday evening, at the trotting New-York headquarters—Lafayette Hall—*Vanderbilt* and *Wilkes* were about evenly matched in the betting market, the former at one time having a decided call. Yesterday morning, however, a change came over the dreams of the trotting men. The betting being 100 to 80 on *Wilkes*, which odds were reduced to 100 to 40, just prior to the start, the price at one time ranging lower, but rallied up again.

FIRST HEAT.—Betting $100 to $40 on *Wilkes*. At the second attempt a good start was effected; *Wilkes* having the inside place; at the turn he led half a length, but in rounding it he broke; his driver, in getting him down again, ran into *Vanderbilt's* sulky, which caused him to break up badly, giving *Wilkes* a strong and decided lead of five or six lengths, which he increased to ten at the quarter pole, maintaining it down the back, past the half-mile, three-quarters, and rounding the home-stretch turn. *Vanderbilt* endeavored to make up his lee way on the home-stretch, but the gap was far too great to be closed, and *Wilkes* came home the easiest of winners by eight lengths, in 2:30½.

SECOND HEAT.—Betting 2 to 1 on *Wilkes*. A fine start was effected at the third attempt; the two were lapped to the turn, where *Wilkes* took a slight lead, and in passing it showed half a length ahead, which he increased to a length at the quarter pole. They remained in this position to the home-stretch turn, where DAN MACE put on the steam with *Vanderbilt*, and made a gallant struggle to overhaul his opponent, applying the whipcord freely, which *Vanderbilt* took without an attempt at a break; a most brilliant finish ensued, but *Wilkes*, with the race in hand, and trotting fairly and squarely throughout, won the heat without being pushed, by nearly half a length, in 2:26.

THIRD HEAT—Betting $100 to $40 on *Wilkes*. An even and splendid start was effected, the pair being lapped to the turn, when *Wilkes*, with the advantage of the inside position, took a lead of half a length, which he increased to a length at the quarter, and a length and a half down the back stretch, where *Vanderbilt* went off his feet. There was no material alterations throughout the balance of the heat, *Wilkes* retaining his lead and winning gallantly by a length, in 2:27¾.

SUMMARY.

UNION COURSE, L. I., THURSDAY, OCT. 26.—Match $2,000, mile heats, best three in five, in harness.

John Crooks named br. s. George Wilkes......1 1 1
Dan Mace named b. s. Commodore Vanderbilt.2 2 2

TIME:

	Quarter.	Half.	Mile.
First heat.........	00:37	1:00	2:30¾
Second heat.........	00:37	1:13	2:26
Third heat.........	00:36¾	1:13	2:27¾

In the second heat *Vanderbilt's* actual time was 2:26¾. His owner, with considerable show of justice, complained of the condition of the course, which was apparently more fit for running than trotting. He (the owner of *Vanderbilt*) publicly complained on the track that, having betted $250 to $1,000 that his horse would make 2:24, it had been so harrowed that the making of fast time was out of the question. Such mooted questions we leave to the decision of the belligerent parties engaged; but certain it is, that we have never seen the Union Course as soft and loose as it was on the present occasion.

After the last heat the owner of *Vanderbilt* offered to take the current odds of two to one, in thousands, that he would beat *Wilkes* in their wagon race, on Thursday of next week, over the same course.

The Great Trot To-Day at the Fashion Course.

The great two-mile trotting match between the Hambletonian gelding *Dexter* and the famous *General Butler*, two mile heats, to wagons, will come off this afternoon at the Fashion Course. It will be borne in mind that *Butler* stands at the head of the record as the fastest two-mile horse in the world, and it is to be seen whether *Dexter* can clip him of his laurels.

Scull Race for a Champion Belt.

A race in single scullboats for the champion belt of the Atalanta Boat Club, will be rowed at 2 o'clock to-morrow afternoon, on the usual three-mile course, from off Elysian Fields, Hoboken, to be followed by a contest in four-oared shellboats, between selected crews from the married and single members of the club. Should the weather prove favorable, a lively contest is anticipated.

SPURIOUS TREASURY NOTES.—A spurious fifty-dollar treasury note, which appears to have been printed from a genuine plate, is in circulation. The deception is nearly complete.

[Advertisement.]

THE EIGHTH WONDER

of the fashionable world is Sozodont. Ladies as they see their unsullied teeth and rosy gums reflected in their toilet-mirrors, and gentlemen as their white incisors flash through their dark moustaches, wonder how the benighted folk of twenty years ago got along without the teeth-beautifying, breath-perfuming Sozodont.

[Advertisement.]

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Last five days of the low prices at GOLDSMITH'S INSTITUTE, No. 758 Broadway. All who enter their names prior to Nov. 1, for term beginning on that day, will be received at a reduction of nearly one-half from regular rates. Particulars in circulars. Penmanship, book-keeping and business affairs.

[Advertisement.]

SHOES.—The jobbing price of stock for shoes has gone up about twelve per cent, and purchasers will be keen who have noticed that but few had a large stock on hand at old prices. The great family shoe store of Mr. NEELY, No. 348 Bowery, was one of the fortunate, and families will by purchasing there save this per cent, beside getting the best.—*Methodist.*

N. B.—Gentlemen's double sole sewed Boots only $6. Also, imported German Felt Slippers for Ladies and Gentlemen.

[Advertisement.]

LADIES' BALMORALS.—The most sensible boots for cold weather, as the ladies admit, are CANTRELL's Balmorals. Those not familiar with their excellence, should call at CANTRELL's establishment, No. 813 Broadway, between 11th and 12th sts. CANTRELL's prices are moderate, and his stock of all kinds of boots and shoes very attractive.

[Advertisement.]

OLD EYES MADE NEW.

Without spectacles, doctor or medicine. Pamphlet mailed free on receipt of ten cents. Address E. B. FOOTE, M. D., No. 1,130 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and HERRING's new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD's Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 6 24 | Sun sets..... 5 04 | Moon sets...12 00

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook..12 28 | Gov. Island. 1 17 | Hell Gate... 2 39

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....THURSDAY, Oct. 26.

Cleared.

Steamships Moro Castle, Adams, Havana, Spofford, Tileston & Co.; E. B. Souder, Lockwood, Charleston, Livingston, Fox & Co.; Hunter, Rogers, Savannah, L. L. Jones; Fairbanks, Powell, Wilmington, C. H. Pierson.

Steamers Ann Eliza, Richards, Philadelphia, J. Hand; Novelty, Shaw, Philadelphia.

Ships Lorley, (Hamb.,) Schenck, Buenos Ayres, Ruger Bros.; Success, Chase, New-Orleans, Walsh & Carver; New World, Ottiwell, Liverpool, C. Grinnell; Minnehaha, (Br.,) McGrath, Londonderry, G. & J. Knox.

Barks Mayflower, Lovejoy, Barbados, H. Trowbridge's Son; J. U. Brookman, McCrilles, New-Orleans, H. D. & J. U. Brookman; Jupiter, (Brem.,) Kulkeng, Cadiz, for orders, H. Koop & Co.; Volunteer, Tufts, Massalia and Palermo, Tupper & Beattie; Free Trade, (Br.,) Foster, St. Mark's, E. D. Hurlbut & Co.; Rapid, (Br.,) Marschalk, Vera Cruz, Hargous & Co.

Brigs Minerva, (Hol.,) Ommeren, Rotterdam, Funch, Meineke & Wendt; Olive Francis, Small, Savannah, Merchant & Carman; Thos. Owens, Pettingall, Nuevitas, Thompson & Hunter; H. Greive, (Br.,) Bartlett, St. Johns, N. F., Bruce & McAuliff; Elba, (Br.,) Davison, St. John, N. B., D. R. De Wolf & Co.; H. Colthurst, (Fr.,) Emery, Davison, Manzanilla, Davison & Co.

Schooners Graham, (Br.,) Siteman, Halifax, H. J. & C. A. De Wolf; Convoy, Merrill, Boston, W. S. Brown & Co.; Alice Hardy, Pearsall, Washington, N. C., R. R. Parker; Advance, (Br.,) Dickson, Halifax, Brett, Son & Co.; Princess, Lovell, Boston, S. W. Lewis & Co.

Arrived.

Steamship Hansa, (Brem.,) Von Santen, Bremen Oct. 8, and Southampton 11th, with mdse. and 864 passengers to Oelrichs & Co. Oct. 11, 7 P. M., off the Needles, saw steamship. 14th, lat. 50, lon. 18 25, saw a Hamb. steamship, bound E. 19th, lat. 60 16, lon. 42 06, fell in with Br. ship Urgent, from Sunderland for Quebec, in a sinking condition, and took off the crew, consisting of 21 men, and brought them to this port. 22d, lat. 44, lon. 54 15, passed a full-rigged steamer of the Inman line, bound E. 24th, passed Br. ship Ramsey, bound W.; same date, 11 A. M., lat. 42 05, lon. 61 30, saw a bark-rigged steamer, with red funnel and black top. The H. had strong westerly gales and rough sea the entire passage.

Steamship Zodiac, Bulkley, Savannah 72 hours, with mdse. and passengers to Murray & Nephew. Oct. 21, passed ship Virginia, of Bath, bound in. 23d, 7 A. M., 30 miles S. W. of Hatteras, passed steamships Leo and Quaker City; same day, 8 A. M., saw steamships Victor and Raleigh, bound S.; same day, 11 A. M., off Hatteras, saw steamship Chase, bound S.; 2 P. M., 25 miles N. of Hatteras, saw side-wheel steamer showing a white signal with star in the centre, bound S. Has had heavy head winds during the entire passage.

Steamship New-York, Tinklepaugh, Aspinwall Oct. 17, with mdse. and passengers to D. B. Allen. Touched at Norfolk for coal.

Steamship City of New-York, (Br.,) Leitch, Liverpool Oct. 11, and Queenstown 12th, with mdse. and passengers to John G. Dale.

Steamship Creole, King, Richmond and Norfolk 24 hours, with mdse. and passengers to G. Heineken & Palmore.

French gunboat Destaing, De Bonsonge, Sydney 9 ds.

Ship Regent, (of Boston,) Hamblin, Calcutta, with mdse. to master. Passed the Cape Aug. 25; crossed the line Sept. 18; since then had strong N. and N. W. winds; split sails.

Bark Eva, (of Dundee,) Kidd, Shanghai May 26, via Halifax Oct. 17, with teas to W. B. Hunter & Co. Passed the Cape July 29, St. Helena Aug. 25.

Bark Lord Baltimore, (Br.,) Losbergh, Rio Janeiro 49 ds., with coffee and passengers to Pendergast Bros. & Co. Oct. 19, lat. 36 08, lon. 72 14, saw many pieces of wreck and bales of cotton and part of a vessel's deck.

Brig Almon Rowell, (of Portland,) Boyd, East Harbor, T. I., 16 ds., with salt to Miller & Houghton.

Brig Water Mate, Jones, of and from Halifax 12 ds., with fish, &c., to D. Starr & Son. Oct. 24, lat. 39 20, lon. 68 44, fell in with brig Mary A. Vernon, of St. John, N. B., abandoned—before reported.

Brig G. W. Chase, ——, Baltimore, for Boston.

Schr. Jenny Lind, Cole, Lepreux, N. B., 16 ds., with piles to Holyoke & Murray.

Schr. Lamartine, Hill, Saco 4 ds., with boards to C. N. Mercey.

Schr. Ann Leonard, (Br.,) Perry, St. Andrew's 12 ds., with fish to Jed Frye & Co.

Schr. Cyrus Fossett, Hodgdon, Booth Bay, Me., with fish to Crowell & Son.

Schr. Snow Squall, Pasins, Calais 7 ds., with palings to G. Boardman.

Schr. John Manlove, Stave, Elizabethport, for Newport.

Schr. Lucy Robinson, Davis, Somerset, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Decatur Oakes, Tuttill, New-Haven.
Schr. Rescue, Kelly, Elizabethport, for Providence.
Schr. Dirigo, Dalbow, Philadelphia, for Boston.
Schr. Ann S. Salter, Baker, Albany, for Providence.
Schr. E. J. Raynor, Raynor, Brookhaven.
Schr. F. Merwin, Mathews, New-Haven, for Baltimore.
Schr. Eliza S. Buell, Bridgeport, for Elizabethport.
Schr. Martha Jane, Mott, Brookhaven.
Schr. H. B. Metcalf, Rogers, Newburgh, for Warren.
Schr. D. N. Richards, ——, Elizabethport, for Boston.
Schr. John, Falkingham, Elizabethport, for Boston.
Schr. Yankee Boy, Brewer, Elizabethport, for Hartford.
Schr. Sam Colt, Hillard, Elizabethport, for Pawtucket.
Schr. J. L. White, Davis, Elizabethport, for Providence.
Schr. Edward Wootten, Young, Providence.
Schr. Roanoke, Trefeathering, Taunton.
Schr. Brazos, Kelsey, Elizabethport, for Hartford.
Schr. Edwin, Allen, Elizabethport, for Fairhaven.
Schr. Henry Crosby, Kelly, Elizabethport, for Boston.
Schr. E. Haight, Baker, Elizabethport, for Boston.
Schr. Clara Ellen, ——, Elizabethport, for Boston.
Schr. Mary A. Rowland, New-Bedford.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Oct. 26—Arr. steamers Glaucus, from New-York; Mary Sanford, do.; bark Courser, from Liverpool.

Spoken, &c.

Model—brig, bound E., Oct. 22, lat. 37 34, lon. 71 55.

By pilot-boat Ezra Nye, Oct. 25, off Shinnecock, ship Great Western and brig Clara P. Gibbs, bound for Newport.

Foreign Ports.

ASPINWALL—Arr. Oct. 8, brig Ortolan, Waterhouse, Philadelphia; 10th, steamer New-York, Tinklepaugh, New-York; 16th, bark Idaho, Chapman, do.; ship Lisbon, Curtis, Philadelphia. Cld. Oct. 4, brig Martha A. Berry, Blatchford, Swan Island; 7th, bark American Eagle, New-York; 17th, steamer New-York, Tinklepaugh, New-York.

At Rio Janeiro, Sept. 15, ship Annapolis, for San Francisco in a few ds.; tugboat Lookout, do. do.; bark Amelia Gerring, for Baltimore in a few ds.; Edith Rose, for New-York, do.; Wavelet, (Br.,) dischg.

At East Harbor, T. I., Oct. 10, brig Sea Foam, for Baltimore next day.

At Para Oct. 5, brig Palmer, for New-York.

[PER AFRICA.]

Arr. from New-York, Oct. 8, Henry, at Valencia; 10th, King Bird, Union and J. Williams, at Marseilles; 12th, Hudson, at Deal; Catharine, at Flushing.

Arr. from Boston, Oct. 13, C. A. Selda, at Liverpool.

Arr. from Philadelphia, Oct. 10, Dellingham and Grotto, at Marseilles.

Arr. from New-Orleans, Oct. 11, Penelope, at Havre.

Arr. from Charleston, Oct. 13, Exchange, at Liverpool.

Arr. from Buenos Ayres, Oct. 13, Limerick Lass, at Queenstown.

Arr. from Callao, Oct. 12, Fanny Buck and Pocahontas, at Cowes; Exodus, at Flushing.

Sld. for New-York, Oct. 10, Harry Bluff, from Beachy Head; 11th, Jeremiah Thompson and Resolute, from Liverpool.

Sld. for New-Orleans, Oct. 13, Gambia, from Liverpool.

[LATEST.]

QUEENSTOWN, Oct. 14.

Arr. from New-York, Albert the Good, at Bristol; Agra, in the Texel; Anna, at Helvoet; P. C. Sage, at Tarragona; Anna Comer, at Marseilles; Sea Gem, Banshee and Elizabeth, at Queenstown.

Arr. from New-Orleans, Mary Ann, at Havre.

Arr. from Philadelphia, Witch, at Marseilles.

MEM.—The Cupido, from Newcastle for New-York, put in at Lisbon, leaky, and will discharge.

CATARRH!

—AND—

NOISES IN THE HEAD

CURED BY INHALING

A HARMLESS FLUID

OF AGREEABLE ODOR.

No Violent Syringing

OF THE HEAD.

The Sense of Taste and Smell

RESTORED.

DR. R. GOODALE'S

CATARRH REMEDY

AND

DETERGENT FLUID

COMBINED,

Has cured more cases of Catarrh than all the other remedies put together, as thousands can testify, who have tried every other known means of cure in vain, and have been permanently cured by using

DR. R. GOODALE'S CATARRH REMEDIES.

It will certainly cure, if you follow the directions upon the bottles, which are very simple and plain.

SOME OF THE FIRST PHYSICIANS ARE RECOMMENDING IT.

Do not allow the druggist to palm off any other preparation upon you. If they do not keep it, send money to the Agent, and it will be forwarded at once.

Price, $1 per bottle, each. Send stamp for Pamphlet.

CAUTION.—Purchasers of DR. R. GOODALE'S CATARRH REMEDY, will please notice that the genuine article bears the signature of "R. GOODALE, M. D.," upon the wrapper, and no other signature; and that C. R. PARKER, No. 75 Bleecker-st., New-York, is his sole agent for the sale of same.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.

KENTUCKY—EXTRA CLASS No. 609, Oct. 26, 1865.

25, 20, 18, 64, 27, 3, 45, 57, 29, 65, 16, 38.

KENTUCKY—CLASS No. 610, Oct. 26, 1865.

75, 33, 77, 74, 25, 6, 21, 56, 49, 73, 36, 54, 22, 2, 51.

SHELBY—EXTRA CLASS No. 509, Oct. 26, 1865.

57, 1, 53, 42, 69, 13, 70, 44, 16, 5, 61, 56.

SHELBY—CLASS No. 510, Oct. 26, 1865.

8, 74, 3, 60, 36, 22, 20, 68, 54, 4, 51, 47, 40, 12, 41.

Circulars sent free by addressing

JOSEPH BATES, No. 11 Wall-st., New-York.

Circulars in the above Lotteries sent free, by addressing SIMMONS, ROGERS & CO., No. 11 Wall-st.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.—PRIZES paid in gold; information furnished. Highest rates paid for doubloons and all kinds of gold and silver.

TAYLOR & CO., Bankers,
No. 16 Wall-st. New-York.